AMENDMENT TO RULES COMMITTEE PRINT 115– 23

OFFERED BY MR. KILMER OF WASHINGTON

At the end of subtitle D of title XVI, add the following new section:

1	SEC. 16 ESTABLISHMENT OF CYBER RESILIENCY
2	GRANT PROGRAM.
3	(a) Establishment.—There is established the State
4	Cyber Resiliency Grant Program to assist State, local, and
5	tribal governments in preventing, preparing for, protecting
6	against, and responding to cyber threats, which shall be
7	administered by the Administrator of the Federal Emer-
8	gency Management Agency.
9	(b) Eligibility.—Each State shall be eligible to
10	apply for grants under the Program.
11	(c) Grants Authorized for Each State.—Sub-
12	ject to the funds available under a funding allocation de-
13	termined under subsection (f) for a State, the Secretary
14	of Homeland Security may award to the State—
15	(1) up to 2 planning grants under subsection
16	(e) to develop or revise a cyber resiliency plan; and

1	(2) up to 2 implementation grants under sub-
2	section (f) to implement an active cyber resiliency
3	plan.
4	(d) Approval of Cyber Resiliency Plans.—
5	(1) In general.—The Secretary shall approve
6	a cyber resiliency plan submitted by a State if the
7	Secretary determines, after considering the rec-
8	ommendations of the Review Committee established
9	under subsection (i), that the plan meets all of the
10	following criteria:
11	(A) The plan incorporates, to the extent
12	practicable, any existing plans of such State to
13	protect against cybersecurity threats or
14	vulnerabilities.
15	(B) The plan is designed to achieve each of
16	the following objectives, with respect to the es-
17	sential functions of such State:
18	(i) Enhancing the preparation, re-
19	sponse, and resiliency of computer net-
20	works, industrial control systems, and com-
21	munications systems performing such func-
22	tions against cybersecurity threats or
23	vulnerabilities.
24	(ii) Implementing a process of contin-
25	nous cybersecurity vulnerability assess-

1	ments and threat mitigation practices to
2	prevent the disruption of such functions by
3	an incident within the State.
4	(iii) Ensuring that entities performing
5	such functions within the State adopt gen-
6	erally recognized best practices and meth-
7	odologies with respect to cybersecurity,
8	such as the practices provided in the
9	cybersecurity framework developed by the
10	National Institute of Standards and Tech-
11	nology.
12	(iv) Mitigating talent gaps in the
13	State government cybersecurity workforce,
14	enhancing recruitment and retention ef-
15	forts for such workforce, and bolstering the
16	knowledge, skills, and abilities of State
17	government personnel to protect against
18	cybersecurity threats and vulnerabilities.
19	(v) Protecting public safety answering
20	points and other emergency communica-
21	tions and data networks from cybersecurity
22	threats or vulnerabilities.
23	(vi) Ensuring continuity of commu-
24	nications and data networks between enti-
25	ties performing such functions within the

1	State, in the event of a catastrophic dis-
2	ruption of such communications or net-
3	works.
4	(vii) Accounting for and mitigating, to
5	the greatest degree possible, cybersecurity
6	threats or vulnerabilities related to critical
7	infrastructure or key resources, the deg-
8	radation of which may impact the perform-
9	ance of such functions within the State or
10	threaten public safety.
11	(viii) Providing appropriate commu-
12	nications capabilities to ensure
13	cybersecurity intelligence information-shar-
14	ing and the command and coordination ca-
15	pabilities among entities performing such
16	functions.
17	(ix) Developing and coordinating
18	strategies with respect to cybersecurity
19	threats or vulnerabilities in consultation
20	with—
21	(I) neighboring States or mem-
22	bers of an information sharing and
23	analysis organization; and
24	(II) as applicable, neighboring
25	countries.

