AMENDMENT TO RULES COMMITTEE PRINT 117-

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Page 1, before line 1, insert the following:

1 **DIVISION A—CONSUMER**

2 PROTECTION AND RECOVERY

Page 1, line 2, strike "This Act" and insert "This division".

Page 4, after line 14, add the following new division:

- 3 DIVISION B—SETTING AN AMER-
- 4 ICAN FRAMEWORK TO EN-
- 5 SURE DATA ACCESS, TRANS-
- 6 PARENCY, AND ACCOUNT-
- 7 **ABILITY**
- 8 SEC. 11. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 9 (a) Short Title.—This division may be cited as the
- 10 "Setting an American Framework to Ensure Data Access,
- 11 Transparency, and Accountability Act" or the "SAFE
- 12 DATA Act".
- 13 (b) Table of Contents.—The table of contents for
- 14 this division is as follows:

Sec. 11. Short title; table of contents.

- Sec. 12. Definitions.
- Sec. 13. Effective date.

TITLE I—INDIVIDUAL CONSUMER DATA RIGHTS

- Sec. 101. Consumer loyalty.
- Sec. 102. Transparency.
- Sec. 103. Individual control.
- Sec. 104. Rights to consent.
- Sec. 105. Minimizing data collection, processing, and retention.
- Sec. 106. Service providers and third parties.
- Sec. 107. Privacy impact assessments.
- Sec. 108. Scope of coverage.

TITLE II—CORPORATE ACCOUNTABILITY

- Sec. 201. Designation of data privacy officer and data security officer.
- Sec. 202. Internal controls.
- Sec. 203. Whistleblower protections.

TITLE III—ENFORCEMENT AUTHORITY AND NEW PROGRAMS

- Sec. 301. Enforcement by the Federal Trade Commission.
- Sec. 302. Enforcement by State attorneys general.
- Sec. 303. Approved certification programs.
- Sec. 304. Relationship between Federal and State law.
- Sec. 305. Constitutional avoidance.
- Sec. 306. Severability.

1 SEC. 12. DEFINITIONS.

- 2 In this division:
- 3 (1) Affirmative express consent.—The
- 4 term "affirmative express consent" means, upon
- 5 being presented with a clear and conspicuous de-
- 6 scription of an act or practice for which consent is
- 7 sought, an affirmative act by the individual clearly
- 8 communicating the individual's authorization for the
- 9 act or practice.
- 10 (2) Algorithm.—The term "algorithm" means
- a computational process derived from machine learn-
- ing, statistics, or other data processing or artificial
- intelligence techniques, that processes covered data

- 1 for the purpose of making a decision or facilitating 2 human decision making. 3 (3)ALGORITHMIC RANKING SYSTEM.—The term "algorithmic ranking system" means a com-4 5 putational process, including one derived from algo-6 rithmic decision making, machine learning, statis-7 tical analysis, or other data processing or artificial 8 intelligence techniques, used to determine the order 9 or manner that a set of information is provided to 10 a user on a covered internet platform, including the 11 ranking of search results, the provision of content 12 recommendations, the display of social media posts, 13 or any other method of automated content selection. 14 (4) Behavioral or psychological experi-15 MENTS OR RESEARCH.—The term "behavioral or 16 psychological experiments or research" means the 17 study, including through human experimentation, of 18 overt or observable actions and mental phenomena 19 inferred from behavior, including interactions be-20 tween and among individuals and the activities of so-21 cial groups. 22 (5)COLLECTION.—The term "collection" 23
 - (5) COLLECTION.—The term "collection" means buying, renting, gathering, obtaining, receiving, or accessing any covered data of an individual by any means.

24

25

1	(6) Commission.—The term "Commission"
2	means the Federal Trade Commission.
3	(7) COMMON BRANDING.—The term "common
4	branding" means a shared name, servicemark, or
5	trademark.
6	(8) Compulsive usage.—The term "compul-
7	sive usage" means any response stimulated by exter-
8	nal factors that causes an individual to engage in re-
9	petitive, purposeful, and intentional behavior causing
10	psychological distress, loss of control, anxiety, de-
11	pression, or harmful stress responses.
12	(9) Connected Device.—For purposes of
13	paragraphs (20) and (37), the term "connected de-
14	vice" means a physical object that—
15	(A) is capable of connecting to the inter-
16	net, either directly or indirectly through a net-
17	work, to communicate information at the direc-
18	tion of an individual; and
19	(B) has computer processing capabilities
20	for collecting, sending, receiving, or analyzing
21	data.
22	(10) Covered Data.—
23	(A) IN GENERAL.—The term "covered
24	data" means information that identifies or is
25	linked or reasonably linkable to an individual or

1	a device that is linked or reasonably linkable to
2	an individual.
3	(B) Linked or reasonably linkable.—
4	For purposes of subparagraph (A), information
5	held by a covered entity is linked or reasonably
6	linkable to an individual or a device if, as a
7	practical matter, it can be used on its own or
8	in combination with other information held by,
9	or readily accessible to, the covered entity to
10	identify such individual or such device.
11	(C) Exclusions.—Such term does not in-
12	clude—
13	(i) aggregated data;
14	(ii) de-identified data;
15	(iii) employee data; or
16	(iv) publicly available information.
17	(D) Aggregated data.—For purposes of
18	subparagraph (C), the term "aggregated data"
19	means information that relates to a group or
20	category of individuals or devices that does not
21	identify and is not linked or reasonably linkable
22	to any individual.
23	(E) De-identified data.—For purposes
24	of subparagraph (C), the term "de-identified

1	data" means information held by a covered en-
2	tity that—
3	(i) does not identify, and is not linked
4	or reasonably linkable to, an individual or
5	device;
6	(ii) does not contain any persistent
7	identifier or other information that could
8	readily be used to re-identify the individual
9	to whom, or the device to which, the identi-
10	fier or information pertains;
11	(iii) is subject to a public commitment
12	by the covered entity—
13	(I) to refrain from attempting to
14	use such information to identify any
15	individual or device; and
16	(II) to adopt technical and orga-
17	nizational measures to ensure that
18	such information is not linked to any
19	individual or device; and
20	(iv) is not disclosed by the covered en-
21	tity to any other party unless the disclo-
22	sure is subject to a contractually or other
23	legally binding requirement that—

1	(I) the recipient of the informa-
2	tion shall not use the information to
3	identify any individual or device; and
4	(II) all onward disclosures of the
5	information shall be subject to the re-
6	quirement described in subclause (I).
7	(F) Employee data.—For purposes of
8	subparagraph (C), the term "employee data"
9	means—
10	(i) information relating to an indi-
11	vidual collected by a covered entity in the
12	course of the individual acting as a job ap-
13	plicant to, or employee (regardless of
14	whether such employee is paid or unpaid,
15	or employed on a temporary basis), owner,
16	director, officer, staff member, trainee,
17	vendor, visitor, volunteer, intern, or con-
18	tractor of, the entity, provided that such
19	information is collected, processed, or
20	transferred by the covered entity solely for
21	purposes related to the individual's status
22	as a current or former job applicant to, or
23	an employee, owner, director, officer, staff
24	member, trainee, vendor, visitor, volunteer,

