

AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE
TO H. CON. RES. _____
OFFERED BY MR. POCAN OF WISCONSIN

Strike all after the resolving clause and insert the following:

1 SECTION 1. CONCURRENT RESOLUTION ON THE BUDGET
2 FOR FISCAL YEAR 2018.

3 (a) DECLARATION.—Congress declares that this con-
4 current resolution is the concurrent resolution on the
5 budget for fiscal year 2018 and sets forth the appropriate
6 budgetary levels for fiscal years 2017 and 2019 through
7 2027.

8 (b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents for
9 this concurrent resolution is as follows:

Sec. 1. Concurrent resolution on the budget for fiscal year 2018.

TITLE I—RECOMMENDED LEVELS AND AMOUNTS

Sec. 101. Recommended levels and amounts.

Sec. 102. Major functional categories.

TITLE II—ESTIMATES OF DIRECT SPENDING

Sec. 1. Direct spending.

TITLE III—MISCELLANEOUS BUDGET ENFORCEMENT

Sec. 301. Point of order against advance Appropriations.

Sec. 302. Point of order against funding for certain immigration enforcement efforts.

1 **TITLE I—RECOMMENDED**
2 **LEVELS AND AMOUNTS**

3 **SEC. 101. RECOMMENDED LEVELS AND AMOUNTS.**

4 The following budgetary levels are appropriate for
5 each of fiscal years 2017 through 2027:

6 (1) FEDERAL REVENUES.—For purposes of the
7 enforcement of this concurrent resolution:

8 (A) The recommended levels of Federal
9 revenues are as follows:

10 Fiscal year 2017: \$2,566,010,000,000.

11 Fiscal year 2018: \$3,231,053,000,000.

12 Fiscal year 2019: \$3,754,112,000,000.

13 Fiscal year 2020: \$3,852,015,000,000.

14 Fiscal year 2021: \$4,011,871,000,000.

15 Fiscal year 2022: \$4,197,338,000,000.

16 Fiscal year 2023: \$4,295,865,000,000.

17 Fiscal year 2024: \$4,405,818,000,000.

18 Fiscal year 2025: \$4,617,110,000,000.

19 Fiscal year 2026: \$4,840,032,000,000.

20 Fiscal year 2027: \$5,069,484,000,000.

21 (B) The amounts by which the aggregate
22 levels of Federal revenues should be changed
23 are as follows:

24 Fiscal year 2017: \$0.

25 Fiscal year 2018: \$497,484,000,000.

- 1 Fiscal year 2019: \$920,604,000,000.
- 2 Fiscal year 2020: \$901,439,000,000.
- 3 Fiscal year 2021: \$951,960,000,000.
- 4 Fiscal year 2022: \$1,014,422,000,000.
- 5 Fiscal year 2023: \$977,949,000,000.
- 6 Fiscal year 2024: \$943,390,000,000.
- 7 Fiscal year 2025: \$994,932,000,000.
- 8 Fiscal year 2026: \$1,050,654,000,000.
- 9 Fiscal year 2027: \$1,111,097,000,000.

10 (2) NEW BUDGET AUTHORITY.—For purposes
11 of the enforcement of this concurrent resolution, the
12 appropriate levels of total new budget authority are
13 as follows:

- 14 Fiscal year 2017: \$3,558,164,000,000.
- 15 Fiscal year 2018: \$3,809,501,000,000.
- 16 Fiscal year 2019: \$3,889,380,000,000.
- 17 Fiscal year 2020: \$4,085,946,000,000.
- 18 Fiscal year 2021: \$4,242,299,000,000.
- 19 Fiscal year 2022: \$4,524,849,000,000.
- 20 Fiscal year 2023: \$4,667,232,000,000.
- 21 Fiscal year 2024: \$4,840,870,000,000.
- 22 Fiscal year 2025: \$5,123,649,000,000.
- 23 Fiscal year 2026: \$5,359,292,000,000.
- 24 Fiscal year 2027: \$5,604,559,000,000.

1 (3) BUDGET OUTLAYS.—For purposes of the
2 enforcement of this concurrent resolution, the appro-
3 priate levels of total budget outlays are as follows:

4 Fiscal year 2017: \$3,411,968,000,000.

5 Fiscal year 2018: \$3,801,027,000,000.

6 Fiscal year 2019: \$3,859,325,000,000.

7 Fiscal year 2020: \$4,031,449,000,000.

8 Fiscal year 2021: \$4,190,238,000,000.

9 Fiscal year 2022: \$4,474,256,000,000.

10 Fiscal year 2023: \$4,610,999,000,000.

11 Fiscal year 2024: \$4,770,214,000,000.

12 Fiscal year 2025: \$5,057,717,000,000.

13 Fiscal year 2026: \$5,301,376,000,000.

14 Fiscal year 2027: \$5,545,750,000,000.

15 (4) DEFICITS (ON-BUDGET).—For purposes of
16 the enforcement of this concurrent resolution, the
17 amounts of the deficits (on-budget) are as follows:

18 Fiscal year 2017: -\$845,569,000,000.

19 Fiscal year 2018: -\$569,974,000,000.

20 Fiscal year 2019: -\$569,974,000,000.

21 Fiscal year 2020: -\$179,434,000,000.

22 Fiscal year 2021: -\$178,367,000,000.

23 Fiscal year 2022: -\$276,918,000,000.

24 Fiscal year 2023: -\$315,134,000,000.

25 Fiscal year 2024: -\$364,396,000,000.

1 Fiscal year 2025: -\$440,607,000,000.

2 Fiscal year 2026: -\$461,344,000,000.

3 Fiscal year 2027: -\$476,266,000,000.

4 (5) DEBT SUBJECT TO LIMIT.—The appropriate
5 levels of debt subject to limit are as follows:

