## AMENDMENT TO RULES COMM. PRINT 118–36 OFFERED BY MR. SMITH OF NEW JERSEY

At the end of title XVII, add the following:

1	Subtitle D—Belarus Democracy,
2	Human Rights, and Sovereignty
3	Act of 2024
4	SEC. 1751. SHORT TITLE.
5	This subtitle may be cited as the "Belarus Democ-
6	racy, Human Rights, and Sovereignty Act of 2024".
7	SEC. 1752. FINDINGS.
8	Section 2 of the Belarus Democracy Act of 2004
9	(Public Law 108–347; 22 U.S.C. 5811 note) is amended
10	to read as follows:
11	"SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
12	"Congress finds the following:
13	"(1) The International Covenant on Civil and
14	Political Rights, done in New York December 19,
15	1966, was ratified by Belarus in 1973, guaranteeing
16	Belarusians the freedom of expression and the free-
17	dom of association.
18	"(2) Alyaksandr Lukashenka has ruled Belarus
19	as an undemocratic dictatorship since the first presi-
20	dential election in Belarus in 1994, and subsequent

1	presidential elections have been neither free nor fair,
2	failing to meet minimal international electoral stand-
3	ards.
4	"(3) In response to the repression and violence
5	during the 2006 presidential election, Congress
6	passed the Belarus Democracy Reauthorization Act
7	of 2006 (Public Law 109–480).
8	"(4) In 2006, President George W. Bush issued
9	Executive Order 13405, titled 'Blocking Property of
10	Certain Persons Undermining Democratic Processes
11	or Institutions in Belarus', which authorized the im-
12	position of sanctions against persons responsible
13	for—
14	"(A) undermining democratic processes in
15	Belarus; or
16	"(B) participating in human rights abuses
17	related to political repression in Belarus.
18	"(5) In March 2011, the Senate unanimously
19	passed Senate Resolution 105, which—
20	"(A) condemned the December 2010 elec-
21	tion in Belarus as 'illegitimate, fraudulent, and
22	not representative of the will or the aspirations
23	of the voters in Belarus'; and
24	"(B) called on the Lukashenka regime 'to
25	immediately and unconditionally release all po-

1	litical prisoners in Belarus who were arrested in
2	association with the December 19, 2010, elec-
3	tion'.
4	"(6) The Government of Belarus continues to
5	engage in a pattern of clear and persistent gross vio-
6	lations of internationally recognized human rights,
7	and basic principles of democratic governance.
8	"(7) The Government of Belarus continues to
9	subject thousands of pro-democracy political activists
10	and peaceful protesters to harassment, beatings, and
11	imprisonment, particularly as a result of their at-
12	tempts to peacefully exercise their right to freedom
13	of assembly and association.
14	"(8) The Government of Belarus continues to
15	suppress independent media and journalists and to
16	restrict access to the internet, including social media
17	and other digital communication platforms, in viola-
18	tion of the right to freedom of speech and expression
19	of those dissenting from the dictatorship of
20	Alyaksandr Lukashenka.
21	"(9) The Government of Belarus continues a
22	systematic campaign of harassment, repression, and
23	closure of nongovernmental organizations, including
24	independent trade unions and entrepreneurs, cre-

1	ating a climate of fear that inhibits the development
2	of civil society and social solidarity.
3	"(10) The Government of Belarus has pursued
4	a policy undermining the country's sovereignty and
5	independence by making Belarus political, economic,
6	cultural, and societal interests subservient to those
7	of Russia.
8	"(11) The Government of Belarus continues to
9	reduce the independence of Belarus through integra-
10	tion into a so-called 'Union State' that is under the
11	control of Russia.
12	"(12) In advance of the August 2020 presi-
13	dential elections in Belarus, authorities acting on be-
14	half of President Lukashenka arrested journalists,
15	bloggers, political activists, and the leading political
16	opposition candidates, leading to demonstrations in
17	support of democracy.
18	"(13) On August 9, 2020, the Government of
19	Belarus conducted a presidential election that was
20	held under undemocratic conditions, did not meet
21	international standards, involved government malfea-
22	sance and serious irregularities with ballot counting
23	and the reporting of election results, and included
24	restrictive measures that impeded the work of local
25	independent observers and did not provide sufficient

1	notice to the Organization for Security and Coopera-
2	tion in Europe (OSCE) to allow for the OSCE to
3	monitor the elections, as is customary.
4	"(14) Illegitimate president Alyaksandr
5	Lukashenka declared a landslide victory in the elec-
6	tion and claimed to have received more than 80 per-
7	cent of the votes cast in the election.
8	"(15) The leading opposition candidate,
9	Sviatlana Tsikhanouskaya, formally disputed the re-
10	ported results and was detained by government au-
11	thorities before being forced into exile in Lithuania.
12	"(16) Later in August, 2020, the United States
13	Deputy Secretary of State, Stephen Biegun, and Eu-
14	ropean Union High Representative for Foreign and
15	Security Policy, Josep Borrell, issued statements de-
16	claring the Belarus elections to be fraudulent and
17	neither free nor fair.
18	"(17) Following the illegitimate election results,
19	tens of thousands of Belarusian protestors took to
20	the streets, led predominately by women, resulting in
21	the largest protest rallies in Belarus' modern his-
22	tory, with over 1,400 reported as injured by
23	Belarusian police in August and September 2020,
24	over 37,000 detained by May 2021, and several
25	killed for protesting the fraudulent election.