1	intern, or contractor of, that covered enti-
2	ty;
3	(ii) business contact information of an
4	individual, including the individual's name,
5	position or title, business telephone num-
6	ber, business address, business email ad-
7	dress, qualifications, and other similar in-
8	formation, that is provided to a covered en-
9	tity by an individual who is acting in a
10	professional capacity, provided that such
11	information is collected, processed, or
12	transferred solely for purposes related to
13	such individual's professional activities;
14	(iii) emergency contact information
15	collected by a covered entity that relates to
16	an individual who is acting in a role de-
17	scribed in clause (i) with respect to the
18	covered entity, provided that such informa-
19	tion is collected, processed, or transferred
20	solely for the purpose of having an emer-
21	gency contact on file for the individual; or
22	(iv) information relating to an indi-
23	vidual (or a relative or beneficiary of such
24	individual) that is necessary for the cov-
25	ered entity to collect, process, or transfer

1	for the purpose of administering benefits
2	to which such individual (or relative or
3	beneficiary of such individual) is entitled
4	on the basis of the individual acting in a
5	role described in clause (i) with respect to
6	the entity, provided that such information
7	is collected, processed, or transferred solely
8	for the purpose of administering such ben-
9	efits.
10	(G) Publicly available informa-
11	TION.—
12	(i) IN GENERAL.—For the purposes of
13	subparagraph (C), the term "publicly
14	available information" means any informa-
15	tion that a covered entity has a reasonable
16	basis to believe—
17	(I) has been lawfully made avail-
18	able to the general public from Fed-
19	eral, State, or local government
20	records;
21	(II) is widely available to the
22	general public, including information
23	from—
24	(aa) a telephone book or on-
25	line directory;

1	(bb) television, internet, or
2	radio content or programming; or
3	(cc) the news media or a
4	website that is lawfully available
5	to the general public on an unre-
6	stricted basis (for purposes of
7	this subclause a website is not re-
8	stricted solely because there is a
9	fee or log-in requirement associ-
10	ated with accessing the website);
11	or
12	(III) is a disclosure to the gen-
13	eral public that is required to be made
14	by Federal, State, or local law.
15	(ii) Exclusions.—Such term does
16	not include an obscene visual depiction (as
17	defined for purposes of section 1460 of
18	title 18, United States Code).
19	(11) COVERED ENTITY.—The term "covered
20	entity" means any person that—
21	(A) is subject to the Federal Trade Com-
22	mission Act (15 U.S.C. 41 et seq.) or is—
23	(i) a common carrier described in sec-
24	tion $5(a)(2)$ of such Act (15 U.S.C.
25	45(a)(2); or

1	(ii) an organization not organized to
2	carry on business for their own profit or
3	that of their members;
4	(B) collects, processes, or transfers covered
5	data; and
6	(C) determines the purposes and means of
7	such collection, processing, or transfer.
8	(12) COVERED INTERNET PLATFORM.—
9	(A) IN GENERAL.—The term "covered
10	internet platform" means any public-facing
11	website, internet application, or mobile applica-
12	tion, including a social network site, video shar-
13	ing service, search engine, or content aggrega-
14	tion service.
15	(B) Exclusions.—Such term shall not in-
16	clude a platform that—
17	(i) is wholly owned, controlled, and
18	operated by a person that—
19	(I) for the most recent 6-month
20	period, did not employ more than 500
21	employees;
22	(II) for the most recent 3-year
23	period, averaged less than
24	\$50,000,000 in annual gross receipts;
25	and

1	(III) collects or processes on an
2	annual basis the personal data of less
3	than 1,000,000 individuals; or
4	(ii) is operated for the sole purpose of
5	conducting research that is not made for
6	profit either directly or indirectly.
7	(13) Data Broker.—
8	(A) In GENERAL.—The term "data
9	broker" means a covered entity whose principal
10	source of revenue is derived from processing or
11	transferring the covered data of individuals with
12	whom the entity does not have a direct relation-
13	ship on behalf of third parties for such third
14	parties' use.
15	(B) Exclusion.—Such term does not in-
16	clude a service provider.
17	(14) Delete.—The term "delete" means to re-
18	move or destroy information such that it is not
19	maintained in human or machine readable form and
20	cannot be retrieved or utilized in such form in the
21	normal course of business.
22	(15) EXECUTIVE AGENCY.—The term "Execu-
23	tive agency" has the meaning set forth in section
24	105 of title 5, United States Code.

1	(16) Independent review board.—The term
2	"independent review board" means a board, com-
3	mittee, or other group formally designated by a large
4	online operator to review, to approve the initiation
5	of, and to conduct periodic review of, any research
6	by, or at the direction or discretion of a large online
7	operator, involving human subjects.
8	(17) Individual.—The term "individual"
9	means a natural person residing in the United
10	States.
l 1	(18) Inferred data.—The term "inferred
12	data" means information that is created by a cov-
13	ered entity through the derivation of information,
14	data, assumptions, or conclusions from facts, evi-
15	dence, or another source of information or data.
16	(19) Large data holder.—The term "large
17	data holder" means a covered entity that in the
18	most recent calendar year—
19	(A) processed or transferred the covered
20	data of more than 8,000,000 individuals; or
21	(B) processed or transferred the sensitive
22	covered data of more than 300,000 individuals
23	or devices that are linked or reasonably linkable
24	to an individual (excluding any instance where
25	the covered entity processes the log-in informa-

1	tion of an individual or device to allow the indi-
2	vidual or device to log in to an account adminis-
3	tered by the covered entity).
4	(20) Material.—The term "material" means,
5	with respect to an act, practice, or representation of
6	a covered entity (including a representation made by
7	the covered entity in a privacy policy or similar dis-
8	closure to individuals), that such act, practice, or
9	representation is likely to affect an individual's deci-
10	sion or conduct regarding a product or service.
11	(21) Opaque algorithm.—
12	(A) In general.—The term "opaque al-
13	gorithm' means an algorithmic ranking system
14	that determines the order or manner that infor-
15	mation is furnished to a user on a covered
16	internet platform based, in whole or part, on
17	user-specific data that was not expressly pro-
18	vided by the user to the platform for such pur-
19	pose.
20	(B) Exception for age-appropriate
21	CONTENT FILTERS.—Such term shall not in-
22	clude an algorithmic ranking system used by a
23	covered internet platform if—
24	(i) the only user-specific data (includ-
25	ing inferences about the user) that the sys-

1	tem uses is information relating to the age
2	of the user; and
3	(ii) such information is only used to
4	restrict a user's access to content on the
5	basis that the individual is not old enough
6	to access such content.
7	(22) Process.—The term "process" means
8	any operation or set of operations performed on cov-
9	ered data including analysis, organization, struc-
10	turing, retaining, using, or otherwise handling cov-
11	ered data.
12	(23) Processing purpose.—The term "proc-
13	essing purpose" means a reason for which a covered
14	entity processes covered data.
15	(24) Research.—The term "research" means
16	the scientific analysis of information, including cov-
17	ered data, by a covered entity or those with whom
18	the covered entity is cooperating or others acting at
19	the direction or on behalf of the covered entity, that
20	is conducted for the primary purpose of advancing
21	scientific knowledge and may be for the commercial
22	benefit of the covered entity.
23	(25) Search syndication contract; up-
24	STREAM PROVIDER: DOWNSTREAM PROVIDER.—

1	(A) SEARCH SYNDICATION CONTRACT.—
2	The term "search syndication contract" means
3	a contract or subcontract for the sale, license,
4	or other right to access an index of web pages
5	on the internet for the purpose of operating an
6	internet search engine.
7	(B) Upstream provider.—The term
8	"upstream provider" means, with respect to a
9	search syndication contract, the person that
10	grants access to an index of web pages on the
11	internet to a downstream provider under the
12	contract.
13	(C) Downstream provider.—The term
14	"downstream provider" means, with respect to
15	a search syndication contract, the person that
16	receives access to an index of web pages on the
17	internet from an upstream provider under such
18	contract.
19	(26) Sensitive Covered Data.—
20	(A) IN GENERAL.—The term "sensitive
21	covered data" means any of the following forms
22	of covered data of an individual:
23	(i) A unique, government-issued iden-
24	tifier, such as a Social Security number,
25	passport number, or driver's license num-

