AMENDMENT TO
RULES COMMITTEE PRINT 116-63
OFFERED BY MS. OMAR OF MINNESOTA

Add at the end of title XII the following:


SEC. 12701. GRANT PROGRAM.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall establish and carry out a program to award grants, on a competitive basis, to eligible entities for projects that are consistent with zero-waste practices.

(b) GRANT USE.—

(1) ORGANICS RECYCLING INFRASTRUCTURE.—An eligible entity receiving a grant under this subtitle may use grant funds to carry out a project relating to organics recycling infrastructure, including facilities, machinery, equipment, and other physical necessities required for organics collection or processing on a city-wide or county-wide scale, provided that—

(A) implementation of such project—
(i) results in increased capacity for residential and commercial source separated organics streams; and

(ii) generates a usable product that has demonstrable environmental benefits when compared to the input materials, such as compost with added nutritional content; and

(B) such project does not include mixed-waste composting.

(2) ELECTRONIC WASTE REUSE AND RECYCLING.—An eligible entity receiving a grant under this subtitle may use grant funds to carry out a project relating to electronic waste reuse or recycling, including infrastructure and technology, research and development, and product refurbishment, provided that such project—

(A) does not include an electronic waste “buy-back” program that provides compensation for used electronics where such compensation is applied as a credit toward the purchase of additional electronics; and

(B) is carried out by an organization certified in sustainable electronic waste standards by an organization accredited by the National
Accreditation Board of the American National Standards Institute & The American Society of Quality, or another accrediting body as determined appropriate by the Administrator.

(3) SOURCE REDUCTION.—An eligible entity receiving a grant under this subtitle may use grant funds to carry out a project relating to source reduction, and such project may include—

(A) educational programming and outreach activities to encourage behavioral changes in consumers that result in source reduction; and

(B) product or manufacturing redesign or redevelopment to reduce byproducts, packaging, and other outputs if—

(i) the applicable manufacturer—

(I) is domestically-owned and operated; and

(II) pays a living wage; and

(ii) the redevelopment or redesign does not result in higher toxicity of the product or byproducts, more complicated recyclability of the product or byproducts, or increased volume of byproducts compared with the original practice.
(4) MARKET DEVELOPMENT.—An eligible entity receiving a grant under this subtitle may use grant funds to carry out a project relating to market development with respect to source reduction and waste prevention, including by creating demand for sorted recyclable commodities and refurbished goods and promoting domestically-owned and operated manufacturing for projects relating to source reduction or waste prevention, provided that such project—

(A) targets easily or commonly recycled materials which are disproportionately disposed of in landfills or incinerated;

(B) addresses the reduction of the volume, weight, or toxicity of waste and waste byproducts; and

(C) does not conflict with—

(i) minimum-content laws, such as post-consumer recycled content requirements;

(ii) beverage container deposits;

(iii) programs funded through retail fees for specific products or classes of products that use such fees to collect, treat, or recycle such products; or
(iv) any applicable recycled product procurement laws and expanded sustainable government purchasing requirements, as identified by the Administrator.

SEC. 12702. GRANT AWARDS.

(a) APPLICATION.—

(1) CRITERIA FOR ALL APPLICANTS.—To be eligible to receive a grant under this subtitle, an eligible entity shall submit to the Administrator an application at such time and in such form as the Administrator requires, demonstrating that the eligible entity—

(A) has set specific source reduction or waste prevention targets;

(B) will carry out such project in communities that are in the 80th percentile or higher for one or more pollutants as noted in the EJSCREEN tool, or any successor system, of the Environmental Protection Agency; and

(C) will carry out a project that meets the applicable project requirements under section 12701(b).

(2) ADDITIONAL APPLICATION CRITERIA FOR NONPROFIT ORGANIZATION.—In the case of an application from an eligible entity that is a nonprofit
organization, the application shall include a letter of support for the proposed project—

(A) from—

(i) a local unit of government; or—

(ii) a nonprofit organization that—

(I) has a demonstrated history of undertaking work in the geographic region where the proposed project is to take place; and

(II) is not involved in the project being proposed; and

(B) containing such information as the Administrator may require.

(b) PRIORITY FACTORS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—In awarding grants under this subtitle, the Administrator shall give priority to eligible entities that—

(A) have statutorily committed to implementing zero-waste practices;

(B) demonstrate how the project to be carried out with grant funds could lead to the creation of new jobs that pay a living wage, with preference for projects that create jobs for individuals with barriers to employment, as determined by the Administrator;
(C) will use grant funds for source reduction or waste prevention in schools;

(D) will use grant funds to employ adaptive management practices to identify, prevent, or address any negative environmental consequences of the proposed project;

(E) have a demonstrated need for additional investment in infrastructure and projects to achieve source reduction and waste prevention targets set by the local unit of government that is responsible for waste and recycling projects in the geographic area;

(F) will use grant funds to develop innovative or new technologies and strategies for source reduction and waste prevention;

(G) demonstrate how receiving the grant will encourage further investment in source reduction and waste prevention projects; or

(H) will incorporate multi-stakeholder involvement, including nonprofit, commercial, and public sector partners, in carrying out a project using grant funds.