1	"(18) The Government of Belarus has consist-
2	ently restricted the free flow of information to si-
3	lence the opposition and to conceal the regime's vio-
4	lent crackdown on peaceful protestors, including
5	through the suppression of independent media and
6	journalists, and disruption of free internet access.
7	"(19) After the employees of state media out-
8	lets walked off the job in protest rather than help
9	report misleading government propaganda,
10	Lukashenka confirmed that he 'asked the Russians'
11	to send teams of Russian journalists to replace local
12	employees.
13	"(20) Following Alyaksandr Lukashenka's Sep-
14	tember 23, 2020, inauguration, the United States,
15	the European Union, numerous European states, the
16	United Kingdom, and Canada announced that they
17	cannot consider Mr. Lukashenka as the legitimately
18	elected leader of Belarus.
19	"(21) As a result of the Lukashenka regime's
20	violence against the Belarusian people and depriva-
21	tion of their fundamental rights, the United States
22	Congress passed and the President signed into law
23	the Belarus Democracy, Human Rights, and Sov-
24	ereignty Act of 2020 to demand the rights of the

1	Belarusian people be respected and to hold account-
2	able those who undermine them.
3	"(22) As a result of the Lukashenka regime's
4	violence against its own people, in December 2020,
5	Members of Congress and transatlantic parliamen-
6	tarians wrote a letter to the International Ice Hock-
7	ey Federation President demanding the Champion-
8	ship be relocated from Belarus.
9	"(23) In response to the Government of
10	Belarus' repressive actions following the 2020 elec-
11	tion, the United States, along with the European
12	Union, imposed various sanctions packages on indi-
13	viduals and entities involved with the suppression of
14	democracy in Belarus, including—
15	"(A) the Central Election Commission of
16	the Republic of Belarus and officials deter-
17	mined to be responsible for undermining democ-
18	racy in Belarus;
19	"(B) entities and persons determined to be
20	involved in the violent suppression of protestors,
21	such as the Minsk Special Purpose Police Unit,
22	the Main Internal Affairs Directorate of the
23	Minsk City Executive Committee, and KGB
24	Alpha; and

1	"(C) state-owned enterprises that provide
2	revenue to support Lukashenka's authoritarian
3	regime.
4	"(24) In April 2021, the House of Representa-
5	tives passed House Resolution124 reaffirming that
6	the August 2020 elections were neither free nor fair
7	and that the House of Representatives does not rec-
8	ognize Alyaksandr Lukashenka as Belarus' legiti-
9	mate president.
10	"(25) On May 23, 2021, the Government of
11	Belarus forced Ryanair Flight 4978 to land in
12	Belarus as it neared the border of Lithuania after
13	calling in a false bomb report and subsequently ar-
14	rested independent Belarusian opposition blogger
15	and political activist Raman Pratasevich and his
16	girlfriend, threatening the safety of every passenger
17	aboard the civilian flight, and ultimately detaining
18	Pratasevich as a political prisoner.
19	"(26) In May 2021, the European Union
20	pledged a comprehensive plan of economic support
21	worth up to 3 billion euros to assist in the develop-
22	ment of a future, democratic Belarus following a
23	democratic transition.
24	"(27) As of April 2024, the Government of
25	Belarus, led illegally by Alvaksandr Lukashenka, un-

1	lawfully holds nearly 1,400 people as political pris-
2	oners, including dozens of journalists such as Ihan
3	Losik and Andrey Kuznechyk from Radio Free Eu-
4	rope/Radio Liberty.
5	"(28) The Government of Belarus, led illegally
6	by Alyaksandr Lukashenka, has consistently
7	weaponized migrants and asylum seekers by trans-
8	porting them to Belarus' borders with the NATO
9	and European Union countries of Latvia, Lithuania
10	and Poland in an attempt to destabilize each country
11	by creating diplomatic border crises, and in violation
12	of the migrant and asylum seekers' human rights.
13	"(29) The Government of Belarus has been
14	complicit in Russia's illegal and full-scale invasion of
15	Ukraine.
16	"(30) In advance of Russia's unprovoked war of
17	aggression against Ukraine, Alyaksandr Lukashenka
18	opened Belarus' borders to the Russian military
19	serving as a staging area, providing bases for train-
20	ing and for launching air strikes and invasion forces
21	and providing logistical support to the Russian inva-
22	sion force which attacked Ukraine in February
23	2022.
24	"(31) In February 2022, just days after Rus-
25	sia's unprovoked invasion of Ukraine, Alyaksandr