1	ber, that is not required to be displayed to
2	the public.
3	(ii) Any covered data that describes or
4	reveals the diagnosis or treatment of the
5	past, present, or future physical health,
6	mental health, or disability of an indi-
7	vidual.
8	(iii) A financial account number, debit
9	card number, credit card number, or any
10	required security or access code, password,
11	or credentials allowing access to any such
12	account.
13	(iv) Covered data that is biometric in-
14	formation.
15	(v) A persistent identifier.
16	(vi) Precise geolocation information.
17	(vii) The contents of an individual's
18	private communications, such as emails,
19	texts, direct messages, or mail, or the iden-
20	tity of the parties subject to such commu-
21	nications, unless the covered entity is the
22	intended recipient of the communication.
23	(viii) Account log-in credentials such
24	as a user name or email address, in com-
25	bination with a password or security ques-

1	tion and answer that would permit access
2	to an online account.
3	(ix) Covered data revealing an individ-
4	ual's racial or ethnic origin, or religion in
5	a manner inconsistent with the individual's
6	reasonable expectation regarding the proc-
7	essing or transfer of such information.
8	(x) Covered data revealing the sexual
9	orientation or sexual behavior of an indi-
10	vidual in a manner inconsistent with the
11	individual's reasonable expectation regard-
12	ing the processing or transfer of such in-
13	formation.
14	(xi) Covered data about the online ac-
15	tivities of an individual that addresses or
16	reveals a category of covered data de-
17	scribed in another subparagraph of this
18	paragraph.
19	(xii) Covered data that is calendar in-
20	formation, address book information,
21	phone or text logs, photos, or videos main-
22	tained for private use on an individual's
23	device.
24	(xiii) Any covered data collected or
25	processed by a covered entity for the pur-

1	pose of identifying covered data described
2	in another clause of this paragraph.
3	(xiv) Any other category of covered
4	data designated by the Commission pursu-
5	ant to a rulemaking under section 553 of
6	title 5, United States Code.
7	(B) BIOMETRIC INFORMATION.—For pur-
8	poses of subparagraph (A), the term "biometric
9	information"—
10	(i) means the physiological or biologi-
11	cal characteristics of an individual, includ-
12	ing deoxyribonucleic acid, that are used,
13	singly or in combination with each other or
14	with other identifying data, to establish the
15	identity of an individual; and
16	(ii) includes—
17	(I) imagery of the iris, retina,
18	fingerprint, face, hand, palm, vein
19	patterns, and voice recordings, from
20	which an identifier template, such as
21	a faceprint, a minutiae template, or a
22	voiceprint, can be extracted; and
23	(II) keystroke patterns or
24	rhythms, gait patterns or rhythms,

1	and sleep, health, or exercise data
2	that contain identifying information.
3	(C) Persistent identifier.—For pur-
4	poses of subparagraph (A), the term "persistent
5	identifier" means a technologically derived iden-
6	tifier that identifies an individual, or is linked
7	or reasonably linkable to an individual over
8	time and across services and platforms, which
9	may include a customer number held in a cook-
10	ie, a static Internet Protocol address, a proc-
11	essor or device serial number, or another unique
12	device identifier.
13	(D) Precise Geolocation informa-
14	TION.—For purposes of subparagraph (A), the
15	term "precise geolocation information" means
16	technologically derived information capable of
17	determining the past or present actual physical
18	location of an individual or an individual's de-
19	vice at a specific point in time to within 1,750
20	feet.
21	(27) Service Provider.—The term "service
22	provider" means, with respect to a set of covered
23	data, a covered entity that processes or transfers
24	such covered data for the purpose of performing one

1	or more services or functions on behalf of, and at
2	the direction of, another covered entity that—
3	(A) is not related to the covered entity pro-
4	viding the service or function by common own-
5	ership or corporate control; and
6	(B) does not share common branding with
7	the covered entity providing the service or func-
8	tion.
9	(28) Service Provider Data.—The term
10	"service provider data" means, with respect to a set
11	of covered data and a service provider, covered data
12	that is collected by the service provider on behalf of
13	a covered entity or transferred to the service pro-
14	vider by a covered entity for the purpose of allowing
15	the service provider to perform a service or function
16	on behalf of, and at the direction of, such covered
17	entity.
18	(29) Third party.—The term "third party"
19	means, with respect to a set of covered data, a cov-
20	ered entity—
21	(A) that is not a service provider with re-
22	spect to such covered data; and
23	(B) that received such covered data from
24	another covered entity—

1	(i) that is not related to the covered
2	entity by common ownership or corporate
3	control; and
4	(ii) that does not share common
5	branding with the covered entity.
6	(30) Third party data.—The term "third
7	party data" means, with respect to a third party,
8	covered data that has been transferred to the third
9	party by a covered entity.
10	(31) Transfer.—The term "transfer" means
11	to disclose, release, share, disseminate, make avail-
12	able, or license in writing, electronically, or by any
13	other means for consideration of any kind or for a
14	commercial purpose.
15	SEC. 13. EFFECTIVE DATE.
16	Except as otherwise provided in this division, this di-
17	vision shall take effect 18 months after the date of enact-
18	ment of this Act.
19	TITLE I—INDIVIDUAL
20	CONSUMER DATA RIGHTS
21	SEC. 101. CONSUMER LOYALTY.
22	(a) Prohibition on the Denial of Products or
23	Services.—
24	(1) In general.—Subject to paragraph (2), a
25	covered entity shall not deny products or services to

1	an individual because the individual exercises a right
2	established under subparagraph (A), (B), or (D) of
3	section $103(a)(1)$.
4	(2) Rules of application.—A covered enti-
5	ty—
6	(A) shall not be in violation of paragraph
7	(1) with respect to a product or service and an
8	individual if the exercise of a right described in
9	such paragraph by the individual precludes the
10	covered entity from providing such product or
11	service to such individual; and
12	(B) may offer different types of pricing
13	and functionalities with respect to a product or
14	service based on an individual's exercise of a
15	right described in such paragraph.
16	(b) No Waiver of Individual Controls.—The
17	rights and obligations created under section 103 may not
18	be waived in an agreement between a covered entity and
19	an individual.
20	SEC. 102. TRANSPARENCY.
21	(a) In General.—A covered entity that processes
22	covered data shall, with respect to such data, publish a
23	privacy policy that is—

1	(1) disclosed, in a clear and conspicuous man-
2	ner, to an individual prior to or at the point of the
3	collection of covered data from the individual; and
4	(2) made available, in a clear and conspicuous
5	manner, to the public.
6	(b) Content of Privacy Policy.—The privacy pol-
7	icy required under subsection (a) shall include the fol-
8	lowing:
9	(1) The identity and the contact information of
10	the covered entity (including the covered entity's
11	points of contact for privacy and data security in-
12	quiries) and the identity of any affiliate to which
13	covered data may be transferred by the covered enti-
14	ty.
15	(2) The categories of covered data the covered
16	entity collects.
17	(3) The processing purposes for each category
18	of covered data the covered entity collects.
19	(4) Whether the covered entity transfers cov-
20	ered data, the categories of recipients to whom the
21	covered entity transfers covered data, and the pur-
22	poses of the transfers.
23	(5) A general description of the covered entity's
24	data retention practices for covered data and the
25	purposes for such retention.