6 Fiscal year 2017: \$20,611,000,000.

7 Fiscal year 2018: \$21,412,000,000.

8 Fiscal year 2019: \$21,584,000,000.

9 Fiscal year 2020: \$21,734,000,000.

10 Fiscal year 2021: \$22,490,000,000.

11 Fiscal year 2022: \$22,950,000,000.

12 Fiscal year 2023: \$23,489,000,000.

13 Fiscal year 2024: \$24,111,000,000.

14 Fiscal year 2025: \$24,809,000,000.

15 Fiscal year 2026: \$25,597,000,000.

16 Fiscal year 2027: \$26,305,000,000.

17 (6) DEBT HELD BY THE PUBLIC.—The appro-
18 priate levels of debt held by the public are as follows:

19 Fiscal year 2017: \$15,093,000,000.

20 Fiscal year 2018: \$15,752,000,000.

21 Fiscal year 2019: \$15,985,000,000.

22 Fiscal year 2020: \$16,322,000,000.

23 Fiscal year 2021: \$16,693,000,000.

24 Fiscal year 2022: \$17,202,000,000.

25 Fiscal year 2023: \$17,794,000,000.

1 Fiscal year 2024: \$18,483,000,000.

2 Fiscal year 2025: \$19,300,000,000.

3 Fiscal year 2026: \$20,195,000,000.

4 Fiscal year 2027: \$21,166,000,000.

5 **SEC. 102. MAJOR FUNCTIONAL CATEGORIES.**

6 Congress determines and declares that the appro-
7 priate levels of new budget authority and outlays for fiscal
8 years 2017 through 2027 for each major functional cat-
9 egory are:

10 (1) National Defense (050):

11 Fiscal year 2017:

12 (A) New budget authority,
13 \$620,810,000,000.

14 (B) Outlays, \$597,390,000,000.

15 Fiscal year 2018:

16 (A) New budget authority,
17 \$570,786,000,000.

18 (B) Outlays, \$573,048,000,000.

19 Fiscal year 2019:

20 (A) New budget authority,
21 \$581,900,000,000.

22 (B) Outlays, \$575,522,000,000.

23 Fiscal year 2020:

24 (A) New budget authority,
25 \$594,087,000,000.

1 (B) Outlays, \$582,924,000,000.

2 Fiscal year 2021:

3 (A) New budget authority,

4 \$609,309,000,000.

5 (B) Outlays, \$594,652,000,000.

6 Fiscal year 2022:

7 (A) New budget authority,

8 \$623,521,000,000.

9 (B) Outlays, \$611,949,000,000.

10 Fiscal year 2023:

11 (A) New budget authority,

12 \$637,690,000,000.

13 (B) Outlays, \$620,850,000,000.

14 Fiscal year 2024:

15 (A) New budget authority,

16 \$655,897,000,000.

17 (B) Outlays, \$632,247,000,000.

18 Fiscal year 2025:

19 (A) New budget authority,

20 \$670,145,000,000.

21 (B) Outlays, \$651,864,000,000.

22 Fiscal year 2026:

23 (A) New budget authority,

24 \$680,394,000,000.

25 (B) Outlays, \$663,759,000,000.

1 Fiscal year 2027:

2 (A) New budget authority,

3 \$690,786,000,000.

4 (B) Outlays, \$674,679,000,000.

5 (2) International Affairs (150):

6 Fiscal year 2017:

7 (A) New budget authority,

8 \$65,918,000,000.

9 (B) Outlays, \$50,533,000,000.

10 Fiscal year 2018:

11 (A) New budget authority,

12 \$55,508,000,000.

13 (B) Outlays, \$50,831,000,000.

14 Fiscal year 2019:

15 (A) New budget authority,

16 \$60,425,000,000.

17 (B) Outlays, \$55,384,000,000.

18 Fiscal year 2020:

19 (A) New budget authority,

20 \$64,369,000,000.

21 (B) Outlays, \$59,870,000,000.

22 Fiscal year 2021:

23 (A) New budget authority,

24 69,575,000,000.

25 (B) Outlays, \$64,106,000,000.

1 Fiscal year 2022:

2 (A) New budget authority,

3 \$73,547,000,000.

4 (B) Outlays, \$69,255,000,000.

5 Fiscal year 2023:

6 (A) New budget authority,

7 \$76,986,000,000.

8 (B) Outlays, \$73,094,000,000.

9 Fiscal year 2024:

10 (A) New budget authority,

11 \$80,697,000,000.

12 (B) Outlays, \$76,618,000,000.

13 Fiscal year 2025:

14 (A) New budget authority,

15 \$84,476,000,000.

16 (B) Outlays, \$80,127,000,000.

17 Fiscal year 2026:

18 (A) New budget authority,

19 \$88,702,000,000.

20 (B) Outlays, \$83,952,000,000.

21 Fiscal year 2027:

22 (A) New budget authority,

23 \$92,835,000,000.

24 (B) Outlays, \$87,887,000,000.

1 (3) General Science, Space, and Technology

2 (250):

3 Fiscal year 2017:

4 (A) New budget authority,

5 \$31,562,000,000.

6 (B) Outlays, \$30,853,000,000.

7 Fiscal year 2018:

8 (A) New budget authority,

9 \$35,239,000,000.

10 (B) Outlays, \$33,151,000,000.

11 Fiscal year 2019:

12 (A) New budget authority,

13 \$37,743,000,000.

14 (B) Outlays, \$35,678,000,000.

15 Fiscal year 2020:

16 (A) New budget authority,

17 \$39,747,000,000.

18 (B) Outlays, \$37,880,000,000.

19 Fiscal year 2021:

20 (A) New budget authority,

21 \$42,204,000,000.

22 (B) Outlays, \$40,117,000,000.

23 Fiscal year 2022:

24 (A) New budget authority,

25 \$44,567,000,000.

1 (B) Outlays, \$42,522,000,000.

2 Fiscal year 2023:

3 (A) New budget authority,

4 \$46,123,000,000.

5 (B) Outlays, \$44,442,000,000.

6 Fiscal year 2024:

7 (A) New budget authority,

8 \$47,766,000,000.

9 (B) Outlays, \$46,120,000,000.

10 Fiscal year 2025:

11 (A) New budget authority,

12 \$49,490,000,000.

13 (B) Outlays, \$47,818,000,000.

14 Fiscal year 2026:

15 (A) New budget authority,

16 \$51,349,000,000.

17 (B) Outlays, \$49,597,000,000.