1	Lukashenka held a constitutional referendum de-
2	scribed by the Department of State as 'not free or
3	fair' which, among other provisions, would endow
4	Lukashenka with lifetime immunity from prosecu-
5	tion for his crimes, allow Russian nuclear weapons
6	to be stationed on the territory of Belarus, and for-
7	mally revoke Belarus' status as a neutral nation.
8	"(32) Since the start of Russia's brutal and
9	unprovoked war of aggression in Ukraine, the Gov-
10	ernment of Belarus has consistently worked to fur-
11	ther the so-called 'Union State' with the Russian
12	Federation and deepen joint military and economic
13	ties to support Russia's war effort.
14	"(33) Throughout Russia's brutal and
15	unprovoked war of aggression in Ukraine, the Gov-
16	ernment of Belarus has participated in the abduc-
17	tion and illegal deportation of Ukrainian civilians
18	from territory occupied by the Russian Federation,
19	including thousands of children sent to facilities in
20	Belarus for 're-education' as detailed in a November
21	2023 report by the Yale University Humanitarian
22	Research Lab's Conflict Observatory.
23	"(34) The now-suspended Belarusian branch of
24	the Red Cross has publicly confirmed its involvement
25	in transferring children from Ukraine to the terri-

1	tory of Belarus, and the illegitimate leader of the
2	Government of Belarus, Alyaksandr Lukashenka,
3	has publicly confirmed that he permitted these
4	transfers.
5	"(35) In Spring 2023, the Government of
6	Belarus announced plans for the deployment of nu-
7	clear weapons from the Russian Federation to the
8	territory of Belarus, which reportedly began in the
9	summer of this same year.
10	"(36) The Government of Belarus has harbored
11	the Wagner Group, a private military company the
12	United States has designated as a Transnational
13	Criminal Organization, and provided facilities, re-
14	sources, and a staging ground for the group's crimi-
15	nal operations.
16	"(37) The Government of Belarus has report-
17	edly provided the Government of the Russian Fed-
18	eration with tens of thousands of tons of ammuni-
19	tion throughout Russia's unprovoked war of aggres-
20	sion in Ukraine.
21	"(38) As a result of the Government of
22	Belarus' support to the Russian Federation during
23	its unprovoked war of aggression against Ukraine,
24	the United States, the European Union, and the
25	United Kingdom have repeatedly issued further

1	sanctions packages against the Lukashenka regime
2	to target Belarusian military officers as well as indi-
3	viduals in the military sector, restrictions on entities
4	in Belarus' defense and industrial sectors, and enti-
5	ties that provide support to Belarus' military and in-
6	dustrial sectors.
7	"(39) The Government of Belarus is reportedly
8	engaging in the purchase of significant amount of
9	military equipment from the sanctioned Islamic Re-
10	public of Iran.
11	"(40) On August 6, 2023, the Belarusian
12	democratic opposition issued a declaration express-
13	ing their objective of developing democracy in
14	Belarus and pursuing membership in the European
15	Union and, by extension, joining the Trans-Atlantic
16	community.
17	"(41) The democratic opposition of Belarus
18	have called on the Government of Belarus, led ille-
19	gally by Alyaksandr Lukashenka, to end its com-
20	plicity and involvement in the war in Ukraine, and
21	urged against the conscription of men into the
22	Belarusian military.
23	"(42) On February 28, 2022, the Department
24	of State ordered the departure of United States Gov-

1 ernment employees and the suspension of operations 2 of the United States Embassy in Minsk. 3 "(43) On August 21, 2023, the United States 4 Government directed all United States citizens to 5 leave Belarus immediately due to the illegitimate 6 Belarusian authorities' continued cooperation with 7 the Russian military and facilitation of Russia's 8 unprovoked war of aggression against Ukraine, and 9 the risk of detention and arbitrary enforcement of 10 local laws against United States citizens. 11 "(44) In September 2023, the Government of 12 Belarus deprived Belarusians living abroad of their 13 ability to renew their passports through Belarusian 14 embassies in an attempt to make life difficult for 15 and to force exiles, critics, and expats to return to 16 Belarus for document renewal and possibly face per-17 secution. 18 "(45) In December 2023, the United States 19 Government held a Strategic Dialogue with the 20 Belarusian democratic opposition and civil society 21 and subsequently announced a continuation of ef-22 forts to hold Alyaksandr Lukashenka and his regime 23 accountable for their crimes, a commitment to sup-24 porting Belarusian culture, sovereignty, and national