1	(6) How individuals can exercise their rights
2	under section 103.
3	(7) A general description of the covered entity's
4	data security practices.
5	(8) The effective date of the privacy policy.
6	(c) Languages.—A privacy policy required under
7	subsection (a) shall be made available in all of the lan-
8	guages in which the covered entity provides a product or
9	service that is subject to the policy, or carries out activities
10	related to such product or service.
11	(d) Material Changes.—If a covered entity makes
12	a material change to its privacy policy, it shall notify the
13	individuals affected before further processing or transfer-
14	ring of previously collected covered data and provide an
15	opportunity to withdraw consent to further processing or
16	transferring of the covered data under the changed policy.
17	The covered entity shall provide direct notification, where
18	possible, regarding a material change to the privacy policy
19	to affected individuals, taking into account available tech-
20	nology and the nature of the relationship.
21	(e) Application to Indirect Transfers.—Where
22	the ownership of an individual's device is transferred di-
23	rectly from one individual to another individual, a covered
24	entity may satisfy its obligation to disclose a privacy policy
25	prior to or at the point of collection of covered data by

1	making the privacy policy available under subsection
2	(a)(2).
3	SEC. 103. INDIVIDUAL CONTROL.
4	(a) Access to, and Correction, Deletion, and
5	PORTABILITY OF, COVERED DATA.—
6	(1) In general.—Subject to paragraphs (2)
7	and (3), a covered entity shall provide an individual,
8	immediately or as quickly as possible and in no case
9	later than 90 days after receiving a verified request
10	from the individual, with the right to reasonably—
11	(A) access—
12	(i) the covered data of the individual,
13	or an accurate representation of the cov-
14	ered data of the individual, that is or has
15	been processed by the covered entity or any
16	service provider of the covered entity;
17	(ii) if applicable, a list of categories of
18	third parties and service providers to whom
19	the covered entity has transferred the cov-
20	ered data of the individual; and
21	(iii) if a covered entity transfers cov-
22	ered data, a description of the purpose for
23	which the covered entity transferred the
24	covered data of the individual to a service
25	provider or third party;

1	(B) request that the covered entity—
2	(i) correct material inaccuracies or
3	materially incomplete information with re-
4	spect to the covered data of the individual
5	that is maintained by the covered entity;
6	and
7	(ii) notify any service provider or
8	third party to which the covered entity
9	transferred such covered data of the cor-
10	rected information;
11	(C) request that the covered entity—
12	(i) either delete or de-identify covered
13	data of the individual that is or has been
14	maintained by the covered entity; and
15	(ii) notify any service provider or
16	third party to which the covered entity
17	transferred such covered data of the indi-
18	vidual's request, unless the transfer of
19	such data to the third party was made at
20	the direction of the individual; and
21	(D) to the extent that is technically fea-
22	sible, provide covered data of the individual that
23	is or has been generated and submitted to the
24	covered entity by the individual and maintained
25	by the covered entity in a portable, structured,

1	and machine-readable format that is not subject
2	to licensing restrictions.
3	(2) Frequency and cost of access.—A cov-
4	ered entity shall—
5	(A) provide an individual with the oppor-
6	tunity to exercise the rights described in para-
7	graph (1) not less than twice in any 12-month
8	period; and
9	(B) with respect to the first 2 times that
10	an individual exercises the rights described in
11	paragraph (1) in any 12-month period, allow
12	the individual to exercise such rights free of
13	charge.
14	(3) Exceptions.—A covered entity—
15	(A) shall not comply with a request to ex-
16	ercise the rights described in paragraph (1) if
17	the covered entity cannot verify that the indi-
18	vidual making the request is the individual to
19	whom the covered data that is the subject of
20	the request relates;
21	(B) may decline to comply with a request
22	that would—
23	(i) require the covered entity to retain
24	any covered data for the sole purpose of
25	fulfilling the request;

1	(ii) be impossible or demonstrably im-
2	practicable to comply with; or
3	(iii) require the covered entity to com-
4	bine, relink, or otherwise re-identify cov-
5	ered data that has been de-identified;
6	(iv) result in the release of trade se-
7	crets, or other proprietary or confidential
8	data or business practices;
9	(v) interfere with law enforcement, ju-
10	dicial proceedings, investigations, or rea-
11	sonable efforts to guard against, detect, or
12	investigate malicious or unlawful activity,
13	or enforce contracts;
14	(vi) require disproportionate effort,
15	taking into consideration available tech-
16	nology, or would not be reasonably feasible
17	on technical grounds;
18	(vii) compromise the privacy, security,
19	or other rights of the covered data of an-
20	other individual;
21	(viii) be excessive or abusive to an-
22	other individual; or
23	(ix) violate Federal or State law or
24	the rights and freedoms of another indi-

1	vidual, including under the Constitution of
2	the United States; and
3	(C) may delete covered data instead of pro-
4	viding access and correction rights under sub-
5	paragraphs (A) and (B) of paragraph (1) if
6	such covered data—
7	(i) is not sensitive covered data; and
8	(ii) is used only for the purposes of
9	contacting individuals with respect to mar-
10	keting communications.
11	(b) REGULATIONS.—Not later than 1 year after the
12	date of enactment of this Act, the Commission shall pro-
13	mulgate regulations under section 553 of title 5, United
14	States Code, establishing requirements for covered entities
15	with respect to the verification of requests to exercise
16	rights described in subsection (a)(1).
17	SEC. 104. RIGHTS TO CONSENT.
18	(a) Consent.—Except as provided in section 108, a
19	covered entity shall not, without the prior, affirmative ex-
20	press consent of an individual—
21	(1) transfer sensitive covered data of the indi-
22	vidual to a third party; or
23	(2) process sensitive covered data of the indi-
24	vidual.

1	(b) Requirements for Affirmative Express
2	Consent.—In obtaining the affirmative express consent
3	of an individual to process the sensitive covered data of
4	the individual as required under subsection (a)(2), a cov-
5	ered entity shall provide the individual with notice that
6	shall—
7	(1) include a clear description of the processing
8	purpose for which the sensitive covered data will be
9	processed;
10	(2) clearly identify any processing purpose that
11	is necessary to fulfill a request made by the indi-
12	vidual;
13	(3) include a prominent heading that would en-
14	able a reasonable individual to easily identify the
15	processing purpose for which consent is sought; and
16	(4) clearly explain the individual's right to pro-
17	vide or withhold consent.
18	(c) REQUIREMENTS RELATED TO MINORS.—A cov-
19	ered entity shall not transfer the covered data of an indi-
20	vidual to a third party without affirmative express consent
21	from the individual or the individual's parent or guardian
22	if the covered entity has actual knowledge that the indi-
23	vidual is between 13 and 16 years of age.
24	(d) RIGHT TO OPT OUT.—Except as provided in sec-
25	tion 108, a covered entity shall provide an individual with

the ability to opt out of the collection, processing, or transfer of such individual's covered data before such collection, 3 processing, or transfer occurs. 4 (e) Prohibition on Inferred Consent.—A cov-5 ered entity shall not infer that an individual has provided affirmative express consent to a processing purpose from 6 7 the inaction of the individual or the individual's continued 8 use of a service or product provided by the covered entity. 9 (f) WITHDRAWAL OF CONSENT.—A covered entity 10 shall provide an individual with a clear and conspicuous means to withdraw affirmative express consent. 12 (g) Rulemaking.—The Commission may promul-13 gate regulations under section 553 of title 5, United States Code, to establish requirements for covered entities 14 15 regarding clear and conspicuous procedures for allowing individuals to provide or withdraw affirmative express con-16 17 sent for the collection of sensitive covered data. 18 SEC. 105. MINIMIZING DATA COLLECTION, PROCESSING, 19 AND RETENTION. 20 (a) In General.—A covered entity shall not collect, 21 process, or transfer covered data beyond— 22 (1) what is reasonably necessary, proportionate, 23 and limited to provide or improve a product, service, 24 or a communication about a product or service, in-