18 Fiscal year 2027:

19 (A) New budget authority,

20 \$53,198,000,000.

21 (B) Outlays, \$51,390,000,000.

22 (4) Energy (270):

23 Fiscal year 2017:

24 (A) New budget authority,

25 \$5,003,000,000.

1 (B) Outlays, \$3,017,000,000.

2 Fiscal year 2018:

3 (A) New budget authority,

4 \$57,581,000,000.

5 (B) Outlays, \$54,382,000,000.

6 Fiscal year 2019:

7 (A) New budget authority,

8 \$59,900,000,000.

9 (B) Outlays, \$56,610,000,000.

10 Fiscal year 2020:

11 (A) New budget authority,

12 \$61,645,000,000.

13 (B) Outlays, \$58,813,000,000.

14 Fiscal year 2021:

15 (A) New budget authority,

16 \$63,511,000,000.

17 (B) Outlays, \$60,658,000,000.

18 Fiscal year 2022:

19 (A) New budget authority,

20 \$65,073,000,000.

21 (B) Outlays, \$62,314,000,000.

22 Fiscal year 2023:

23 (A) New budget authority,

24 \$64,918,000,000.

25 (B) Outlays, \$62,631,000,000.

1 Fiscal year 2024:

2 (A) New budget authority,

3 \$65,290,000,000.

4 (B) Outlays, \$63,142,000,000.

5 Fiscal year 2025:

6 (A) New budget authority,

7 \$66,119,000,000.

8 (B) Outlays, \$64,100,000,000.

9 Fiscal year 2026:

10 (A) New budget authority,

11 \$69,437,000,000.

12 (B) Outlays, \$67,375,000,000.

13 Fiscal year 2027:

14 (A) New budget authority,

15 \$70,575,000,000.

16 (B) Outlays, \$68,547,000,000.

17 (5) Natural Resources and Environment (300):

18 Fiscal year 2017:

19 (A) New budget authority,

20 \$40,851,000,000.

21 (B) Outlays, \$41,010,000,000.

22 Fiscal year 2018:

23 (A) New budget authority,

24 \$122,495,000,000.

25 (B) Outlays, \$122,147,000,000.

1 Fiscal year 2019:

2 (A) New budget authority,

3 \$125,237,000,000.

4 (B) Outlays, \$124,382,000,000.

5 Fiscal year 2020:

6 (A) New budget authority,

7 \$128,313,000,000.

8 (B) Outlays, \$127,136,000,000.

9 Fiscal year 2021:

10 (A) New budget authority,

11 \$69,915,000,000.

12 (B) Outlays, \$68,294,000,000.

13 Fiscal year 2022:

14 (A) New budget authority,

15 \$72,613,000,000.

16 (B) Outlays, \$70,715,000,000.

17 Fiscal year 2023:

18 (A) New budget authority,

19 \$74,531,000,000.

20 (B) Outlays, \$72,930,000,000.

21 Fiscal year 2024:

22 (A) New budget authority,

23 \$76,400,000,000.

24 (B) Outlays, \$74,852,000,000.

25 Fiscal year 2025:

1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$78,455,000,000.
3 (B) Outlays, \$76,818,000,000.
4 Fiscal year 2026:
5 (A) New budget authority,
6 \$80,604,000,000.
7 (B) Outlays, \$78,839,000,000.
8 Fiscal year 2027:
9 (A) New budget authority,
10 \$82,820,000,000.
11 (B) Outlays, \$81,015,000,000.
12 (6) Agriculture (350):
13 Fiscal year 2017:
14 (A) New budget authority,
15 \$21,930,000,000.
16 (B) Outlays, \$18,001,000,000.
17 Fiscal year 2018:
18 (A) New budget authority,
19 \$24,023,000,000.
20 (B) Outlays, \$22,713,000,000.
21 Fiscal year 2019:
22 (A) New budget authority,
23 \$19,735,000,000.
24 (B) Outlays, \$18,240,000,000.
25 Fiscal year 2020:

1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$18,298,000,000.
3 (B) Outlays, \$17,479,000,000.
4 Fiscal year 2021:
5 (A) New budget authority,
6 \$19,431,000,000.
7 (B) Outlays, \$18,832,000,000.
8 Fiscal year 2022:
9 (A) New budget authority,
10 \$18,437,000,000.
11 (B) Outlays, \$17,941,000,000.
12 Fiscal year 2023:
13 (A) New budget authority,
14 \$18,610,000,000.
15 (B) Outlays, \$18,178,000,000.
16 Fiscal year 2024:
17 (A) New budget authority,
18 \$19,068,000,000.
19 (B) Outlays, \$18,514,000,000.
20 Fiscal year 2025:
21 (A) New budget authority,
22 \$19,832,000,000.
23 (B) Outlays, \$19,180,000,000.
24 Fiscal year 2026:

1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$20,105,000,000.
3 (B) Outlays, \$19,475,000,000.
4 Fiscal year 2027:
5 (A) New budget authority,
6 \$19,938,000,000.
7 (B) Outlays, \$19,328,000,000.
8 (7) Commerce and Housing Credit (370):
9 Fiscal year 2017:
10 (A) New budget authority,
11 -\$2,759,000,000.
12 (B) Outlays, -\$19,274,000,000.
13 Fiscal year 2018:
14 (A) New budget authority,
15 \$18,131,000,000.
16 (B) Outlays, \$3,689,000,000.
17 Fiscal year 2019:
18 (A) New budget authority,
19 \$21,724,000,000.
20 (B) Outlays, \$11,883,000,000.
21 Fiscal year 2020:
22 (A) New budget authority,
23 \$22,714,000,000.
24 (B) Outlays, \$13,516,000,000.
25 Fiscal year 2021:

1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$22,953,000,000.
3 (B) Outlays, \$12,786,000,000.
4 Fiscal year 2022:
5 (A) New budget authority,
6 \$26,781,000,000.
7 (B) Outlays, \$15,622,000,000.
8 Fiscal year 2023:
9 (A) New budget authority,
10 \$28,145,000,000.
11 (B) Outlays, \$16,679,000,000.
12 Fiscal year 2024:
13 (A) New budget authority,
14 \$29,608,000,000.
15 (B) Outlays, \$17,099,000,000.
16 Fiscal year 2025:
17 (A) New budget authority,
18 \$31,576,000,000.
19 (B) Outlays, \$17,836,000,000.
20 Fiscal year 2026:
21 (A) New budget authority,
22 \$32,416,000,000.
23 (B) Outlays, \$18,772,000,000.
24 Fiscal year 2027:

1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$33,478,000,000.
3 (B) Outlays, \$19,628,000,000.
4 (8) Transportation (400):
5 Fiscal year 2017:
6 (A) New budget authority,
7 \$92,730,000,000.
8 (B) Outlays, \$94,107,000,000.
9 Fiscal year 2018:
10 (A) New budget authority,
11 \$199,383,000,000.
12 (B) Outlays, \$199,409,000,000.
13 Fiscal year 2019:
14 (A) New budget authority,
15 \$201,464,000,000.
16 (B) Outlays, \$200,565,000,000.
17 Fiscal year 2020:
18 (A) New budget authority,
19 \$196,098,000,000.
20 (B) Outlays, \$202,143,000,000 .
21 Fiscal year 2021:
22 (A) New budget authority,
23 \$197,000,000,000.
24 (B) Outlays, \$203,522,000,000.
25 Fiscal year 2022:

1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$197,935,000,000.
3 (B) Outlays, \$205,038,000,000.
4 Fiscal year 2023:
5 (A) New budget authority,
6 \$171,562,000,000.
7 (B) Outlays, \$179,442,000,000.
8 Fiscal year 2024:
9 (A) New budget authority,
10 \$172,521,000,000.
11 (B) Outlays, \$181,132,000,000.
12 Fiscal year 2025:
13 (A) New budget authority,
14 \$173,548,000,000.
15 (B) Outlays, \$183,231,000,000.
16 Fiscal year 2026:
17 (A) New budget authority,
18 \$174,584,000,000.
19 (B) Outlays, \$185,116,000,000.
20 Fiscal year 2027:
21 (A) New budget authority,
22 \$175,633,000,000.
23 (B) Outlays, \$187,060,000,000.
24 (9) Community and Regional Development
25 (450):

1 Fiscal year 2017:

2 (A) New budget authority,

3 \$169,950,000,000.

4 (B) Outlays, \$100,381,000,000.

5 Fiscal year 2018:

6 (A) New budget authority,

7 \$30,864,000,000.

8 (B) Outlays, \$79,569,000,000.

9 Fiscal year 2019:

10 (A) New budget authority,

11 \$32,802,000,000.

12 (B) Outlays, \$53,477,000,000.

13 Fiscal year 2020:

14 (A) New budget authority,

15 \$34,464,000,000.

16 (B) Outlays, \$41,662,000,000.

17 Fiscal year 2021:

18 (A) New budget authority,

19 \$36,469,000,000.

20 (B) Outlays, \$42,830,000,000.

21 Fiscal year 2022:

22 (A) New budget authority,

23 \$38,390,000,000.

24 (B) Outlays, \$38,016,000,000.

25 Fiscal year 2023:

1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$39,481,000,000.
3 (B) Outlays, \$38,242,000,000.
4 Fiscal year 2024:
5 (A) New budget authority,
6 \$40,662,000,000.
7 (B) Outlays, \$39,177,000,000.
8 Fiscal year 2025:
9 (A) New budget authority,
10 \$41,888,000,000.
11 (B) Outlays, \$40,250,000,000.
12 Fiscal year 2026:
13 (A) New budget authority,
14 \$43,244,000,000.
15 (B) Outlays, \$41,353,000,000.
16 Fiscal year 2027:
17 (A) New budget authority,
18 \$44,235,000,000.
19 (B) Outlays, \$42,428,000,000.
20 (10) Education, Training, Employment, and
21 Social Services (500):
22 Fiscal year 2017:
23 (A) New budget authority,
24 \$266,792,000,000.
25 (B) Outlays, \$264,242,000,000.

1 Fiscal year 2018:
2 (A) New budget authority,
3 \$298,769,000,000.
4 (B) Outlays, \$295,251,000,000.
5 Fiscal year 2019:
6 (A) New budget authority,
7 \$166,530,000,000.
8 (B) Outlays, \$168,879,000,000.
9 Fiscal year 2020:
10 (A) New budget authority,
11 \$176,656,000,000.
12 (B) Outlays, \$172,182,000,000.
13 Fiscal year 2021:
14 (A) New budget authority,
15 \$188,094,000,000.
16 (B) Outlays, \$182,789,000,000.
17 Fiscal year 2022:
18 (A) New budget authority,
19 \$197,237,000,000.
20 (B) Outlays, \$192,067,000,000.
21 Fiscal year 2023:
22 (A) New budget authority,
23 \$204,174,000,000.
24 (B) Outlays, \$200,177,000,000.
25 Fiscal year 2024:

1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$210,915,000,000.
3 (B) Outlays, \$207,028,000,000.
4 Fiscal year 2025:
5 (A) New budget authority,
6 \$216,669,000,000.
7 (B) Outlays, \$212,774,000,000.
8 Fiscal year 2026:
9 (A) New budget authority,
10 \$222,127,000,000.
11 (B) Outlays, \$218,112,000,000.
12 Fiscal year 2027:
13 (A) New budget authority,
14 \$228,312,000,000.
15 (B) Outlays, \$224,320,000,000.
16 (11) Health (550):
17 Fiscal year 2017:
18 (A) New budget authority,
19 \$548,466,000,000.
20 (B) Outlays, \$548,998,000,000.
21 Fiscal year 2018:
22 (A) New budget authority,
23 \$578,564,000,000.
24 (B) Outlays, \$585,289,000,000.
25 Fiscal year 2019:

1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$613,743,000,000.
3 (B) Outlays, \$612,402,000,000.
4 Fiscal year 2020:
5 (A) New budget authority,
6 \$659,060,000,000.
7 (B) Outlays, \$646,374,000,000.
8 Fiscal year 2021:
9 (A) New budget authority,
10 \$687,535,000,000.
11 (B) Outlays, \$683,765,000,000.
12 Fiscal year 2022:
13 (A) New budget authority,
14 \$726,450,000,000.
15 (B) Outlays, \$721,843,000,000.
16 Fiscal year 2023:
17 (A) New budget authority,
18 \$765,397,000,000.
19 (B) Outlays, \$761,755,000,000.
20 Fiscal year 2024:
21 (A) New budget authority,
22 \$807,017,000,000.
23 (B) Outlays, \$802,573,000,000.
24 Fiscal year 2025:

1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$852,005,000,000.
3 (B) Outlays, \$846,941,000,000.
4 Fiscal year 2026:
5 (A) New budget authority,
6 \$897,043,000,000.
7 (B) Outlays, \$891,673,000,000.
8 Fiscal year 2027:
9 (A) New budget authority,
10 \$943,870,000,000.
11 (B) Outlays, \$938,235,000,000.
12 (12) Medicare (570):
13 Fiscal year 2017:
14 (A) New budget authority,
15 \$598,691,000,000.
16 (B) Outlays, \$598,289,000,000.
17 Fiscal year 2018:
18 (A) New budget authority,
19 \$599,471,000,000.
20 (B) Outlays, \$599,092,000,000.
21 Fiscal year 2019:
22 (A) New budget authority,
23 \$650,772,000,000.
24 (B) Outlays, \$650,464,000,000.
25 Fiscal year 2020:

1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$676,942,000,000.
3 (B) Outlays, \$676,705,000,000.
4 Fiscal year 2021:
5 (A) New budget authority,
6 \$723,379,000,000.
7 (B) Outlays, \$723,163,000,000.
8 Fiscal year 2022:
9 (A) New budget authority,
10 \$817,925,000,000.
11 (B) Outlays, \$817,695,000,000
12 Fiscal year 2023:
13 (A) New budget authority,
14 \$840,589,000,000.
15 (B) Outlays, \$840,371,000,000.
16 Fiscal year 2024:
17 (A) New budget authority,
18 \$861,276,000,000.
19 (B) Outlays, \$861,049,000,000.
20 Fiscal year 2025:
21 (A) New budget authority,
22 \$963,021,000,000.
23 (B) Outlays, \$962,774,000,000.
24 Fiscal year 2026:

1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$1,016,987,000,000.
3 (B) Outlays, \$1,016,734,000,000.
4 Fiscal year 2027:
5 (A) New budget authority,
6 \$1,091,254,000,000.
7 (B) Outlays, \$1,091,006,000,000.
8 (13) Income Security (600):
9 Fiscal year 2017:
10 (A) New budget authority,
11 \$522,238,000,000.
12 (B) Outlays, 512,949,000,000.
13 Fiscal year 2018:
14 (A) New budget authority,
15 \$574,926,000,000.
16 (B) Outlays, \$554,174,000,000.
17 Fiscal year 2019:
18 (A) New budget authority,
19 \$641,400,000,000.
20 (B) Outlays, \$624,323,000,000.
21 Fiscal year 2020:
22 (A) New budget authority,
23 \$691,701,000,000.
24 (B) Outlays, \$675,708,000,000.
25 Fiscal year 2021:

1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$737,828,000,000.
3 (B) Outlays, \$721,824,000,000.
4 Fiscal year 2022:
5 (A) New budget authority,
6 \$785,273,000,000.
7 (B) Outlays, \$775,704,000,000.
8 Fiscal year 2023:
9 (A) New budget authority,
10 \$819,551,000,000.
11 (B) Outlays, \$807,162,000,000.
12 Fiscal year 2024:
13 (A) New budget authority,
14 \$855,396,000,000.
15 (B) Outlays, \$837,727,000,000.
16 Fiscal year 2025:
17 (A) New budget authority,
18 \$904,334,000,000.
19 (B) Outlays, \$887,787,000,000.
20 Fiscal year 2026:
21 (A) New budget authority,
22 \$947,417,000,000.
23 (B) Outlays, \$937,276,000,000.
24 Fiscal year 2027:

1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$995,029,000,000.
3 (B) Outlays, \$984,004,000,000.
4 (14) Social Security (650):
5 Fiscal year 2017:
6 (A) New budget authority,
7 \$36,132,000,000.
8 (B) Outlays, \$36,155,000,000.
9 Fiscal year 2018:
10 (A) New budget authority,
11 \$39,621,000,000.
12 (B) Outlays, \$39,621,000,000.
13 Fiscal year 2019:
14 (A) New budget authority,
15 \$43,402,000,000.
16 (B) Outlays, \$43,402,000,000.
17 Fiscal year 2020:
18 (A) New budget authority,
19 \$46,861,000,000.
20 (B) Outlays, \$46,861,000,000.
21 Fiscal year 2021:
22 (A) New budget authority,
23 \$50,700,000,000.
24 (B) Outlays, \$50,700,000,000.
25 Fiscal year 2022:

1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$54,722,000,000.
3 (B) Outlays, \$54,722,000,000.
4 Fiscal year 2023:
5 (A) New budget authority,
6 \$59,082,000,000.
7 (B) Outlays, \$59,082,000,000.
8 Fiscal year 2024:
9 (A) New budget authority,
10 \$64,228,000,000.
11 (B) Outlays, \$64,228,000,000.
12 Fiscal year 2025:
13 (A) New budget authority,
14 \$69,774,000,000.
15 (B) Outlays, \$69,774,000,000.
16 Fiscal year 2026:
17 (A) New budget authority,
18 \$75,499,000,000.
19 (B) Outlays, \$75,499,000,000.
20 Fiscal year 2027:
21 (A) New budget authority,
22 \$81,931,000,000.
23 (B) Outlays, \$81,931,000,000.
24 (15) Veterans Benefits and Services (700):
25 Fiscal year 2017:

1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$175,596,000,000.
3 (B) Outlays, \$178,660,000,000.
4 Fiscal year 2018:
5 (A) New budget authority,
6 \$185,736,000,000.
7 (B) Outlays, \$183,609,000,000.
8 Fiscal year 2019:
9 (A) New budget authority,
10 \$204,230,000,000.
11 (B) Outlays, \$199,677,000,000.
12 Fiscal year 2020:
13 (A) New budget authority,
14 \$213,730,000,000.
15 (B) Outlays, \$209,577,000,000.
16 Fiscal year 2021:
17 (A) New budget authority,
18 \$223,712,000,000.
19 (B) Outlays, \$219,141,000,000.
20 Fiscal year 2022:
21 (A) New budget authority,
22 \$243,263,000,000.
23 (B) Outlays, \$238,540,000,000.
24 Fiscal year 2023:

1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$242,677,000,000.
3 (B) Outlays, \$238,676,000,000.
4 Fiscal year 2024:
5 (A) New budget authority,
6 \$241,394,000,000.
7 (B) Outlays, \$237,627,000,000.
8 Fiscal year 2025:
9 (A) New budget authority,
10 \$261,285,000,000.
11 (B) Outlays, \$257,403,000,000.
12 Fiscal year 2026:
13 (A) New budget authority,
14 \$271,033,000,000.
15 (B) Outlays, \$266,912,000,000.
16 Fiscal year 2027:
17 (A) New budget authority,
18 \$281,497,000,000.
19 (B) Outlays, \$277,377,000,000.
20 (16) Administration of Justice (750):
21 Fiscal year 2017:
22 (A) New budget authority,
23 \$64,048,000,000.
24 (B) Outlays, \$57,167,000,000.
25 Fiscal year 2018:

1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$72,673,000,000.
3 (B) Outlays, \$64,686,000,000.
4 Fiscal year 2019:
5 (A) New budget authority,
6 \$66,260,000,000.
7 (B) Outlays, \$66,774,000,000.
8 Fiscal year 2020:
9 (A) New budget authority,
10 \$69,134,000,000.
11 (B) Outlays, \$70,886,000,000.
12 Fiscal year 2021:
13 (A) New budget authority,
14 \$72,276,000,000.
15 (B) Outlays, \$75,047,000,000.
16 Fiscal year 2022:
17 (A) New budget authority,
18 \$74,994,000,000.
19 (B) Outlays, \$76,549,000,000.
20 Fiscal year 2023:
21 (A) New budget authority,
22 \$77,448,000,000.
23 (B) Outlays, \$77,463,000,000.
24 Fiscal year 2024:

1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$80,013,000,000.
3 (B) Outlays, \$78,824,000,000.
4 Fiscal year 2025:
5 (A) New budget authority,
6 \$82,656,000,000.
7 (B) Outlays, \$81,269,000,000.
8 Fiscal year 2026:
9 (A) New budget authority,
10 \$91,519,000,000.
11 (B) Outlays, \$90,803,000,000.
12 Fiscal year 2027:
13 (A) New budget authority,
14 \$95,033,000,000.
15 (B) Outlays, \$93,445,000,000.
16 (17) General Government (800):
17 Fiscal year 2017:
18 (A) New budget authority,
19 \$25,587,000,000.
20 (B) Outlays, \$24,500,000,000.
21 Fiscal year 2018:
22 (A) New budget authority,
23 \$27,332,000,000.
24 (B) Outlays, \$26,239,000,000.
25 Fiscal year 2019:

1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$28,023,000,000.
3 (B) Outlays, \$27,092,000,000.
4 Fiscal year 2020:
5 (A) New budget authority,
6 \$28,670,000,000.
7 (B) Outlays, \$28,024,000,000.
8 Fiscal year 2021:
9 (A) New budget authority,
10 \$29,373,000,000.
11 (B) Outlays, \$28,752,000,000.
12 Fiscal year 2022:
13 (A) New budget authority,
14 \$30,095,000,000.
15 (B) Outlays, \$29,512,000,000.
16 Fiscal year 2023:
17 (A) New budget authority,
18 \$30,804,000,000.
19 (B) Outlays, \$30,231,000,000.
20 Fiscal year 2024:
21 (A) New budget authority,
22 \$31,369,000,000.
23 (B) Outlays, \$30,813,000,000.
24 Fiscal year 2025:

1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$32,195,000,000.
3 (B) Outlays, \$31,559,000,000.
4 Fiscal year 2026:
5 (A) New budget authority,
6 \$33,041,000,000.
7 (B) Outlays, \$32,384,000,000.
8 Fiscal year 2027:
9 (A) New budget authority,
10 \$33,873,000,000.
11 (B) Outlays, \$33,207,000,000.
12 (18) Net Interest (900):
13 Fiscal year 2017:
14 (A) New budget authority,
15 \$358,153,000,000.
16 (B) Outlays, \$358,153,000,000.
17 Fiscal year 2018:
18 (A) New budget authority,
19 \$379,086,000,000.
20 (B) Outlays, \$379,086,000,000.
21 Fiscal year 2019:
22 (A) New budget authority,
23 \$408,318,000,000.
24 (B) Outlays, \$408,318,000,000.
25 Fiscal year 2020:

1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$444,136,000,000.
3 (B) Outlays, \$444,136,000,000.
4 Fiscal year 2021:
5 (A) New budget authority,
6 \$482,207,000,000.
7 (B) Outlays, \$482,207,000,000.
8 Fiscal year 2022:
9 (A) New budget authority,
10 \$518,277,000,000.
11 (B) Outlays, \$518,277,000,000.
12 Fiscal year 2023:
13 (A) New budget authority,
14 \$554,698,000,000.
15 (B) Outlays, \$554,698,000,000.
16 Fiscal year 2024:
17 (A) New budget authority,
18 \$588,258,000,000.
19 (B) Outlays, \$588,258,000,000.
20 Fiscal year 2025:
21 (A) New budget authority,
22 \$621,248,000,000.
23 (B) Outlays, \$621,248,000,000.
24 Fiscal year 2026:

1 (A) New budget authority,
2 \$654,736,000,000.
3 (B) Outlays, \$654,736,000,000.
4 Fiscal year 2027:
5 (A) New budget authority, \$682,812,
6 000,000.
7 (B) Outlays, \$682,937,000,000.
8 (19) Allowances (920):
9 Fiscal year 2017:
10 (A) New budget authority, -\$886,000,000.
11 (B) Outlays, \$515,000,000.
12 Fiscal year 2018:
13 (A) New budget authority,
14 \$20,852,000,000.
15 (B) Outlays, \$16,580,000,000.
16 Fiscal year 2019:
17 (A) New budget authority,
18 \$9,233,000,000.
19 (B) Outlays, \$9,714,000,000.
20 Fiscal year 2020:
21 (A) New budget authority,
22 \$1,552,000,000.
23 (B) Outlays, \$1,804,000,000.
24 Fiscal year 2021:
25 (A) New budget authority, -\$156,000,000.