1	identity, as well as the need for future working
2	groups with the democratic opposition.".
3	SEC. 1753. STATEMENT OF POLICY.
4	Section 3 of the Belarus Democracy Act of 2004
5	(Public Law 108–347; 22 U.S.C. 5811 note) is amended
6	to read as follows:
7	"SEC. 3. STATEMENT OF POLICY.
8	"It is the policy of the United States—
9	"(1) to condemn—
10	"(A) the conduct of the August 9, 2020,
11	presidential election in Belarus, which was nei-
12	ther free nor fair;
13	"(B) the Belarusian authorities' unrelent-
14	ing crackdown on, arbitrary arrests of, and vio-
15	lence against opposition candidates, democratic
16	opposition, peaceful protestors, human rights
17	activists, employees from state-owned enter-
18	prises participating in strikes, independent elec-
19	tion observers, and independent journalists and
20	bloggers; and
21	"(C) the unjustified detention and forced
22	or attempted deportation of members of the Co-
23	ordination Council and United Transitional
24	Cabinet in Belarus;

1	"(2) to condemn the illegitimate Belarusian au-
2	thorities' allowance of Russian nuclear weapons to
3	be deployed to Belarusian territory, their continued
4	political and material support for Russia's
5	unprovoked war of aggression in Ukraine, and their
6	continued participation in abducting and deporting
7	Ukrainian children from territory occupied by the
8	Russian Federation to the territory of Belarus;
9	"(3) to condemn the presence of Russian forces
10	on Belarusian territory and demand the cessation of
11	the use of Belarusian territory by Russian forces as
12	a staging ground for Russia's illegal, full-scale war
13	of aggression against Ukraine or for the prevention
14	of a peaceful democratic transition in Belarus;
15	"(4) to demand accountability for the illegal
16	Lukashenka regime's complicity in the crime of ag-
17	gression against Ukraine through international jus-
18	tice mechanisms;
19	"(5) to condemn the weaponization of migrants
20	wherein the Government of Belarus, led illegally by
21	Alyaksandr Lukashenka, has sent thousands of mi-
22	grants to the borders of Poland and Lithuania in an
23	attempt to destabilize the border region;
24	"(6) to continue demanding the immediate re-
25	lease without preconditions of all political prisoners

1	in Belarus and those arrested for peacefully pro-
2	testing, including all those individuals detained in
3	connection with the August 9, 2020, fraudulent
4	presidential election;
5	"(7) to stand in solidarity with the people of
6	Belarus, including human rights defenders, bloggers,
7	and journalists, who are exercising their right to
8	freedom of assembly, freedom of expression, and rule
9	of law and to continue supporting the aspirations of
10	the people of Belarus for democracy, human rights,
11	and the rule of law;
12	"(8) to continue actively supporting the aspira-
13	tions of the people of the Republic of Belarus to pre-
14	serve the independence and sovereignty of their
15	country;
16	"(9) to continue refusing to recognize
17	Alyaksandr Lukashenka's illegitimate regime and to
18	continue supporting calls for Belarusian presidential
19	and parliamentary elections to be conducted in a
20	manner that is free and fair according to Organiza-
21	tion for Security and Cooperation in Europe
22	(OSCE) standards and under the supervision of
23	OSCE observers and independent domestic observ-
24	ers, including in the 2025 presidential elections;

1	"(10) to continue calling for the Government of
2	Belarus to fulfill its freely undertaken obligations as
3	an OSCE participating state and as a signatory of
4	the Charter of the United Nations;
5	"(11) to recognize the Coordination Council
6	and the United Transitional Cabinet as legitimate
7	institutions to participate in a dialogue on a peaceful
8	transition of power, and to support these institutions
9	prior to and during such a transition should it take
10	place;
11	"(12) to condemn the deprivation of consular
12	services to Belarusian citizens living abroad, includ-
13	ing representatives of the Belarusian democratic op-
14	position, and urge the United States to raise this to
15	the United Nations High Commissioner for Refu-
16	gees, the International Organization for Migration,
17	the Council of Europe, and the Organization for Se-
18	curity and Cooperation in Europe;
19	"(13) to encourage the United States Govern-
20	ment to continue working closely with the European
21	Union, the United Kingdom, Canada, and other
22	countries and international organizations to continue
23	to impose targeted sanctions against officials in
24	Belarus who are responsible for—

1	"(A) undermining democratic processes in
2	Belarus;
3	"(B) participating in gross violations of
4	internationally recognized human rights related
5	to political repression in Belarus and under-
6	mining rule of law for the people of Belarus; or
7	"(C) enabling or facilitating Russia's war
8	in Ukraine;
9	"(14) to call on the Government of Belarus to
10	uphold its human rights obligations, including those
11	rights enumerated in the International Covenant on
12	Civil and Political Rights;
13	"(15) to encourage the United States to expedi-
14	tiously appoint a U.S. Special Envoy for Belarus to
15	fill the role vacated in June 2022; and
16	"(16) to support the use of the Strategic Dia-
17	logue between the United States Government as a
18	means of furthering ties between the United States
19	Government and the representatives of the demo-
20	cratic opposition of Belarus in pursuit of objectives,
21	including—
22	"(A) accountability for the Lukashenka re-
23	gime's gross violations of internationally recog-
24	nized human rights and domestic repressions;

