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Add at the end of subtitle D of title XV of division A the following:

1	SEC. 15 OPERATIONAL TECHNOLOGY AND MISSION-
2	RELEVANT TERRAIN IN CYBERSPACE.
3	(a) Mission-relevant Terrain.—Not later than
4	January 1, 2025, the Department of Defense shall have
5	completed mapping of mission-relevant terrain in cyber-
6	space for Defense Critical Assets and Task Critical Assets
7	at sufficient granularity to enable mission thread analysis
8	and situational awareness, including required—
9	(1) decomposition of missions reliant on such
10	Assets;
11	(2) identification of access vectors;
12	(3) internal and external dependencies;
13	(4) topology of networks and network segments;
14	(5) cybersecurity defenses across information
15	and operational technology on such Assets; and
16	(6) identification of associated or reliant weap-
17	on systems.
18	(b) Combatant Command Responsibilities.—Not
19	later than January 1, 2024, the Commanders of United

States European Command, United States Indo-Pacific Command, United States Northern Command, United 3 States Strategic Command, United States Space Com-4 mand, United States Transportation Command, and other relevant Commands, in coordination with the Commander of United States Cyber Command, in order to enable effective mission thread analysis, cyber situational awareness, 8 and effective cyber defense of Defense Critical Assets and Task Critical Assets under their control or in their areas 10 of responsibility, shall develop, institute, and make nec-11 essary modifications to— 12 (1) internal combatant command processes, re-13 sponsibilities, and functions; 14 (2) coordination with service components under 15 their operational control, United States Cyber Com-16 mand, Joint Forces Headquarters-Department of 17 Defense Information Network, and the service cyber 18 components; 19 (3) combatant command headquarters' situa-20 tional awareness posture to ensure an appropriate 21 level of cyber situational awareness of the forces, fa-22 cilities, installations, bases, critical infrastructure, 23 and weapon systems under their control or in their 24 areas of responsibility, in particular, Defense Critical 25 Assets and Task Critical Assets; and

1	(4) documentation of their mission-relevant ter-
2	rain in cyberspace.
3	(c) Department of Defense Chief Information
4	Officer Responsibilities.—
5	(1) In general.—Not later than November 1,
6	2023, the Chief Information Officer of the Depart-
7	ment of Defense shall establish or make necessary
8	changes to policy, control systems standards, risk
9	management framework and authority to operate
10	policies, and cybersecurity reference architectures to
11	provide baseline cybersecurity requirements for oper-
12	ational technology in facilities, installations, bases,
13	critical infrastructure, and weapon systems across
14	the Department of Defense Information Network.
15	(2) Implementation of policies.—The Chief
16	Information Officer shall leverage acquisition guid-
17	ance, concerted assessment of the Department's
18	operational technology enterprise, and coordination
19	with the military department principal cyber advi-
20	sors and chief information officers to drive necessary
21	change and implementation of relevant policy across
22	the Department's facilities, installations, bases, crit-
23	ical infrastructure, and weapon systems.
24	(3) Additional responsibilities.—The
25	Chief Information Officer shall ensure that policies.

1	control systems standards, and cybersecurity ref-
2	erence architectures—
3	(A) are implementable by components of
4	the Department;
5	(B) in their implementation, limit adver-
6	saries' ability to reach or manipulate control
7	systems through cyberspace;
8	(C) appropriately balance non-connectivity
9	and monitoring requirements;
10	(D) include data collection and flow re-
11	quirements;
12	(E) interoperate with and are informed by
13	the operational community's workflows for de-
14	fense of information and operational technology
15	in facilities, installations, bases, critical infra-
16	structure, and weapon systems;
17	(F) integrate and interoperate with De-
18	partment mission assurance construct; and
19	(G) are implemented with respect to De-
20	fense Critical Assets and Task Critical Assets.
21	(d) United States Cyber Command Oper-
22	ATIONAL RESPONSIBILITIES.—Not later than January 1,
23	2025, the Commander of United States Cyber Command
24	shall make necessary modifications to the mission, scope,
25	and posture of Joint Forces Headquarters-Department of