cluding what is reasonably necessary, proportionate,

25

1	and limited to provide a product or service specifi-
2	cally requested by an individual or reasonably antici-
3	pated within the context of the covered entity's on-
4	going relationship with an individual;
5	(2) what is reasonably necessary, proportionate,
6	or limited to otherwise process or transfer covered
7	data in a manner that is described in the privacy
8	policy that the covered entity is required to publish
9	under section 102(a); or
10	(3) what is expressly permitted by this division
11	or any other applicable Federal law.
12	(b) Best Practices.—Not later than 1 year after
13	the date of enactment of this Act, the Commission shall
14	issue guidelines recommending best practices for covered
15	entities to minimize the collection, processing, and trans-
16	fer of covered data in accordance with this section.
17	(e) Rule of Construction.—Notwithstanding sec-
18	tion 305 of this division, nothing in this section supersedes
19	any other provision of this division or other applicable
20	Federal law.
21	SEC. 106. SERVICE PROVIDERS AND THIRD PARTIES.
22	(a) Service Providers.—A service provider—
23	(1) shall not process service provider data for
24	any processing purpose that is not performed on be-

1	half of, and at the direction of, the covered entity
2	that transferred the data to the service provider;
3	(2) shall not transfer service provider data to a
4	third party for any purpose other than a purpose
5	performed on behalf of, or at the direction of, the
6	covered entity that transferred the data to the serv-
7	ice provider without the affirmative express consent
8	of the individual to whom the service provider data
9	relates;
10	(3) at the direction of the covered entity that
11	transferred service provider data to the service pro-
12	vider, shall delete or de-identify such data—
13	(A) as soon as practicable after the service
14	provider has completed providing the service or
15	function for which the data was transferred to
16	the service provider; or
17	(B) as soon as practicable after the end of
18	the period during which the service provider is
19	to provide services with respect to such data, as
20	agreed to by the service provider and the cov-
21	ered entity that transferred the data;
22	(4) is exempt from the requirements of section
23	103 with respect to service provider data, but shall,
24	to the extent practicable—

1	(A) assist the covered entity from which it
2	received the service provider data in fulfilling
3	requests to exercise rights under section 103(a);
4	and
5	(B) upon receiving notice from a covered
6	entity of a verified request made under section
7	103(a)(1) to delete, de-identify, or correct serv-
8	ice provider data held by the service provider,
9	delete, de-identify, or correct such data; and
10	(5) is exempt from the requirements of sections
11	104 and 105.
12	(b) Third Parties.—A third party—
13	(1) shall not process third party data for a
14	processing purpose inconsistent with the reasonable
15	expectation of the individual to whom such data re-
16	lates;
17	(2) for purposes of paragraph (1), may reason-
18	ably rely on representations made by the covered en-
19	tity that transferred third party data regarding the
20	reasonable expectations of individuals to whom such
21	data relates, provided that the third party conducts
22	reasonable due diligence on the representations of
23	the covered entity and finds those representations to
24	be credible; and

1	(3) is exempt from the requirements of sections
2	104 and 105.
3	(c) Bankruptcy.—In the event that a covered entity
4	enters into a bankruptcy proceeding which would lead to
5	the disclosure of covered data to a third party, the covered
6	entity shall in a reasonable time prior to the disclosure—
7	(1) provide notice of the proposed disclosure of
8	covered data, including the name of the third party
9	and their policies and practices with respect to the
10	covered data, to all affected individuals; and
11	(2) provide each affected individual with the op-
12	portunity to withdraw any previous affirmative ex-
13	press consent related to the covered data of the indi-
14	vidual or request the deletion or de-identification of
15	the covered data of the individual.
16	(d) Additional Obligations on Covered Enti-
17	TIES.—
18	(1) In general.—A covered entity shall exer-
19	cise reasonable due diligence to ensure compliance
20	with this section before—
21	(A) selecting a service provider; or
22	(B) deciding to transfer covered data to a
23	third party.
24	(2) GUIDANCE.—Not later than 2 years after
25	the effective date of this Act, the Commission shall

1	publish guidance regarding compliance with this sub-
2	section. Such guidance shall, to the extent prac-
3	ticable, minimize unreasonable burdens on small-
4	and medium-sized covered entities.
5	SEC. 107. PRIVACY IMPACT ASSESSMENTS.
6	(a) Privacy Impact Assessments of New or Ma-
7	TERIAL CHANGES TO PROCESSING OF COVERED DATA.—
8	(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after
9	the date of enactment of this Act (or, if later, not
10	later than 1 year after a covered entity first meets
11	the definition of a large data holder (as defined in
12	section 2)), each covered entity that is a large data
13	holder shall conduct a privacy impact assessment of
14	each of their processing activities involving covered
15	data that present a heightened risk of harm to indi-
16	viduals, and each such assessment shall weigh the
17	benefits of the covered entity's covered data collec-
18	tion, processing, and transfer practices against the
19	potential adverse consequences to individual privacy
20	of such practices.
21	(2) Assessment requirements.—A privacy
22	impact assessment required under paragraph (1)—
23	(A) shall be reasonable and appropriate in
24	scope given—

1	(i) the nature of the covered data col-
2	lected, processed, or transferred by the
3	covered entity;
4	(ii) the volume of the covered data
5	collected, processed, or transferred by the
6	covered entity;
7	(iii) the size of the covered entity; and
8	(iv) the potential risks posed to the
9	privacy of individuals by the collection,
10	processing, or transfer of covered data by
11	the covered entity;
12	(B) shall be documented in written form
13	and maintained by the covered entity unless
14	rendered out of date by a subsequent assess-
15	ment conducted under subsection (b); and
16	(C) shall be approved by the data privacy
17	officer of the covered entity.
18	(b) Ongoing Privacy Impact Assessments.—
19	(1) In general.—A covered entity that is a
20	large data holder shall, not less frequently than once
21	every 2 years after the covered entity conducted the
22	privacy impact assessment required under subsection
23	(a), conduct a privacy impact assessment of the col-
24	lection, processing, and transfer of covered data by
25	the covered entity to assess the extent to which—

1	(A) the ongoing practices of the covered
2	entity are consistent with the covered entity's
3	published privacy policies and other representa-
4	tions that the covered entity makes to individ-
5	uals;
6	(B) any customizable privacy settings in-
7	cluded in a service or product offered by the
8	covered entity are adequately accessible to indi-
9	viduals who use the service or product and are
10	effective in meeting the privacy preferences of
11	such individuals;
12	(C) the practices and privacy settings de-
13	scribed in subparagraphs (A) and (B), respec-
14	tively—
15	(i) meet the expectations of a reason-
16	able individual; and
17	(ii) provide an individual with ade-
18	quate control over the individual's covered
19	data;
20	(D) the covered entity could enhance the
21	privacy and security of covered data through
22	technical or operational safeguards such as
23	encryption, de-identification, and other privacy-
24	enhancing technologies; and