1	"(B) increasing partnerships with the
2	Belarusian people by supporting investments
3	such as the United States Agency for Inter-
4	national Development's dedicated Belarus
5	Country Representative Office in Vilnius, Lith-
6	uania; and
7	"(C) initiating cultural programming dedi-
8	cated to protecting Belarusian language, cul-
9	ture, and national identity.".
10	SEC. 1754. ASSISTANCE TO PROMOTE DEMOCRACY, CIVIL
11	SOCIETY, AND SOVEREIGNTY IN BELARUS.
12	Section 4 of the Belarus Democracy Act of 2004
13	(Public Law 108–347 22 U.S.C. 5811 note) is amended—
14	(1) in subsection (a)—
15	(A) in paragraph (1), by inserting ", the
16	United Transitional Cabinet, and the Coordina-
17	tion Council" after "the Republic of Belarus";
18	and
19	(B) by adding at the end the following:
20	"(5) To assist in the cessation of Belarus' sup-
21	port for the Government of Russia in Russia's
22	unprovoked war of aggression in Ukraine.";
23	(2) in subsection (b), by adding at the end be-
24	fore the period the following ", including political
25	party strengthening";

1	(3) by amending subsection (c) to read as fol-
2	lows:
3	"(c) Activities Supported.—Activities that may
4	be supported by assistance under subsection (b) include—
5	"(1) expanding independent radio and television
6	broadcasting to and within Belarus;
7	"(2) facilitating the development of independent
8	broadcast, print, and internet media working within
9	Belarus and from locations outside the country and
10	supported by nonstate-controlled printing facilities;
11	"(3) countering internet censorship and repres-
12	sive surveillance technology that seek to limit free
13	association, control access to information, and pre-
14	vent citizens from exercising their rights to free
15	speech;
16	"(4) raising awareness both within Belarus and
17	globally about Lukashenka's complicity in Russia's
18	unprovoked war of aggression in Ukraine, including
19	how the Lukashenka regime is providing support to
20	the Russian military and committing crimes against
21	Ukrainian children;
22	"(5) aiding the development of civil society
23	through assistance to nongovernmental organizations
24	promoting democracy and supporting human rights,

1	including youth groups, entrepreneurs, and inde-
2	pendent trade unions;
3	"(6) supporting programming that contributes
4	to the defense of Belarusian sovereignty and inde-
5	pendence from encroachment by the Russian Fed-
6	eration;
7	"(7) supporting the work of human rights de-
8	fenders;
9	"(8) enhancing the development of democratic
10	political parties;
11	"(9) assisting the promotion of free, fair, and
12	transparent electoral processes;
13	"(10) enhancing international exchanges and
14	advanced professional training programs for leaders
15	and members of the democratic opposition in skill
16	areas central to the development of civil society;
17	"(11) supporting the work of women advocating
18	for freedom, human rights, and human progress in
19	Belarus given the significant and vital role women
20	have played in the Belarus democracy movement;
21	"(12) supporting the development of Belarusian
22	language and cultural education and exchanges to
23	preserve and protect Belarusian national identity;
24	"(13) supporting further iterations of the Stra-
25	tegic Dialogue between the United States and the

1	Belarusian democratic opposition and civil society as
2	a platform to work on issues of mutual concern;
3	"(14) enhancing the development of the private
4	sector, particularly the information technology sec-
5	tor, and its role in the economy of Belarus, including
6	by increasing the capacity of private sector actors,
7	developing business support organizations, offering
8	entrepreneurship training, and expanding access to
9	finance for small and medium enterprises;
10	"(15) supporting political refugees in neigh-
11	boring European countries fleeing the crackdown in
12	Belarus;
13	"(16) supporting the education of Belarusians
14	in exile;
15	"(17) supporting the gathering of evidence on
16	and investigating of gross violations of internation-
17	ally recognized human rights in Belarus; and
18	"(18) other activities consistent with the pur-
19	poses of this Act.";
20	(4) in subsection (f)—
21	(A) by striking "the Belarus Democracy,
22	Human Rights, and Sovereignty Act of 2020"
23	and inserting "the Belarus Democracy, Human
24	Rights, and Sovereignty Act of 2024"; and

1	(B) by adding at the end before the period
2	the following: "as well as the methodology and
3	benchmarks used to assess the effectiveness of
4	such funds"; and
5	(5) by amending subsection (g) to read as fol-
6	lows:
7	"(f) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
8	are authorized to be appropriated to the President to carry
9	out this section—
10	"(1) for fiscal year 2025 an amount equal to
11	not less than the amount made available to carry out
12	this section for fiscal year 2024; and
13	"(2) for fiscal year 2026 an amount equal to
14	not less than the amount made available to carry out
15	this section for fiscal year 2025.".
16	SEC. 1755. INTERNATIONAL BROADCASTING, INTERNET
17	FREEDOM, AND ACCESS TO INFORMATION IN
18	BELARUS.
19	Section 5 of the Belarus Democracy Act of 2004
20	(Public Law 109–480; 22 U.S.C. 5811 note) is amend-
21	ed—
22	(1) in subsection (a)—
23	(A) by striking "(a) Sense of Con-
24	GRESS.—";