1 (B) Outlays, \$69,000,000.
2 Fiscal year 2022:
3 (A) New budget authority, -\$223,000,000.
4 (B) Outlays, \$3,000,000.
5 Fiscal year 2023:
6 (A) New budget authority,
7 -\$1,215,000,000.
8 (B) Outlays, -\$1,084,000,000.
9 Fiscal year 2024:
10 (A) New budget authority, \$200,000,000.
11 (B) Outlays, \$291,000,000.
12 Fiscal year 2025:
13 (A) New budget authority, -\$200,000,000.
14 (B) Outlays, -\$168,000,000.
15 Fiscal year 2026:
16 (A) New budget authority,
17 \$1,018,000,000.
18 (B) Outlays, \$971,000,000.
19 Fiscal year 2027:
20 (A) New budget authority,
21 \$1,690,000,000.
22 (B) Outlays, \$1,565,000,000.
23 (20) Undistributed Offsetting Receipts (950):
24 Fiscal year 2017:

1 (A) New budget authority,
2 -\$83,167,000,000.
3 (B) Outlays, -\$83,167,000,000.
4 Fiscal year 2018:
5 (A) New budget authority,
6 -\$82,782,000,000.
7 (B) Outlays, -\$82,782,000,000.
8 Fiscal year 2019:
9 (A) New budget authority,
10 -\$85,754,000,000.
11 (B) Outlays, -\$85,754,000,000.
12 Fiscal year 2020:
13 (A) New budget authority,
14 -\$85,454,000,000.
15 (B) Outlays, -\$85,454,000,000.
16 Fiscal year 2021:
17 (A) New budget authority,
18 -\$87,183,000,000.
19 (B) Outlays, -\$87,183,000,000.
20 Fiscal year 2022:
21 (A) New budget authority,
22 -\$88,846,000,000.
23 (B) Outlays, -\$88,846,000,000.
24 Fiscal year 2023:

1 (A) New budget authority,
2 -\$89,285,000,000.

3 (B) Outlays, -\$89,285,000,000.

4 Fiscal year 2024:

5 (A) New budget authority,
6 -\$92,809,000,000.

7 (B) Outlays, -\$92,809,000,000.

8 Fiscal year 2025:

9 (A) New budget authority,
10 -\$101,023,000,000.

11 (B) Outlays, -\$101,023,000,000.

12 Fiscal year 2026:

13 (A) New budget authority,
14 -\$98,551,000,000.

15 (B) Outlays, -\$98,551,000,000.

16 Fiscal year 2027:

17 (A) New budget authority,
18 -\$101,256,000,000.

19 (B) Outlays, -\$101,256,000,000.

20 **TITLE II—ESTIMATES OF DIRECT**
21 **SPENDING**

22 **SEC. 1. DIRECT SPENDING.**

23 (a) MEANS-TESTED DIRECT SPENDING.—

24 (1) For means-tested direct spending, the aver-
25 age rate of growth in the total level of outlays dur-

1 ing the 10-year period preceding fiscal year 2018 is
2 6.8 percent.

3 (2) For means-tested direct spending, the esti-
4 mated average rate of growth in the total level of
5 outlays during the 11-year period beginning with fis-
6 cal year 2017 is 4.3 percent under current law.

7 (3) The following reforms are proposed in this
8 concurrent resolution for means-tested direct spend-
9 ing:

10 (A) The People's Budget adopts former
11 President Obama's Earned Income Tax Credit
12 (EITC) to expand eligibility, including for child-
13 less workers. Continues enhanced credits origi-
14 nally implemented under the American Recov-
15 ery and Reinvestment Act to target those most
16 in need. This includes extending the Child and
17 Dependent Care Credit and the American Op-
18 portunity Tax Credit through 2027.

19 (B) The People's Budget includes former
20 President Obama's proposal to boost the Child
21 Tax Credit maximum deduction to \$3,000. It
22 makes key expansions permanent to protect 50
23 million Americans who would otherwise be at
24 jeopardy for losing part or all of their EITC
25 and CTC.

1 (C) The People’s Budget creates a debt
2 free college that provides Federal matching pro-
3 gram to support state efforts to expand invest-
4 ment in higher education, bring down costs for
5 students, and increase aid to students to help
6 them cover the total cost of college attendance
7 without taking on debt. The program would en-
8 courage innovation by states and colleges to im-
9 prove efficiency and enable speedy and less-
10 costly degree completion. By treating higher
11 education as a public good worth investing in,
12 we can once again make higher education acces-
13 sible to all.

14 (D) The People’s Budget allows students
15 to refinance their student loans at low rates
16 and allows private borrowers to shift to more
17 affordable government loans. Allowing student
18 borrowers to reduce the value of their debt will
19 free up income for purchases and will create a
20 job-creating ripple effect throughout the entire
21 economy.

22 (E) The People’s Budget restores cuts
23 made to the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance
24 Program (SNAP) and permanently adopts the
25 enhanced levels established in the American Re-

1 covery and Reinvestment Act. The vast majority
2 of SNAP recipients are households with chil-
3 dren, seniors and individuals with disabilities,
4 but recent cuts lowered average benefits by
5 \$216 in 2014. Providing families with basic
6 food security through SNAP is one of the most
7 effective ways the Federal Government can
8 stimulate the economy.