(2) ZERO-WASTE HIERARCHY.—In determining priority between multiple eligible entities who qualify for priority under paragraph (1), the Administrator
shall grant first priority to an eligible entity that can
demonstrate how the zero-waste hierarchy was con-
sidered with respect to the project to be carried out
with grant funds.

SEC. 12703. REPORTING.

An eligible entity receiving a grant under this subtitle
shall report to the Administrator, at such time and in such
form as the Administrator may require, on the results of
the project carried out with grant funds and any relevant
data requested by the Administrator to track the effective-
ness of the program established under section 12701(a).

SEC. 12704. ANNUAL CONFERENCE.

In each of calendar years 2022 through 2027, the
Administrator shall convene an annual conference for eli-
gible entities, including eligible entities that have received
a grant under this subtitle, and other stakeholders as iden-
tified by the Administrator, to provide an opportunity for
such eligible entities and stakeholders to share experience
and expertise in implementing zero-waste practices.

SEC. 12705. DEFINITIONS.

In this subtitle:

(1) ADAPTIVE MANAGEMENT PRACTICES.—The
term “adaptive management practices” means, with
respect to a project, the integration of project de-
sign, management, and monitoring to identify
project impacts and outcomes as they arise and adjust behaviors to improve outcomes.

(2) Administrator.—The term “Administrator” means the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency.

(3) Domestically-owned and operated.—The term “domestically-owned and operated” means, with respect to a business, a business with—

(A) headquarters located within the United States; and

(B) primary operations carried out in the United States.

(4) Eligible entity.—The term “eligible entity” means—

(A) a single unit of State, local, or Tribal government;

(B) a consortium of multiple units of State, local, or Tribal government;

(C) one or more units of State, local, or Tribal government in coordination with for-profit or nonprofit organizations; or

(D) one or more incorporated nonprofit organizations.
(5) **Embodied Energy.**—The term “embodied energy” means energy that was used to create a product or material.

(6) **Living Wage.**—The term “living wage” means the minimum income necessary to allow a person working 40 hours per week to afford the cost of housing, food, and other material necessities.

(7) **Organics Recycling.**—The term “organics recycling” means the biological processes by which organics streams are converted to compost which is not harmful to humans, plants, or animals.

(8) **Recycling.**—The term “recycling”—

(A) means the mechanical processing of material that has reached the end of its current use into material to be used in the production of new products;

(B) does not include incineration or any other energy recovery process; and

(C) does not include depolymerization or a similar process.

(9) **Reuse.**—The term “reuse”—

(A) means—

(i) using a product, packaging, or re-source more than once for the same or a
new function with little to no processing;

or

(ii) repairing a product so it can be used longer, sharing or renting it, or selling or donating it to another party; and

(B) does not include incineration.

(10) SOURCE REDUCTION.—The term “source reduction”—

(A) includes—

(i) activities that reduce consumption of products or services that create physical outputs, such as packaging, that is secondary to the intended use of the item being consumed;

(ii) measures or techniques that reduce the amount of waste generated during production processes; and

(iii) the reduction or elimination of the use of materials which are not able to be recycled without degrading the quality of the material; and

(B) does not include incineration.

(11) SOURCE SEPARATED.—The term “source separated”—
(A) means the separation of a stream of recyclable materials at the point of waste creation before the materials are collected and centralized; and

(B) does not include technologies that sort mixed municipal solid waste into recyclable and non-recyclable materials.

(12) WASTE PREVENTION.—The term “waste prevention” includes reuse, recycling, and other methods to reduce the amount of materials disposed of in landfills or incinerated.

(13) ZERO-WASTE.—The term “zero-waste” means the conservation of all resources by means of responsible production, consumption, reuse, and recovery of products, packaging, and materials without burning or otherwise destroying embodied energy, with no discharges to land, water, or air that threaten the environment or human health.

(14) ZERO-WASTE PRACTICE.—The term “zero-waste practice” means a practice used to help achieve zero-waste, including source reduction and waste prevention.
SEC. 12706. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

There is authorized to be appropriated to the Administrator to carry out this subtitle $250,000,000 for the period of fiscal years 2021 through 2028.