1	(B) in paragraph (4), by striking "and" at
2	the end;
3	(C) in paragraph (5), by striking the pe-
4	riod at the end and inserting the following:
5	"and advocate for the release of journalists that
6	are detained by political reasons; and"; and
7	(D) by adding at the end the following:
8	"(6) the United States should also support
9	independent media outlets and other sources of in-
10	formation in providing accurate and truthful infor-
11	mation about Russia's unprovoked war of aggression
12	in Ukraine, and the illegitimate Lukashenka re-
13	gime's complicity in Russia's crimes of aggression.";
14	and
15	(2) by striking subsection (b)
16	SEC. 1756. SANCTIONS AGAINST THE GOVERNMENT OF
17	BELARUS.
18	Section 6 of the Belarus Democracy Act of 2004
19	(Public Law 109–480; 22 U.S.C. 5811 note) is amend-
20	ed—
21	(1) in subsection (a)—
22	(A) by striking "The sanctions" and in-
23	serting the following:
24	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The sanctions"; and
25	(B) by adding at the end the following:

1	"(2) Maintenance of existing sanc-
2	TIONS.—
3	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Any sanctions im-
4	posed pursuant to the Executive orders de-
5	scribed in subparagraph (B) that were imposed
6	in connection with conduct relating to, con-
7	cerning, or occurring in Belarus should remain
8	in effect until the President determines and cer-
9	tifies to the appropriate congressional commit-
10	tees that the Government of Belarus has made
11	significant progress in meeting the conditions
12	described in subsection (c).
13	"(B) Executive orders described.—
14	The Executive orders described in this subpara-
15	graph are the following:
16	"(i) Executive Order 13405 (71 Fed.
17	Reg. 35485; relating to blocking property
18	of certain persons undermining democratic
19	processes or institutions in Belarus).
20	"(ii) Executive Order 14024 (86 Fed.
21	Reg. 20249; relating to blocking property
22	with respect to specified harmful foreign
23	activities of the Government of the Russian
24	Federation).

1	"(iii) Executive Order 14038 (86 Fed.
2	Reg. 43905; relating to blocking property
3	of additional persons contributing to the
4	situation in Belarus).";
5	(2) in subsection (b)—
6	(A) in the matter preceding paragraph (1),
7	by striking "subsection (a)" and inserting
8	"paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection (a)";
9	(B) by striking paragraph (2);
10	(C) by redesignating paragraphs (3), (4),
11	and (5) as paragraphs (2), (3), and (4), respec-
12	tively; and
13	(D) by adding at the end the following:
14	"(5) The withdrawal of the armed forces of the
15	Russian Federation from the Republic of Belarus
16	and the cessation of Belarusian support for the Rus-
17	sian Federation's war against Ukraine.
18	"(6) The return of all Ukrainian children ab-
19	ducted and deported to Belarus from the territory of
20	Ukraine illegally occupied by the Russian Federa-
21	tion.";
22	(3) in subsection (c)—
23	(A) in the subsection heading, by striking
24	"Complicit in the Crackdown That Oc-

1	CURRED AFTER THE AUGUST 9, 2020, ELEC-
2	TION";
3	(B) in the matter preceding paragraph (1),
4	by striking "may" and inserting "shall";
5	(C) in paragraph (2), by striking "inad-
6	missible under" and inserting "described in";
7	(D) in paragraph (4), by adding at the end
8	before the semicolon the following: ", or future
9	elections in Belarus should they be determined
10	to be neither free nor fair";
11	(E) in paragraph (5), by adding at the end
12	before the semicolon the following: ", or future
13	elections in Belarus should they be determined
14	to be neither free nor fair";
15	(F) by striking paragraphs (6), (7), (8),
16	and (9) and inserting the following:
17	"(6) is a government official or member of the
18	security or law enforcement services of Belarus and
19	has participated in the persecution or harassment of
20	religious groups, human rights defenders, democratic
21	opposition groups, or independent media or journal-
22	ists;
23	"(7) is an individual determined by the Presi-
24	dent to be interfering in the internal affairs of the

1	Republic of Belarus on behalf of or at the direction
2	of the Government of the Russian Federation;
3	"(8) is an official who provides for, facilitates,
4	or otherwise enables or engages with the abduction
5	and deportation of Ukrainian children from terri-
6	tories illegally occupied by the Russian Federation to
7	the territory of Belarus;
8	"(9) is an official who provides for, facilitates,
9	or otherwise enables the Russian Federation to use
10	the territory or Belarus to further its unprovoked in-
11	vasion of Ukraine;
12	"(10) is an official of the so-called 'Union
13	State' between Russia and Belarus (regardless of
14	nationality of the individual) or works toward the
15	furtherance of such Union State; or
16	"(11) is a Russian individual that has signifi-
17	cantly participated in the crackdown on independent
18	press or human rights abuses related to political re-
19	pression in Belarus, including the Russian propa-
20	gandists sent to replace local employees at
21	Belarusian state media outlets.";
22	(4) by amending subsection (f) to read as fol-
23	lows:
24	"(f) Blocking of Assets and Other Prohibited
25	ACTIVITIES.—