1	(E) the processing of covered data is com-
2	patible with the stated purposes for which it
3	was collected.
4	(2) Approval by data privacy officer.—
5	The data privacy officer of a covered entity shall ap-
6	prove the findings of an assessment conducted by
7	the covered entity under this subsection.
8	SEC. 108. SCOPE OF COVERAGE.
9	(a) General Exceptions.—Notwithstanding any
10	provision of this title other than subsections (a) through
11	(c) of section 102, a covered entity may collect, process
12	or transfer covered data for any of the following purposes,
13	provided that the collection, processing, or transfer is rea-
14	sonably necessary, proportionate, and limited to such pur-
15	pose:
16	(1) To initiate or complete a transaction or to
17	fulfill an order or provide a service specifically re-
18	quested by an individual, including associated rou-
19	tine administrative activities such as billing, ship-
20	ping, financial reporting, and accounting.
21	(2) To perform internal system maintenance,
22	diagnostics, product or service management, inven-
23	tory management, and network management.
24	(3) To prevent, detect, or respond to a security
25	incident or trespassing, provide a secure environ-

1	ment, or maintain the safety and security of a prod-
2	uct, service, or individual.
3	(4) To protect against malicious, deceptive
4	fraudulent, or illegal activity.
5	(5) To comply with a legal obligation or the es-
6	tablishment, exercise, analysis, or defense of legal
7	claims or rights, or as required or specifically au-
8	thorized by law.
9	(6) To comply with a civil, criminal, or regu-
10	latory inquiry, investigation, subpoena, or summons
11	by an Executive agency.
12	(7) To cooperate with an Executive agency or
13	a law enforcement official acting under the authority
14	of an Executive or State agency concerning conduct
15	or activity that the Executive agency or law enforce-
16	ment official reasonably and in good faith believes
17	may violate Federal, State, or local law, or pose a
18	threat to public safety or national security.
19	(8) To address risks to the safety of an indi-
20	vidual or group of individuals, or to ensure customer
21	safety, including by authenticating individuals in
22	order to provide access to large venues open to the
23	public.
24	(9) To effectuate a product recall pursuant to
25	Federal or State law

1	(10) To conduct public or peer-reviewed sci-
2	entific, historical, or statistical research that—
3	(A) is in the public interest;
4	(B) adheres to all applicable ethics and
5	privacy laws; and
6	(C) is approved, monitored, and governed
7	by an institutional review board or other over-
8	sight entity that meets standards promulgated
9	by the Commission pursuant to section 553 of
10	title 5, United States Code.
11	(11) To transfer covered data to a service pro-
12	vider.
13	(12) For a purpose identified by the Commis-
14	sion pursuant to a regulation promulgated under
15	subsection (b).
16	(b) Additional Purposes.—The Commission may
17	promulgate regulations under section 553 of title 5,
18	United States Code, identifying additional purposes for
19	which a covered entity may collect, process or transfer cov-
20	ered data.
21	(c) Small Business Exception.—Sections 103,
22	105, and 301 shall not apply in the case of a covered enti-
23	ty that can establish that, for the 3 preceding calendar
24	years (or for the period during which the covered entity
25	has been in existence if such period is less than 3 years)—

1	(1) the covered entity's average annual gross
2	revenues did not exceed \$50,000,000;
3	(2) on average, the covered entity annually
4	processed the covered data of less than 1,000,000
5	individuals;
6	(3) the covered entity never employed more
7	than 500 individuals at any one time; and
8	(4) the covered entity derived less than 50 per-
9	cent of its revenues from transferring covered data.
10	TITLE II—CORPORATE
11	ACCOUNTABILITY
10	SEC. 201. DESIGNATION OF DATA PRIVACY OFFICER AND
12	SEC. 201. DESIGNATION OF DATA PRIVACT OFFICER AND
12 13	DATA SECURITY OFFICER.
13	DATA SECURITY OFFICER.
13 14	DATA SECURITY OFFICER. (a) In General.—A covered entity shall designate—
13 14 15	DATA SECURITY OFFICER. (a) IN GENERAL.—A covered entity shall designate— (1) one or more qualified employees or contrac-
13 14 15 16	DATA SECURITY OFFICER. (a) In General.—A covered entity shall designate— (1) one or more qualified employees or contractors as data privacy officers; and
13 14 15 16 17	DATA SECURITY OFFICER. (a) In General.—A covered entity shall designate— (1) one or more qualified employees or contractors as data privacy officers; and (2) one or more qualified employees or contractors.
13 14 15 16 17	DATA SECURITY OFFICER. (a) In General.—A covered entity shall designate— (1) one or more qualified employees or contractors as data privacy officers; and (2) one or more qualified employees or contractors (in addition to any employee or contractor designate—
13 14 15 16 17 18	(a) In General.—A covered entity shall designate— (1) one or more qualified employees or contractors as data privacy officers; and (2) one or more qualified employees or contractors (in addition to any employee or contractor designated under paragraph (1)) as data security offi-
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	(a) In General.—A covered entity shall designate— (1) one or more qualified employees or contractors as data privacy officers; and (2) one or more qualified employees or contractors (in addition to any employee or contractor designated under paragraph (1)) as data security officers.
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(a) In General.—A covered entity shall designate— (1) one or more qualified employees or contractors as data privacy officers; and (2) one or more qualified employees or contractors (in addition to any employee or contractor designated under paragraph (1)) as data security officers. (b) Responsibilities of Data Privacy Officers

1	sible for, at a minimum, coordinating the covered entity's
2	policies and practices regarding—
3	(1) in the case of a data privacy officer, compli-
4	ance with the privacy requirements with respect to
5	covered data under this division; and
6	(2) in the case of a data security officer, the se-
7	curity requirements with respect to covered data
8	under this division.
9	SEC. 202. INTERNAL CONTROLS.
10	A covered entity shall maintain internal controls and
11	reporting structures to ensure that appropriate senior
12	management officials of the covered entity are involved in
13	assessing risks and making decisions that implicate com-
14	pliance with this division.
15	SEC. 203. WHISTLEBLOWER PROTECTIONS.
16	(a) Definitions.—For purposes of this section:
17	(1) Whistleblower.—The term "whistle-
18	blower" means any employee or contractor of a cov-
19	ered entity who voluntarily provides to the Commis-
20	sion original information relating to non-compliance
21	with, or any violation or alleged violation of, this di-
22	vision or any regulation promulgated under this divi-
23	sion.

1	(2) Original information.—The term "origi-
2	nal information" means information that is provided
3	to the Commission by an individual and—
4	(A) is derived from the independent knowl-
5	edge or analysis of an individual;
6	(B) is not known to the Commission from
7	any other source at the time the individual pro-
8	vides the information; and
9	(C) is not exclusively derived from an alle-
10	gation made in a judicial or an administrative
11	action, in a governmental report, a hearing, an
12	audit, or an investigation, or from news media,
13	unless the individual is a source of the allega-
14	tion.
15	(b) Effect of Whistleblower Retaliations on
16	Penalties.—In seeking penalties under section 301 for
17	a violation of this division or a regulation promulgated
18	under this division by a covered entity, the Commission
19	shall consider whether the covered entity retaliated against
20	an individual who was a whistleblower with respect to
21	original information that led to the successful resolution
22	of an administrative or judicial action brought by the
23	Commission or the Attorney General of the United States
24	under this division against such covered entity.

