AMENDMENT TO DIVISION D OF RULES COMMITTEE PRINT 117–57 OFFERED BY MR. McEachin of Virginia

At the end of division D, add the following:

1	SEC. 120. STRENGTHENING COMMUNITY PROTECTIONS
2	UNDER THE NATIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL
3	POLICY ACT.
4	Title I of the National Environmental Policy Act of
5	1969 (42 U.S.C. 4331 et seq.) is amended—
6	(1) in section 101(a)—
7	(A) by striking "man's" and inserting
8	"human"; and
9	(B) by striking "man" each place it ap-
10	pears and inserting "humankind";
11	(2) in section 102—
12	(A) by striking "The Congress authorizes
13	and directs that, to the fullest extent possible:"
14	and inserting "The Congress authorizes and di-
15	rects that, notwithstanding any other provision
16	of law and to the fullest extent possible:";
17	(B) in paragraph (2)—
18	(i) in subparagraph (A)—

1	(I) by striking "insure" each
2	place it appears and inserting "en-
3	sure"; and
4	(II) by striking "man's" and in-
5	serting "the human";
6	(ii) in subparagraph (C)—
7	(I) by striking clause (iii) and in-
8	serting the following
9	"(iii) a reasonable range of alternatives
10	that—
11	"(I) are technically feasible,
12	"(II) are economically feasible, and
13	"(III) where applicable, do not cause
14	or contribute to adverse cumulative effects,
15	including effects caused by exposure to en-
16	vironmental pollution, on an overburdened
17	community that are higher than those
18	borne by other communities within the
19	State, county, or other geographic unit of
20	analysis as determined by the agency pre-
21	paring or having taken primary responsi-
22	bility for preparing the environmental doc-
23	ument pursuant to this Act, except that
24	where the agency determines that an alter-
25	native will serve a compelling public inter-

1	est in the affected overburdened commu-
2	nity with conditions to protect public
3	health,"; and
4	(II) in clause (iv), by striking
5	"man's" and inserting "the human";
6	(C) in subparagraph (E), by inserting
7	"that are consistent with subparagraph (C)(3)"
8	after "describe appropriate alternatives"; and
9	(D) in subparagraph (F), by striking
10	"mankind's" and inserting "humankind's"; and
11	(3) by adding at the end the following:
12	"SEC. 106. DEFINITIONS.
13	"In this Act:
14	"(1) Effect; impact.—The terms 'effect' and
15	'impact' mean changes to the human environment
16	from the proposed action or alternatives that are
17	reasonably foreseeable and include the following:
18	"(A) Direct effects, which are caused by
19	the action and occur at the same time and
20	place.
21	"(B) Indirect effects, which are caused by
22	the action and are later in time or farther re-
23	moved in distance, but are still reasonably fore-
24	seeable. Indirect effects may include growth in-
25	ducing effects and other effects related to in-

1	duced changes in the pattern of land use, popu-
2	lation density or growth rate, and related ef-
3	fects on air and water and other natural sys-
4	tems, including ecosystems.
5	"(C) Cumulative effects, which are effects
6	on the environment that result from the incre-
7	mental effects of the action when added to the
8	effects of other past, present, and reasonably
9	foreseeable actions regardless of what agency
10	(Federal or non-Federal) or person undertakes
11	such other actions. Cumulative effects can re-
12	sult from individually minor but collectively sig-
13	nificant actions taking place over a period of
14	time.
15	"(D) Effects that are ecological (such as
16	the effects on natural resources and on the
17	components, structures, and functioning of af-
18	fected ecosystems), aesthetic, historic, cultural,
19	economic, social, health, whether direct, indi-
20	rect, or cumulative. Effects may also include
21	those resulting from actions which may have
22	both beneficial and detrimental effects, even if
23	on balance the agency believes that the effects
24	will be beneficial.

1	"(2) Limited english proficiency.—The
2	term 'limited English proficiency' means that a
3	household does not have an adult that speaks
4	English very well according to the United States
5	Census Bureau.
6	"(3) Low-income household.—The term
7	'low-income household' means a household that is at
8	or below twice the poverty threshold as that thresh-
9	old is determined annually by the United States
10	Census Bureau.
11	"(4) Overburdened community.—The term
12	'overburdened community' means any census block
13	group, as determined in accordance with the most
14	recent United States Census, in which:
15	"(A) at least 35 percent of the households
16	qualify as low-income households;
17	"(B) at least 40 percent of the residents
18	identify as minority or as members of a Tribal
19	and Indigenous community; or
20	"(C) at least 40 percent of the households
21	have limited English proficiency.
22	"(5) Tribal and indigenous community.—
23	The term 'Tribal and Indigenous community' means
24	a population of people who are members of—
25	"(A) a federally recognized Indian Tribe;

1	"(B) a State-recognized Indian Tribe;
2	"(C) an Alaska Native or Native Hawaiian
3	community or organization; or
4	"(D) any other community of Indigenous
5	people located in a State.".
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