1	"(1) Mandatory sanction.—The President
2	shall impose the sanction described in paragraph (3)
3	with respect to each foreign person that the Presi-
4	dent determines—
5	"(A) is a member of the Central Election
6	Commission of Belarus or assisted the Commis-
7	sion in manipulating elections in Belarus in-
8	cluding the presidential election of August 9,
9	2020;
10	"(B) is a government official or member of
11	the security or law enforcement services of
12	Belarus and has participated in the persecution
13	or harassment of religious groups, human
14	rights defenders, democratic opposition groups,
15	or independent media or journalists;
16	"(C) is an individual determined by the
17	President to be knowingly interfering in the in-
18	ternal affairs of the Republic of Belarus on be-
19	half of or at the direction of the Government of
20	the Russian Federation;
21	"(D) is an official who knowingly engages
22	in the abduction and deportation of Ukrainian
23	children from territories illegally occupied by
24	the Russian Federation to the territory of
25	Belarus;

1	"(E) is an official who knowingly supports
2	and provides for, the Russian Federation's use
3	of the territory or Belarus to further its
4	unprovoked invasion of Ukraine; or
5	"(F) is an official in the so-called 'Union
6	State' between Russia and Belarus (regardless
7	of nationality of the individual) or works toward
8	the furtherance of such 'Union State'.
9	"(2) DISCRETIONARY SANCTION.—The Presi-
10	dent may impose the sanction described in para-
11	graph (3) with respect to each foreign person that
12	the President determines—
13	"(A) holds a position in the senior leader-
14	ship of the Government of Belarus;
15	"(B) is an immediate family member of a
16	person described in subparagraph (A); or
17	"(C) through his or her business dealings
18	with a person described in subparagraph (A)
19	derives significant financial benefit from policies
20	or actions, including electoral fraud, gross viola-
21	tions of internationally recognized human
22	rights, or corruption, that undermine or injure
23	democratic institutions or impede the transition
24	to democracy in Belarus.

1	"(3) Sanction described.—The President
2	shall exercise all of the powers granted to the Presi-
3	dent under the International Emergency Economic
4	Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.) to the extent
5	necessary to block and prohibit all transactions in
6	property and interests in property of the foreign per-
7	son if such property and interests in property are in
8	the United States, come within the United States, or
9	are or come within the possession or control of a
10	United States person.
11	"(4) Exceptions.—
12	"(A) EXCEPTION RELATING TO THE PRO-
13	VISION OF HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE.—The
14	sanction described in paragraph (3) may not be
15	imposed with respect to transactions or the fa-
16	cilitation of transactions for—
17	"(i) the sale of agricultural commod-
18	ities, food, medicine, or medical devices;
19	"(ii) the provision of humanitarian as-
20	sistance;
21	"(iii) financial transactions relating to
22	humanitarian assistance; or
23	"(iv) transporting goods or services
24	that are necessary to carry out operations
25	relating to humanitarian assistance.

1	"(B) Exception for intelligence, law
2	ENFORCEMENT, AND NATIONAL SECURITY AC-
3	TIVITIES.—The sanction described in paragraph
4	(3) shall not apply to any authorized intel-
5	ligence, law enforcement, or national security
6	activities of the United States.
7	"(5) Waiver.—The President may, on a case-
8	by-case basis and for periods not to exceed 180 days
9	each, waive the application of the sanction described
10	in paragraph (3) imposed with respect to a foreign
11	person under this subsection if the President cer-
12	tifies to the appropriate congressional committees
13	not later than 15 days before such waiver is to take
14	effect that the waiver is important to the national
15	security interests of the United States.
16	"(6) Penalties.—Any person who violates, at-
17	tempts to violate, or causes a violation of this sub-
18	section or any regulation, license, or order issued to
19	carry out this subsection shall be subject to the pen-
20	alties under section 206 of the International Emer-
21	gency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1705) to the
22	same extent as a person that commits an unlawful
23	act under that Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.).
24	"(7) Definitions.—In this subsection—

1	"(A) the term 'air carrier' has the meaning
2	given that term in section 40102 of title 49,
3	United States Code;
4	"(B) the term 'foreign person' means a
5	person that is not a United States person; and
6	"(C) the term 'United States person'
7	means—
8	"(i) any United States citizen or alien
9	admitted for permanent residence to the
10	United States;
11	"(ii) any entity organized under the
12	laws of the United States; and
13	"(iii) any person in the United
14	States.".
15	SEC. 1757. MULTILATERAL COOPERATION.
16	Section 7 of the Belarus Democracy Act of 2004
17	(Public Law 109-480; 22 U.S.C. 5811 note) is amended—
18	(1) in paragraph (1), by striking "and" at the
19	end;
20	(2) in paragraph (2), by striking the period at
21	the end and inserting "; and; and
22	(3) by adding at the end the following:
23	"(3) to halt the Government of Belarus, led ille-
24	gally by Alyaksandr Lukashenka, from supporting
25	and assisting the Russian Federation's unprovoked