TITLE III—ENFORCEMENT AU-1 PRO-**THORITY AND NEW** 2 **GRAMS** 3 4 SEC. 301. ENFORCEMENT BY THE FEDERAL TRADE COM-5 MISSION. 6 (a) Unfair or Deceptive Acts or Practices.— 7 A violation of this division or a regulation promulgated under this division shall be treated as a violation of a rule defining an unfair or deceptive act or practice prescribed 10 under section 18(a)(1)(B) of the Federal Trade Commission Act (15 U.S.C. 57a(a)(1)(B)). 11 12 (b) Powers of Commission.— 13 (1) In General.—Except as provided in para-14 graphs (3) and (4), the Commission shall enforce 15 this division and the regulations promulgated under 16 this division in the same manner, by the same 17 means, and with the same jurisdiction, powers, and 18 duties as though all applicable terms and provisions 19 of the Federal Trade Commission Act (15 U.S.C. 41 20 et seq.) were incorporated into and made a part of 21 this division. 22 (2) Privileges and immunities.—Any person 23 who violates this division or a regulation promul-24 gated under this division shall be subject to the pen-25 alties and entitled to the privileges and immunities

1	provided in the Federal Trade Commission Act (15
2	U.S.C. 41 et seq.).
3	(3) Limiting certain actions unrelated
4	TO THIS DIVISION; AUTHORITY PRESERVED.—
5	(A) In General.—The Commission shall
6	not bring any action to enforce the prohibition
7	in section 5 of the Federal Trade Commission
8	Act (15 U.S.C. 45) on unfair or deceptive acts
9	or practices with respect to the privacy or secu-
10	rity of covered data, unless such action is con-
11	sistent with this division.
12	(B) Rule of construction.—Except as
13	provided in paragraph (1), nothing in this divi-
14	sion shall be construed to limit the authority of
15	the Commission under any other provision of
16	law, or to limit the Commission's authority to
17	bring actions under section 5 of the Federal
18	Trade Commission Act (15 U.S.C. 45) relating
19	to unfair or deceptive acts or practices to en-
20	force the provisions of this division and regula-
21	tions promulgated thereunder, including to en-
22	sure that privacy policies required under section
23	102 are truthful and non-misleading.
24	(c) Common Carriers and Nonprofit Organiza-
25	TIONS.—Notwithstanding section 4, 5(a)(2), or 6 of the

1	Federal Trade Commission Act (15 U.S.C. 44, 45(a)(2),
2	46) or any jurisdictional limitation of the Commission, the
3	Commission shall also enforce this division and the regula-
4	tions promulgated under this division, in the same manner
5	provided in paragraphs (1) and (2) of this subsection, with
6	respect to—
7	(1) common carriers subject to the Communica-
8	tions Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 151 et seq.) and all
9	Acts amendatory thereof and supplementary thereto;
10	and
11	(2) organizations not organized to carry on
12	business for their own profit or that of their mem-
13	bers.
14	(d) Data Privacy and Security Fund.—
15	(1) Establishment of victims relief
16	FUND.—There is established in the Treasury of the
17	United States a separate fund to be known as the
18	"Data Privacy and Security Victims Relief Fund"
19	(referred to in this paragraph as the "Victims Relief
20	Fund").
21	(2) Deposits.—
22	(A) Deposits from the commission.—
23	The Commission shall deposit into the Victims
24	Relief Fund the amount of any civil penalty ob-
25	tained against any covered entity in any action

1	the Commission commences to enforce this divi-
2	sion or a regulation promulgated under this di-
3	vision.
4	(B) Deposits from the attorney gen-
5	ERAL.—The Attorney General of the United
6	States shall deposit into the Victims Relief
7	Fund the amount of any civil penalty obtained
8	against any covered entity in any action the At-
9	torney General commences on behalf of the
10	Commission to enforce this division or a regula-
11	tion promulgated under this division.
12	(3) Use of fund amounts.—Amounts in the
13	Victims Relief Fund shall be available to the Com-
14	mission, without fiscal year limitation, to provide re-
15	dress, payments or compensation, or other monetary
16	relief to individuals affected by an act or practice for
17	which civil penalties have been imposed under this
18	division. To the extent that individuals cannot be lo-
19	cated or such redress, payments or compensation, or
20	other monetary relief are otherwise not practicable,
21	the Commission may use such funds for the purpose
22	of consumer or business education relating to data
23	privacy and security or for the purpose of engaging
24	in technological research that the Commission con-
25	siders necessary to enforce this division.

1	(4) Amounts not subject to apportion-
2	MENT.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law,
3	amounts in the Victims Relief Fund shall not be
4	subject to apportionment for purposes of chapter 15
5	of title 31, United States Code, or under any other
6	authority.
7	(e) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
8	are authorized to be appropriated to the Commission
9	\$100,000,000 to carry out this division.
10	SEC. 302. ENFORCEMENT BY STATE ATTORNEYS GENERAL.
11	(a) CIVIL ACTION.—Except as provided in subsection
12	(h), in any case in which the attorney general of a State
13	has reason to believe that an interest of the residents of
14	that State has been or is adversely affected by the engage-
15	ment of any covered entity in an act or practice that vio-
16	lates this division or a regulation promulgated under this
17	division, the attorney general of the State, as parens
18	patriae, may bring a civil action on behalf of the residents
19	of the State in an appropriate district court of the United
20	States to—
21	(1) enjoin that act or practice;
22	(2) enforce compliance with this division or the
23	regulation;

1	(3) obtain damages, civil penalties, restitution,
2	or other compensation on behalf of the residents of
3	the State; or
4	(4) obtain such other relief as the court may
5	consider to be appropriate.
6	(b) Rights of the Commission.—
7	(1) In general.—Except where not feasible,
8	the attorney general of a State shall notify the Com-
9	mission in writing prior to initiating a civil action
10	under subsection (a). Such notice shall include a
11	copy of the complaint to be filed to initiate such ac-
12	tion. Upon receiving such notice, the Commission
13	may intervene in such action and, upon inter-
14	vening—
15	(A) be heard on all matters arising in such
16	action; and
17	(B) file petitions for appeal of a decision in
18	such action.
19	(2) Notification timeline.—Where it is not
20	feasible for the attorney general of a State to pro-
21	vide the notification required by paragraph (2) be-
22	fore initiating a civil action under paragraph (1), the
23	attorney general shall notify the Commission imme-
24	diately after initiating the civil action.

1 (c) Consolidation of Actions Brought by Two 2 OR MORE STATE ATTORNEYS GENERAL.—Whenever a 3 civil action under subsection (a) is pending and another 4 civil action or actions are commenced pursuant to such 5 subsection in a different Federal district court or courts that involve one or more common questions of fact, such 6 action or actions shall be transferred for the purposes of 8 consolidated pretrial proceedings and trial to the United States District Court for the District of Columbia; pro-10 vided however, that no such action shall be transferred if pretrial proceedings in that action have been concluded before a subsequent action is filed by the attorney general of the State. 13 14 (d) ACTIONS BY COMMISSION.—In any case in which 15 a civil action is instituted by or on behalf of the Commission for violation of this division or a regulation promul-16 17 gated under this division, no attorney general of a State may, during the pendency of such action, institute a civil 18 action against any defendant named in the complaint in 19 the action instituted by or on behalf of the Commission 20 21 for violation of this division or a regulation promulgated 22 under this division that is alleged in such complaint. 23 (e) Investigatory Powers.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent the attorney general of a State or another authorized official of a State from exer-25

1	cising the powers conferred on the attorney general or the
2	State official by the laws of the State to conduct investiga-
3	tions, to administer oaths or affirmations, or to compel
4	the attendance of witnesses or the production of documen-
5	tary or other evidence.
6	(f) Venue; Service of Process.—
7	(1) Venue.—Any action brought under sub-
8	section (a) may be brought in the district court of
9	the United States that meets applicable require-
10	ments relating to venue under section 1391 of title
11	28, United States Code.
12	(2) Service of Process.—In an action
13	brought under subsection (a), process may be served
14	in any district in which the defendant—
15	(A) is an inhabitant; or
16	(B) may be found.
17	(g) Actions by Other State Officials.—
18	(1) In General.—Any State official who is au-
19	thorized by the State attorney general to be the ex-
20	clusive authority in that State to enforce this divi-
21	sion may bring a civil action under subsection (a),
22	subject to the same requirements and limitations
23	that apply under this section to civil actions brought
24	under such subsection by State attorneys general.