1	Defense Information Network to ensure that Joint Forces
2	Headquarters—
3	(1) has appropriate visibility of operational
4	technology in facilities, installations, bases, critical
5	infrastructure, and weapon systems across the De-
6	partment of Defense Information Network and, in
7	particular, Defense Critical Assets and Task Critical
8	Assets;
9	(2) can effectively command and control forces
10	to defend such operational technology; and
11	(3) has established processes for—
12	(A) incident and compliance reporting;
13	(B) ensuring compliance with Department
14	of Defense cybersecurity policy; and
15	(C) ensuring that cyber vulnerabilities, at-
16	tack vectors, and security violations, in par-
17	ticular those specific to Defense Critical Assets
18	and Task Critical Assets, are appropriately
19	managed.
20	(e) United States Cyber Command Functional
21	RESPONSIBILITIES.—Not later than January 1, 2025, the
22	Commander of United States Cyber Command shall—
23	(1) ensure in its role of Joint Forces Trainer
24	for the Cyberspace Operations Forces that oper-
25	ational technology cyber defense is appropriately in-

1	corporated into training for the Cyberspace Oper-
2	ations Forces;
3	(2) delineate the specific force composition re-
4	quirements within the Cyberspace Operations Forces
5	for specialized cyber defense of operational tech-
6	nology, including the number, size, scale, and re-
7	sponsibilities of defined Cyber Operations Forces ele-
8	ments;
9	(3) develop and maintain, or support the devel-
10	opment and maintenance of, a joint training cur-
11	riculum for operational technology-focused Cyber-
12	space Operations Forces;
13	(4) support the Chief Information Officer as
14	the Department's senior official for the cybersecurity
15	of operational technology under this section;
16	(5) develop and institutionalize, or support the
17	development and institutionalization of, tradecraft
18	for defense of operational technology across local de-
19	fenders, cybersecurity service providers, cyber pro-
20	tection teams, and service-controlled forces; and
21	(6) develop and institutionalize integrated con-
22	cepts of operation, operational workflows, and cyber-
23	security architectures for defense of information and
24	operational technology in facilities, installations,
25	bases, critical infrastructure, and weapon systems

1	across the Department of Defense Information Net-
2	work and, in particular, Defense Critical Assets and
3	Task Critical Assets, including—
4	(A) deliberate and strategic sensoring of
5	such Network and Assets;
6	(B) instituting policies governing connec-
7	tions across and between such Network and As-
8	sets;
9	(C) modelling of normal behavior across
10	and between such Network and Assets;
11	(D) engineering data flows across and be-
12	tween such Network and Assets;
13	(E) developing local defenders, cybersecu-
14	rity service providers, cyber protection teams,
15	and service-controlled forces' operational
16	workflows and tactics, techniques, and proce-
17	dures optimized for the designs, data flows, and
18	policies of such Network and Assets;
19	(F) instituting of model defensive cyber op-
20	erations and Department of Defense Informa-
21	tion Network operations tradecraft; and
22	(G) integrating of such operations to en-
23	sure interoperability across echelons; and
24	(7) advance the integration of the Department
25	of Defense's mission assurance, cybersecurity com-

1	pliance, cybersecurity operations, risk management
2	framework, and authority to operate programs and
3	policies.
4	(f) Service Responsibilities.—No later than Jan-
5	uary 1, 2025, the Secretaries of the military departments,
6	through the service principal cyber advisors, chief informa-
7	tion officers, the service cyber components, and relevant
8	service commands, shall make necessary investments in
9	operational technology in facilities, installations, bases,
10	critical infrastructure, and weapon systems across the De-
11	partment of Defense Information Network and the serv-
12	ice-controlled forces responsible for defense of such oper-
13	ational technology to—
14	(1) ensure that relevant local network and cy-
15	bersecurity forces are responsible for defending and
16	appropriately postured to defend operational tech-
17	nology across facilities, installations, bases, critical
18	infrastructure, and weapon systems, in particular
19	Defense Critical Assets and Task Critical Assets;
20	(2) ensure that relevant local operational tech-
21	nology-focused system operators, network and cyber-
22	security forces, mission defense teams and other
23	service-retained forces, and cyber protection teams
24	are appropriately trained, including through common
25	training and use of cyber ranges, as appropriate, to