1	war of aggression against Ukraine including the ab-
2	duction and deportation of Ukrainian children.".
3	SEC. 1758. REPORTS.
4	Section 8 of the Belarus Democracy Act of 2004
5	(Public Law 109–480; 22 U.S.C. 5811 note) is amend-
6	ed—
7	(1) by striking subsection (a);
8	(2) by redesignating subsection (b) as sub-
9	section (a);
10	(3) in subsection (a) (as so redesignated)—
11	(A) in paragraph (1)—
12	(i) in the matter preceding subpara-
13	graph (A), by striking "the Belarus De-
14	mocracy, Human Rights, and Sovereignty
15	Act of 2020" and inserting "the Belarus
16	Democracy, Human Rights, and Sov-
17	ereignty Act of 2024"; and
18	(ii) in subparagraph (B), by adding at
19	the end before the period the following: ",
20	and whether the United States has im-
21	posed sanctions with respect to such senior
22	foreign political figures";
23	(B) by striking paragraph (2); and
24	(C) by redesignating paragraph (3) as
25	paragraph (2); and

1	(4) by adding at the end the following:
2	"(b) Report on Crimes and Other Actions Com-
3	MITTED BY BELARUS IN SUPPORT OF RUSSIA'S
4	UNPROVOKED WAR OF AGGRESSION IN UKRAINE.—
5	"(1) In general.—Not later than 90 days
6	after the date of the enactment of the Belarus De-
7	mocracy, Human Rights, and Sovereignty Act of
8	2024, the Director of National Intelligence, in con-
9	sultation with the Secretary of the Treasury and the
10	Secretary of State, shall submit to the appropriate
11	congressional committees a report on the following:
12	"(A) An assessment of the Russian mili-
13	tary presence in Belarus, including the presence
14	of Russian nuclear forces, and the impact this
15	presence has on North Atlantic Treaty Organi-
16	zation (NATO) security.
17	"(B) The degree to which the Government
18	of Belarus, led illegally by Alyaksandr
19	Lukashenka, continues to provide support to
20	and harbor the forces of the Wagner Group or
21	other Russian paramilitary groups and enables
22	their destabilizing actions on the borders of
23	NATO allies, such as Latvia, Lithuania, and
24	Poland.

1	"(C) Which actors in the Government of
2	Belarus, led illegally by Alyaksandr
3	Lukashenka, are most responsible for the illegal
4	abduction and deportation of Ukrainian chil-
5	dren from Ukrainian territory occupied by the
6	Russian Federation to the territory of Belarus,
7	as well as to what extent organizations such as
8	the now-suspended Belarus branch of the Red
9	Cross are involved in these transfers, and pro-
10	vide a strategy for holding those involved in
11	these crimes accountable including through the
12	use of sanctions.
13	"(D) The degree to which the Government
14	of Belarus, led illegally by Alyaksandr
15	Lukashenka has purchased weapons from the
16	governments of the Russian Federation and the
17	Islamic Republic of Iran, and whether any pur-
18	chases of such weapons violate the provisions of
19	section 107 or 231 of the Countering America's
20	Adversaries Through Sanctions Act (22 U.S.C.
21	9406 or 9525).
22	"(E) The extent to which the Government
23	of Belarus, led illegally by Alyaksandr
24	Lukashenka, is aiding the Russian Federation
25	is circumventing export controls and evading

1	sanctions, including with an accounting and es-
2	timated value of dual-use goods and an identi-
3	fication of the officials or other persons involved
4	in facilitating this sanctions evasion.
5	"(F) The impact of the Government of
6	Belarus's use of illegal migrants to destabilize
7	the borders of NATO countries, such as Latvia,
8	Lithuania, and Poland, on NATO security.
9	"(2) FORM.—The report required under this
10	subsection shall be transmitted in unclassified form,
11	but may contain a classified annex.".
12	SEC. 1759. DEFINITIONS.
13	Section 9 of the Belarus Democracy Act of 2004
14	(Public Law 109–480; 22 U.S.C. 5811 note) is amend-
15	ed—
16	(1) in paragraph (3)(A), by adding at the end
17	before the semicolon the following: ", led illegally by
18	Alyaksandr Lukashenka''; and
19	(2) by adding at the end the following:
20	"(4) Union State.—The term 'Union State'
21	means the supranational union of the Republic of
22	Belarus and the Russian Federation as outlined in
23	the December 1999 Treaty on the establishment of

- 1 the Union State between the governments of the Re-
- public of Belarus and the Russian Federation.".