1	(2) Duration of Approval.—
2	(A) Initial duration.—An approval
3	under paragraph (1) shall be initially effective
4	for the two-year period beginning on the date of
5	the determination described in such paragraph.
6	(B) Annual extension.—The Secretary
7	may annually extend such approval for a one-
8	year period, if the Secretary determines, after
9	considering the recommendations of the Review
10	Committee, that the plan continues to meet the
11	criteria described in paragraph (1) after the
12	State makes such revisions as the Secretary
13	may determine to be necessary.
14	(3) Essential functions.—For purposes of
15	this subsection, the term "essential functions" in-
16	cludes, with respect to a State, those functions that
17	enhance the cybersecurity posture of the State, local
18	and tribal governments of the State, and the public
19	services they provide.
20	(e) Planning Grants.—
21	(1) Initial planning grant.—The Secretary
22	shall require, as a condition of awarding an initial
23	planning grant, that the State seeking the grant—

1	(A) agrees to use the funds to develop a
2	cyber resiliency plan designed to meet the cri-
3	teria described in subsection (d)(1); and
4	(B) submits an application including such
5	information as the Secretary may determine to
6	be necessary.
7	(2) Eligibility for initial planning
8	GRANT.—A State shall not be eligible to receive an
9	initial planning grant after the date on which the
10	State first submits a cyber resiliency plan to the
11	Secretary for a determination under subsection
12	(d)(1).
13	(3) Additional planning grant.—The Sec-
14	retary may award an additional planning grant to a
15	State if the State agrees to use the funds to revise
16	a cyber resiliency plan in order to receive an exten-
17	sion in accordance with subsection (d)(2)(B), and
18	submits an application including such information as
19	the Secretary may determine to be necessary.
20	(4) Limitations on number and timing of
21	GRANTS.—A State shall not be eligible to receive—
22	(A) more than 2 planning grants under
23	this subsection; or

1	(B) an additional planning grant for the
2	fiscal year following the fiscal year for which it
3	receives an initial planning grant.
4	(f) Implementation Grants.—
5	(1) Application requirements.—The Sec-
6	retary shall require, as a condition of awarding a bi-
7	ennial implementation grant, that the State seeking
8	the grant submits an application including the fol-
9	lowing:
10	(A) A proposal, including a description and
11	timeline, of the activities to be funded by the
12	grant as described by a cyber resiliency plan of
13	the State approved under subsection (d).
14	(B) A description of how each activity pro-
15	posed to be funded by the grant would achieve
16	one or more of the objectives described in sub-
17	section $(d)(1)(B)$.
18	(C) A description, if applicable, of how any
19	prior biennial implementation grant awarded
20	under this section was spent, and to what ex-
21	tent the criteria described in subsection $(d)(1)$
22	were met.
23	(D) The share of any amounts awarded as
24	a biennial implementation grant proposed to be

1	distributed to local or tribal governments within
2	such State.
3	(E) Such other information as the Sec-
4	retary may determine to be necessary in con-
5	sultation with the chief information officer,
6	emergency managers, and senior public safety
7	officials of the State.
8	(2) APPROVAL OF APPLICATION.—The Sec-
9	retary shall consider the recommendations of the Re-
10	view Committee in approving or disapproving an ap-
11	plication for a biennial implementation grant.
12	(3) Distribution to local and tribal gov-
13	ERNMENTS.—
14	(A) In general.—Not later than 45 days
15	after the date that a biennial implementation
16	grant is awarded, not less than 50 percent of
17	any share proposed under paragraph $(1)(D)$
18	shall be distributed to local or tribal govern-
19	ments, in the same manner that amounts
20	awarded under section 2004 of the Homeland
21	Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 605) are dis-
22	tributed to such governments, except that—
23	(i) no such distribution may be made
24	to a federally recognized Indian tribe that