1	execute the specific requirements of cybersecurity
2	operations in operational technology;
3	(3) ensure that all Defense Critical Assets and
4	Task Critical Assets are monitored and defended by
5	Cybersecurity Service Providers;
6	(4) ensure that operational technology is appro-
7	priately sensored and appropriate cybersecurity de-
8	fenses, including technologies associated with the
9	More Situational Awareness for Industrial Control
10	Systems Joint Capability Technology Demonstra-
11	tion, are employed to enable defense of Defense Crit-
12	ical Assets and Task Critical Assets;
13	(5) implement Department of Defense Chief In-
14	formation Officer policy germane to operational
15	technology, in particular with respect to Defense
16	Critical Assets and Task Critical Assets;
17	(6) plan for, designate, and train dedicate
18	forces to be utilized in operational technology-centric
19	roles across the military services and United States
20	Cyber Command; and
21	(7) ensure that operational technology, as ap-
22	propriate, is not easily accessible via the internet
23	and that cybersecurity investments accord with mis-
24	sion risk to and relevant access vectors for Defense
25	Critical Assets and Task Critical Assets.

1	(g) Office of the Secretary of Defense Re-
2	SPONSIBILITIES.—No later than January 1, 2023, the
3	Secretary of Defense shall—
4	(1) assess and finalize Office of the Secretary
5	of Defense components' roles responsibilities for the
6	cybersecurity of operational technology in facilities,
7	installations, bases, critical infrastructure, and weap-
8	on systems across the Department of Defense Infor-
9	mation Network;
10	(2) assess the need to establish centralized or
11	dedicated funding for remediation of cybersecurity
12	gaps in operational technology across the Depart-
13	ment of Defense Information Network and to drive
14	implementation of this section;
15	(3) make relevant modifications to the Depart-
16	ment of Defense's mission assurance construct, Mis-
17	sion Assurance Coordination Board, and other rel-
18	evant bodies to drive—
19	(A) prioritization of kinetic and non-kinetic
20	threats to the Department's missions and mini-
21	mization of mission risk in the Department's
22	war plans;
23	(B) prioritization of relevant mitigations
24	and investments to harden and assure the De-

1	partment's missions and minimize mission risk
2	in the Department's war plans; and
3	(C) completion of mission relevant terrain
4	mapping of Defense Critical Assets and Task
5	Critical Assets and population of associated as-
6	sessment and mitigation data in authorized re-
7	positories;
8	(4) make relevant modifications to the Strategic
9	Cybersecurity Program; and
10	(5) drive and provide oversight of the imple-
11	mentation of this section.
12	(h) Budget Rollout Briefings.—
13	(1) Until January 1, 2024, at the annual staff-
14	er day briefings for the Committees on Armed Serv-
15	ices of the Senate and the House of Representatives,
16	each of the Secretaries of the military departments,
17	the Commander of United States Cyber Command,
18	and the Department of Defense Chief Information
19	Officer shall provide updates on activities under-
20	taken and progress made against the specific re-
21	quirements of this section.
22	(2) No less frequently than annually until Jan-
23	uary 1, 2024, beginning no later than 1 year after
24	the date of the enactment of this Act, the Under
25	Secretary of Defense for Policy, the Under Secretary

1 of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment, the 2 Chief Information Officer, and the Joint Staff J6, 3 representing the combatant commands, shall individ-4 ually or together provide briefings to the Committees 5 on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of 6 Representatives activities undertaken on 7 progress made against the specific requirements of 8 this section. 9 (i) Implementation.— 10 (1) In General.—In implementing this sec-11 tion, the Department of Defense shall prioritize the 12 cybersecurity and cyber defense of Defense Critical 13 Assets and Task Critical Assets and shape cyber in-14 vestments, policy, operations, and deployments to 15 ensure cybersecurity and cyber defense. 16 (2) APPLICATION.—This section shall apply to 17 assets owned and operated by the Department of 18 Defense, as well as applicable, non-Department of 19 Defense assets essential to the projection, support, 20 and sustainment of military forces and operations 21 worldwide. 22 (j) DEFINITION.—In this section, "operational tech-23 nology" refers to control systems, or controllers, communication architectures, and user interfaces that monitor or

control infrastructure and equipment operating in various

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- 1 environments, such as weapons systems, utility or energy
- 2 production and distribution, medical, logistics, nuclear, bi-
- 3 ological, chemical, and manufacturing facilities.