9 (F) The People's Budget provides an addi-
10 tional \$10.8 billion for child nutrition programs
11 including program expansion and improvements
12 for summer meals; essential improvements and
13 expansion funding for preschool nutrition in-
14 cluding increases in meal reimbursements to
15 fulfill the new meal pattern, an additional meal
16 or snack for children in long-term care, and ex-
17 panded program eligibility; and investments in
18 school meals and school kitchens.

19 (G) The People's Budget replaces the 40
20 percent excise tax with a public option to allow
21 the Secretary of Health and Human Services to
22 offer a public insurance option within the health
23 insurance marketplaces. This ensures choice,
24 competition, and stability in coverage. The Con-
25 gressional Budget Office (CBO) estimates the

1 premium costs for Americans under the public
2 option will be 7 to 8 percent lower than costs
3 in private exchange plans. The repeal of the ex-
4 cise tax costs \$132 billion while savings from
5 the public option are \$176 billion.

6 (H) The People's Budget continues fund-
7 ing for the entire CHIP program until 2020.

8 (I) The People's Budget protects States
9 programs by fully retaining maintenance of ef-
10 fort requirements and eliminating any States
11 ability to arbitrarily implement enrollment caps.
12 Without action, Federal funding for CHIP will
13 expire jeopardizing the health care coverage of
14 more than 10 million children and pregnant
15 women.

16 (J) The People's Budget permits the Sec-
17 retary of Health and Human Services (HHS) to
18 negotiate prescription drug prices with pharma-
19 ceutical manufacturers. Giving HHS the ability
20 to negotiate prices, as the Department of Vet-
21 erans Affairs currently does, will save Medicare
22 \$429 billion and will reduce costs for seniors.

23 (b) NONMEANS-TESTED DIRECT SPENDING.—

24 (1) For nonmeans-tested direct spending, the
25 average rate of growth in the total level of outlays

1 during the 10-year period preceding fiscal year 2018
2 is 4.8 percent.

3 (2) For nonmeans-tested direct spending, the
4 estimated average rate of growth in the total level of
5 outlays during the 11-year period beginning with fis-
6 cal year 2017 is 5.6 percent under current law.

7 (3) The following reforms are proposed in this
8 concurrent resolution for nonmeans-tested direct
9 spending:

10 (A) The People's Budget allows those who
11 have lost a job through no fault of their own to
12 claim up to 99 weeks of unemployment benefits
13 in high-unemployment states for up to two
14 years.

15 (B) The People's Budget also adopts
16 former President Obama's reforms to improve
17 solvencies and incentivize job training.

18 (C) The People's Budget improves the Af-
19 fordable Care Act by repealing the excise tax on
20 high-priced health plans. Proponents of the pro-
21 vision hoped that this tax would slow the rate
22 of growth of health costs, while raising revenue.
23 However, in an effort to avoid the tax, employ-
24 ers who traditionally offer excellent benefits
25 have started offering less generous plans. This

1 is an ineffective tool to bend the cost curve.
2 Since the tax is attached to premiums instead
3 of coverage it has the potential to hit plans it
4 wasn't intended to impact.

5 (D) The People's Budget establishes a rep-
6 resentative democracy that truly reflects the di-
7 versity and values of our nation by providing
8 funding for the public financing of campaigns.
9 This gives a voice to small donors that have
10 been drowned out by dark money. Public fi-
11 nancing keeps politicians accountable to the
12 voters that elect them instead of to special in-
13 terest money. In the era of the devastating Citi-
14 zens United decision, big money has taken the
15 reins of our election process. It is now more im-
16 portant than ever to provide candidates with ef-
17 fective alternatives to finance their campaigns.

18 (E) The People's Budget uses the Experi-
19 mental Price Index for the Elderly (CPI-E) to
20 calculate Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA)
21 for Federal retirement programs other than So-
22 cial Security. Affected programs include civil
23 service retirement, military retirement, Supple-
24 mental Security Income, veteran's pensions and
25 compensations. CPI-E is the most sensible and

1 accurate measure of the real costs that seniors
2 face in retirement, current underpricing of costs
3 amount to cutting benefits for those on fixed in-
4 comes.

5 (G) The People's Budget makes a down
6 payment of \$1.9 trillion to help close the na-
7 tion's infrastructure deficit while protecting
8 against climate change and creating millions of
9 living wage jobs. The budget also helps boost
10 private financing for critical state and local
11 projects by creating a public-private infrastruc-
12 ture bank. The American Society of Civil Engi-
13 neers (ASCE) estimates that the United States
14 will need to invest upwards of \$2 trillion above
15 current levels over the next decade just to make
16 required repairs to roads, bridges, water, and
17 energy systems.

18 **TITLE III—MISCELLANEOUS**

19 **BUDGET ENFORCEMENT**

20 **SEC. 301. POINT OF ORDER AGAINST ADVANCE APPROPRIA-**

21 **TIONS.**

22 (a) IN GENERAL.—In the House, except as provided
23 in subsection (b), any bill, joint resolution, amendment or
24 conference report making a general appropriations or con-

1 tinuing appropriation may not provide for advance appro-
2 priations.

3 (b) EXCEPTIONS.—Advance appropriations may be
4 provided for all programs administered by the Department
5 of Veterans Affairs.

6 (c) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term “advance
7 appropriation” means any new discretionary budget au-
8 thority provided in a bill or joint resolution making gen-
9 eral appropriations or any new discretionary budget au-
10 thority provided in a bill or joint resolution making con-
11 tinuing appropriations for fiscal year 2018 that first be-
12 comes available for any fiscal year after 2018.

13 **SEC. 302. POINT OF ORDER AGAINST FUNDING FOR CER-**
14 **TAIN IMMIGRATION ENFORCEMENT EF-**
15 **FORTS.**

16 It shall not be in order in the House of Representa-
17 tives or the Senate to consider any bill or joint resolution,
18 or amendment thereto or conference report thereon, that
19 appropriates funds to implement Executive Order 13767,
20 entitled “Border Security and Immigration Enforcement
21 Improvements”.

22 Amend the title so as to read: “Concurrent resolution set-
23 ting forth the congressional budget for the United States
24 Government for fiscal year 2018 and including the appro-

1 p riate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2017 and fiscal
2 years 2018-2027”.