1	is a State under subsection (k)(11)(B);
2	and
3	(ii) in applying section 2004(c)(1) of
4	such Act with respect to distributions
5	under this subparagraph, "100 percent"
6	shall be substituted for "80 percent" each
7	place that term appears.
8	(B) Consultation.—In determining how
9	an implementation grant is distributed within a
10	State, the State shall consult with the local and
11	regional chief information officer, emergency
12	managers, and senior public safety officials of
13	the State.
14	(4) Competitive award.—Except as provided
15	in subsection (h), biennial implementation grants
16	shall be awarded—
17	(A) exclusively on a competitive basis; and
18	(B) based on the recommendations of the
19	Review Committee.
20	(5) Limitation on number of grants.—The
21	Secretary may award to a State not more than 2 bi-
22	ennial implementation grants under this section.
23	(g) USE OF GRANT FUNDS.—
24	(1) Limitations.—Any grant awarded under
25	this section shall supplement and not supplant State

1	or local funds or, as applicable, funds supplied by
2	the Bureau of Indian Affairs, and may not be
3	used—
4	(A) to provide any Federal cost-sharing
5	contribution on behalf of a State; or
6	(B) for any recreational or social purpose.
7	(2) Approved activities for implementa-
8	TION GRANTS.—A State or a government entity that
9	receives funds through a biennial implementation
10	grant may use such funds for one or more of the fol-
11	lowing activities, to the extent that such activities
12	are proposed under subsection $(f)(1)(A)$:
13	(A) Supporting or enhancing information
14	sharing and analysis organizations.
15	(B) Implementing or coordinating systems
16	and services that use cyber threat indicators (as
17	such term is defined in section 102 of the
18	Cybersecurity Information Sharing Act of 2015
19	(6 U.S.C. 1501)) to address cybersecurity
20	threats or vulnerabilities.
21	(C) Supporting dedicated cybersecurity
22	and communications coordination planning, in-
23	cluding the coordination of—
24	(i) emergency management elements
25	of such State;

1	(ii) National Guard units, as appro-
2	priate;
3	(iii) entities associated with critical in-
4	frastructure or key resources;
5	(iv) information sharing and analysis
6	organizations;
7	(v) public safety answering points; or
8	(vi) nongovernmental organizations
9	engaged in cybersecurity research as a for-
10	mally designated information analysis and
11	sharing organization.
12	(D) Establishing programs, such as schol-
13	arships or apprenticeships, to provide financial
14	assistance to State residents who—
15	(i) pursue formal education, training,
16	and industry-recognized certifications for
17	careers in cybersecurity as identified by the
18	National Initiative for Cybersecurity Edu-
19	cation; and
20	(ii) commit to working for State gov-
21	ernment for a specified period of time.
22	(h) Funding Allocations.—
23	(1) In general.—From any amount appro-
24	priated for a fiscal year that is not reserved for use
25	by the Secretary in carrying out this section, the

1	Secretary shall allocate the entire amount among the
2	States (including the District of Columbia) eligible
3	for grants under this section taking into consider-
4	ation the factors specified in paragraph (2) and con-
5	sistent with the following:
6	(A) Allocations for the several
7	STATES.—Of the amount subject to allocation,
8	a funding allocation for any of such States shall
9	be—
10	(i) not less than 0.001 percent, with
11	respect to an initial planning grant, and
12	not more than 0.001 percent, with respect
13	to any additional planning grants; and
14	(ii) not less than 0.5 percent and not
15	more than 3 percent, with respect to bien-
16	nial implementation grants.
17	(B) Allocations for the territories
18	AND POSSESSIONS.—Of the amount subject to
19	allocation, a funding allocation for any of the
20	territories and possessions of the United States
21	eligible for grants under this section shall be—
22	(i) not less than 0.001 percent, with
23	respect to an initial planning grant, and
24	not more than 0.001 percent, with respect
25	to any additional planning grant; and