(2) Authority Preserved.—Nothing in this
section shall be construed to prohibit an authorized
official of a State from initiating or continuing any
proceeding in a court of the State for a violation of
any civil or criminal law of the State.
SEC. 303. APPROVED CERTIFICATION PROGRAMS.
(a) In General.—The Commission shall establish a
program in which the Commission shall approve voluntary
consensus standards or certification programs that cov-
ered entities may use to comply with one or more provi-
sions in this division.
(b) Effect of Approval.—A covered entity in com-
pliance with a voluntary consensus standard approved by
the Commission shall be deemed to be in compliance with
the provisions of this division.
(c) Time for Approval.—The Commission shall
issue a decision regarding the approval of a proposed vol-
untary consensus standard not later than 180 days after
a request for approval is submitted.
(d) Effect of Non-Compliance.—A covered entity
that claims compliance with an approved voluntary con-
sensus standard and is found not to be in compliance with
such program by the Commission or in any judicial pro-
ceeding shall be considered to be in violation of the section

5 of the Federal Trade Commission Act (15 U.S.C. 45) prohibition on unfair or deceptive acts or practices. 3 (e) Rulemaking.—Not later than 120 days after the 4 date of enactment of this Act, the Commission shall promulgate regulations under section 553 of title 5, United 5 States Code, establishing a process for review of requests 6 for approval of proposed voluntary consensus standards 8 under this section. 9 (f) REQUIREMENTS.—To be eligible for approval by the Commission, a voluntary consensus standard shall 10 meet the requirements for voluntary consensus standards 12 set forth in Office of Management and Budget Circular A-119, or other equivalent guidance document, ensuring that they are the result of due process procedures and ap-14 15 propriately balance the interests of all the stakeholders, including individuals, businesses, organizations, and other 16 17 entities making lawful uses of the covered data covered 18 by the standard, and— 19 (1) specify clear and enforceable requirements 20 for covered entities participating in the program that 21 provide an overall level of data privacy or data secu-22 rity protection that is equivalent to or greater than 23 that provided in the relevant provisions in this divi-24 sion;

1	(2) require each participating covered entity to
2	post in a prominent place a clear and conspicuous
3	public attestation of compliance and a link to the
4	website described in paragraph (4);
5	(3) include a process for an independent assess-
6	ment of a participating covered entity's compliance
7	with the voluntary consensus standard or certifi-
8	cation program prior to certification and at reason-
9	able intervals thereafter;
10	(4) create a website describing the voluntary
11	consensus standard or certification program's goals
12	and requirements, listing participating covered enti-
13	ties, and providing a method for individuals to ask
14	questions and file complaints about the program or
15	any participating covered entity;
16	(5) take meaningful action for non-compliance
17	with the relevant provisions of this division by any
18	participating covered entity, which shall depend on
19	the severity of the non-compliance and may in-
20	clude—
21	(A) removing the covered entity from the
22	program;
23	(B) referring the covered entity to the
24	Commission or other appropriate Federal or
25	State agencies for enforcement;

1	(C) publicly reporting the disciplinary ac-
2	tion taken with respect to the covered entity;
3	(D) providing redress to individuals
4	harmed by the non-compliance;
5	(E) making voluntary payments to the
6	United States Treasury; and
7	(F) taking any other action or actions to
8	ensure the compliance of the covered entity with
9	respect to the relevant provisions of this divi-
10	sion; and
11	(6) issue annual reports to the Commission and
12	to the public detailing the activities of the program
13	and its effectiveness during the preceding year in en-
14	suring compliance with the relevant provisions of
15	this division by participating covered entities and
16	taking meaningful disciplinary action for non-compli-
17	ance with such provisions by such entities.
18	SEC. 304. RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN FEDERAL AND STATE
19	LAW.
20	(a) Relationship to State Law.—No State or po-
21	litical subdivision of a State may adopt, maintain, enforce,
22	or continue in effect any law, regulation, rule, require-
23	ment, or standard related to the data privacy or data secu-
24	rity and associated activities of covered entities.

1	(b) SAVINGS PROVISION.—Subsection (a) may not be
2	construed to preempt State laws that directly establish re-
3	quirements for the notification of consumers in the event
4	of a data breach.
5	(c) Relationship to Other Federal Laws.—
6	(1) In general.—Except as provided in para-
7	graphs (2) and (3), the requirements of this division
8	shall supersede any other Federal law or regulation
9	relating to the privacy or security of covered data or
10	associated activities of covered entities.
11	(2) Savings provision.—This division may
12	not be construed to modify, limit, or supersede the
13	operation of the following:
14	(A) The Children's Online Privacy Protec-
15	tion Act (15 U.S.C. 6501 et seq.).
16	(B) The Communications Assistance for
17	Law Enforcement Act (47 U.S.C. 1001 et seq.).
18	(C) Section 227 of the Communications
19	Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 227).
20	(D) Title V of the Gramm-Leach-Bliley
21	Act (15 U.S.C. 6801 et seq.).
22	(E) The Fair Credit Reporting Act (15
23	U.S.C. 1681 et seq.).
24	(F) The Health Insurance Portability and
25	Accountability Act (Public Law 104–191).

1	(G) The Electronic Communications Pri-
2	vacy Act (18 U.S.C. 2510 et seq.).
3	(H) Section 444 of the General Education
4	Provisions Act (20 U.S.C. 1232g) (commonly
5	referred to as the "Family Educational Rights
6	and Privacy Act of 1974").
7	(I) The Driver's Privacy Protection Act of
8	1994 (18 U.S.C. 2721 et seq.).
9	(J) The Federal Aviation Act of 1958 (49
10	U.S.C. App. 1301 et seq.).
11	(K) The Health Information Technology
12	for Economic and Clinical Health Act (42
13	U.S.C. 17931 et seq.).
14	(3) Compliance with saved federal
15	LAWS.—To the extent that the data collection, proc-
16	essing, or transfer activities of a covered entity are
17	subject to a law listed in paragraph (2), such activi-
18	ties of such entity shall not be subject to the re-
19	quirements of this division.
20	(4) Nonapplication of fcc laws and regu-
21	LATIONS TO COVERED ENTITIES.—Notwithstanding
22	any other provision of law, neither any provision of
23	the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 151 et
24	seq.) and all Acts amendatory thereof and supple-
25	mentary thereto nor any regulation promulgated by

1 the Federal Communications Commission under 2 such Acts shall apply to any covered entity with re-3 spect to the collection, use, processing, transferring, or security of individual information, except to the 5 extent that such provision or regulation pertains 6 solely to "911" lines or other emergency line of a 7 hospital, medical provider or service office, health 8 care facility, poison control center, fire protection 9 agency, or law enforcement agency.

10 SEC. 305. CONSTITUTIONAL AVOIDANCE.

- The provisions of this division shall be construed, to
- 12 the greatest extent possible, to avoid conflicting with the
- 13 Constitution of the United States, including the protec-
- 14 tions of free speech and freedom of the press established
- 15 under the First Amendment to the Constitution of the
- 16 United States.

17 SEC. 306. SEVERABILITY.

- 18 If any provision of this division, or an amendment
- 19 made by this division, is determined to be unenforceable
- 20 or invalid, the remaining provisions of this division and
- 21 the amendments made by this division shall not be af-
- 22 fected.