1	(ii) not less than 0.1 percent and not
2	more than 1 percent, with respect to bien-
3	nial implementation grants.
4	(2) Considerations for funding alloca-
5	TIONS.—In determining a funding allocation under
6	paragraph (1) for a State, the Secretary shall con-
7	sider each of the following factors:
8	(A) The considerations described in section
9	1809(h)(1) of the Homeland Security Act of
10	2002 (6 U.S.C. 579(h)(1)) with respect to the
11	State, and the degree of exposure of the State
12	and protected government entities within the
13	State to threats, vulnerabilities, or consequences
14	resulting from cybersecurity risks or incidents.
15	(B) The degree of exposure of the State
16	and protected government entities within the
17	State to threats, vulnerabilities, or consequences
18	resulting from cybersecurity risks or incidents.
19	(C) The effectiveness of, relative to evolv-
20	ing cyber threats against, cybersecurity assets,
21	secure communications capabilities, and data
22	network protections, of the State and its part-
23	ners.
24	(D) The extent to which the State is vul-
25	nerable to cyber threats because it has not im-

1	plemented best practices such as the
2	cybersecurity framework developed by the Na-
3	tional Institute of Standards and Technology.
4	(E) The extent to which a State govern-
5	ment may face low cybersecurity workforce sup-
6	ply and high cybersecurity workforce demand,
7	as identified by the National Institute of Stand-
8	ards and Technology.
9	(i) Review committee for cyber
10	RESILIENCY GRANTS.—
11	(1) Establishment.—There is established a
12	committee to be known as the "Review Committee
13	for Cyber Resiliency Grants" (in this section re-
14	ferred to as the "Review Committee").
15	(2) Consideration of submissions.—The
16	Secretary shall forward a copy of each cyber resil-
17	iency plan submitted for approval under subsection
18	(d)(1), each application for an additional planning
19	grant submitted under subsection (e)(3), and each
20	application for a biennial implementation grant sub-
21	mitted under subsection (d)(1) to the Review Com-
22	mittee for consideration under this subsection.
23	(3) Duties.—The Review Committee shall—

1	(A) promulgate guidance for the develop-
2	ment of applications for grants under this sec-
3	tion;
4	(B) review any plan or application for-
5	warded under paragraph (2);
6	(C) provide to the State and to the Sec-
7	retary the recommendations of the Review Com-
8	mittee regarding the approval or disapproval of
9	such plan or application and, if applicable, pos-
10	sible improvements to such plan or application
11	(D) provide to the Secretary an evaluation
12	of any progress made by a State in imple-
13	menting an active cyber resiliency plan using a
14	prior biennial implementation grant; and
15	(E) submit to Congress an annual report
16	on the progress made in implementing active
17	cyber resiliency plans.
18	(4) Membership.—
19	(A) Number and appointment.—The
20	Review Committee shall be composed of 15
21	members appointed by the Secretary as follows:
22	(i) At least 2 individuals rec-
23	ommended to the Secretary by the Na-
24	tional Governors Association.

1	(ii) At least 1 individual recommended
2	to the Secretary by the National Associa-
3	tion of State Chief Information Officers.
4	(iii) At least 1 individual rec-
5	ommended to the Secretary by the Na-
6	tional Guard Bureau.
7	(iv) At least 1 individual rec-
8	ommended to the Secretary by the Na-
9	tional Association of Counties.
10	(v) At least 1 individual recommended
11	to the Secretary by the National League of
12	Cities.
13	(vi) Not more than 9 other individuals
14	who have educational and professional ex-
15	perience related to cybersecurity analysis
16	or policy.
17	(B) Terms.—Each member shall be ap-
18	pointed for a term of one year. Any member ap-
19	pointed to fill a vacancy occurring before the
20	expiration of the term for which the member's
21	predecessor was appointed shall be appointed
22	only for the remainder of that term. A member
23	may serve after the expiration of that member's
24	term until a successor has taken office. A va-
25	cancy in the Commission shall be filled in the

1	manner in which the original appointment was
2	made.
3	(C) Pay.—Members shall serve without
4	pay.
5	(C) Chairperson; vice chairperson.—
6	The Secretary, or a designee of the Secretary,
7	shall serve as the Chairperson of the Review
8	Committee. The Administrator of the Federal
9	Emergency Management Agency, or a designee
10	of the Administrator, shall serve as the Vice
11	Chairperson of the Review Committee.
12	(5) STAFF AND EXPERTS.—The Review Com-
13	mittee may—
14	(A) appoint additional personnel as it con-
15	siders appropriate, without regard to the provi-
16	sions of title 5, United States Code, governing
17	appointments in the competitive service;
18	(B) fix the pay of such additional per-
19	sonnel, without regard to the provisions of
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20	chapter 51 and subchapter III of chapter 53 of
2021	chapter 51 and subchapter III of chapter 53 of such title relating to classification and General
21	such title relating to classification and General

1	(6) Detailees.—Upon request of the Review
2	Committee, the head of any Federal department or
3	agency may detail, on a reimbursable basis, any of
4	the personnel of that department or agency to the
5	Commission to assist it in carrying out the duties
6	under this Act.
7	(7) Federal advisory committee act.—The
8	Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.)
9	shall not apply to the Review Committee.
10	(8) Termination.—The authority of the Re-
11	view Committee shall terminate on the day after the
12	end of the five-fiscal-year period described in sub-
13	section (c).
14	(j) Funding.—There is authorized to be appro-
15	priated for grants under this section such sums as are nec-
16	essary for fiscal years 2018 through 2023.
17	(k) Definitions.—In this section:
18	(1) ACTIVE CYBER RESILIENCY PLAN.—The
19	term "active cyber resiliency plan" means a cyber
20	resiliency plan for which an approval is in effect in
21	accordance with subsection (d)(2)(A) or for which
22	the Secretary extends such approval in accordance
23	with subsection $(d)(2)(B)$.

1	(2) Administrator.—The term "Adminis-
2	trator" means the Administrator of the Federal
3	Emergency Management Agency.
4	(3) Critical infrastructure.—The term
5	"critical infrastructure" has the meaning given that
6	term in section 2 of the Homeland Security Act of
7	2002 (6 U.S.C. 101).
8	(4) Cyber resiliency plan.—The term
9	"cyber resiliency plan" means, with respect to a
10	State, a plan that addresses the cybersecurity
11	threats or vulnerabilities faced by the State through
12	a statewide plan and decisionmaking process to re-
13	spond to cybersecurity risks or incidents.
14	(5) Cybersecurity risk.—The term
15	"cybersecurity risk" has the meaning given that
16	term in section 227 of the Homeland Security Act
17	of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 148).
18	(6) Incident.—The term "incident" has the
19	meaning given that term in section 227 of the
20	Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 148).
21	(7) Information sharing and analysis or-
22	GANIZATION.—The term "information sharing and
23	analysis organization" has the meaning given that
24	term in section 212 of the Homeland Security Act
25	of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 131).

1	(8) Key resources.—The term "key re-
2	sources" has the meaning given that term in section
3	2 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C.
4	101).
5	(9) Program.—The term "Program" means
6	the State Cyber Resiliency Grant Program estab-
7	lished by this section.
8	(10) Public safety answering points.—
9	The term "public safety answering points" has the
10	meaning given that term in section 222(h) of the
11	Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 222(h)).
12	(11) State.—The term "State"—
13	(A) means each of the several States, the
14	District of Colombia, and the territories and
15	possessions of the United States; and
16	(B) includes any federally recognized In-
17	dian tribe that notifies the Secretary, not later
18	than 120 days after the date of the enactment
19	of this Act or not later than 120 days before
20	the start of any fiscal year during the five-fis-
21	cal-year period described in subsection (c), that
22	the tribe intends to develop a cyber resiliency
23	plan and agrees to forfeit any distribution
24	under subsection $(f)(3)$.