AMENDMENT TO RULES COMM. PRINT 117–31 OFFERED BY MRS. HARTZLER OF MISSOURI

At the end of division D, add the following:

1	TITLEUYGHUR SOS ACT
2	SEC SHORT TITLE.
3	This title may be cited as the "Uyghur Stop Oppres-
4	sive Sterilizations Act" or the "Uyghur SOS Act".
5	SEC FINDINGS.
6	Congress finds the following:
7	(1) Eyewitness accounts provide credible docu-
8	mentation of widespread forced sterilization and sex-
9	ual violence against Uyghur and Kazakh women in
10	the People's Republic of China, including investiga-
11	tions and independent interviews by global media
12	outlets.
13	(2) Women who survived internment camps re-
14	port that they were forced to undergo multiple injec-
15	tions of unknown medicines that caused temporary
16	or permanent loss of menstrual cycles.
17	(3) Chinese Government documents dem-
18	onstrate rapid declines in population in two predomi-
19	nately Uyghur prefectures of the Xinjiang Uyghur
20	Autonomous Region between 2015 and 2018, and an

1	unprecedented near-zero birth rate target for 2020
2	in one district. Government documents mandate that
3	birth control violations are punishable by
4	extrajudicial internment in "training" camps.
5	(4) Chinese Government documents from 2019
6	reveal plans for a campaign of mass female steriliza-
7	tion in rural Uyghur populated regions of the
8	Xinjiang Uyghur Autonomous Region, to be contin-
9	ued in 2020 with increased funding. Publicly avail-
10	able budgets indicate that this project had sufficient
11	funding to perform hundreds of thousands of tubal
12	ligation sterilization procedures in 2019 and 2020.
13	(5) In 2019, the Government of the Xinjiang
14	Uyghur Autonomous Region planned to subject at
15	least 80 percent of women of childbearing age in the
16	four southern, rural, minority prefectures to intru-
17	sive birth-prevention surgeries.
18	(6) A leaked report written by Nankai Univer-
19	sity researchers for the Chinese Government con-
20	firms the intent of intention of state-organized
21	forced labor transfers as having the ultimate pur-
22	pose of assimilating Uyghurs, "breaking up" their
23	society, and altering demographic trends.
24	(7) The policy of state-sponsored forced popu-
25	lation-transfer program, which separates married

1 couples and forcibly places unmarried individuals 2 into controlled environments where they cannot 3 marry or form a family, is a violation of the fundamental right "to marry and to found a family," as 4 5 codified by Article 16 of the Universal Declaration 6 of Human Rights (1948). (8) Under the "becoming family" homestay pro-7 8 gram initiated by the government of the People's 9 Republic of China in the Xinjiang Uyghur Autono-10 mous Region, government workers and other Com-11 munist Party members are assigned to live with eth-12 nic minority families in their homes to conduct sur-13 veillance and compile information on family mem-14 bers, in arrangements which leave these families vul-15 nerable to sexual violence and other types of abuse. 16 (9) On January 7, 2021, an official social 17 media account for the Government of China said 18 that a "Study shows that in the process of eradi-19 cating extremism, the minds of Uygur women in 20 Xinjiang were emancipated and gender equality and 21 reproductive health were promoted, making them no 22 longer baby-making machines [and] They are 23 more confident and independent.". 24 (10) Uyghur and Kazakh women who have 25 given testimony to reporters about sexual violence

1	and forced sterilizations in mass internment camps
2	have been intimidated and their families threatened
3	by security officials from the People's Republic of
4	China.
5	(11) Article Two of the Genocide Convention of
6	1948, which China has signed and ratified, states
7	that genocide means any of the following acts com-
8	mitted with intent to destroy, in whole or in part, a
9	national, ethnical, racial or religious group, as such:
10	"(A) Killing members of the group;
11	"(B) Causing serious bodily or mental
12	harm to members of the group;
13	"(C) Deliberately inflicting on the group
14	conditions of life calculated to bring about its
15	physical destruction in whole or in part;
16	"(D) Imposing measures intended to pre-
17	vent births within the group;
18	"(E) Forcibly transferring children of the
19	group to another group.".
20	(12) On January 19, 2021, the Secretary of
21	State released a determination about atrocities in
22	the Xinjiang Uyghur Autonomous Region that stat-
23	ed that the "ongoing" crimes against humanity
24	against the predominantly Muslim Uyghurs and
25	other members of ethnic and religious minority

1	groups include forced sterilization, and called upon
2	the PRC "immediately to release all arbitrarily de-
3	tained persons and abolish its system of internment,
4	detention camps, house arrest and forced labor;
5	cease coercive population control measures, including
6	forced sterilizations, forced abortion, forced birth
7	control, and the removal of children from their fami-
8	lies; and end all torture and abuse in places of de-
9	tention".
10	(13) That same determination concluded that,
11	after careful examination of the facts, the Govern-
12	ment of China was committing "genocide" against
13	Uyghur, Kazakh, and other ethnic minority groups
14	in the Xinjiang Uyghur Autonomous Region.
15	(14) Secretary of State Tony Blinken affirmed
16	that the United States Government recognizes the
17	atrocities faced by Uyghurs and other ethnic and re-
18	ligious minorities in the Xinjiang Uyghur Autono-
19	mous Region as ongoing genocide and crimes
20	against humanity and said the United States will
21	hold the Government of China responsible for the
22	"atrocities" committed in the Xinjiang Uyghur Au-
23	tonomous Region.
24	SEC STATEMENT OF POLICY.
25	It is the policy of the United States—

1	(1) to regard the prevention of genocide and
2	other atrocity crimes as a national interest particu-
3	larly when those actions target Uyghurs, Kazakhs,
4	and Kyrgyz and other predominately Muslim ethnic
5	minorities in the Xinjiang Uyghur Autonomous Re-
6	gion through mass arbitrary detentions, forced labor,
7	forced sterilizations, forced abortions and other coer-
8	cive birth restrictions policies, sexual violence and
9	other torture in detention, and forced transfer of
10	children to orphanages and boarding schools;
11	(2) to condemn genocide and work diplomati-
12	cally to end genocide and other atrocity crimes, in-
13	cluding by calling on foreign governments, through
14	both bilateral discussions and in multilateral organi-
15	zations, to denounce and take actions to end the
16	atrocity crimes perpetuated in the Xinjiang Uyghur
17	Autonomous Region;
18	(3) to raise the issue of state-sanctioned vio-
19	lence against women, including rape, torture, and
20	coercively enforced population control policies in the
21	People's Republic of China, in all multilateral orga-
22	nizations where the United States and the People's
23	Republic of China are members, including at the
24	United Nations Security Council;

1	(4) to consider state-sanctioned violence against
2	women, including forced sterilizations and forced
3	abortions and the systematic use of rape and torture
4	in mass internment camps in the Xinjiang Uyghur
5	Autonomous Region as a gross violation of inter-
6	nationally-recognized human rights; and
7	(5) to use all the existing United States au-
8	thorities, including visa and financial sanctions, to
9	hold accountable individuals and entities responsible
10	for genocide and other atrocity crimes in the Peo-
11	ple's Republic of China, section 6 of the Uyghur
12	Human Rights Policy Act (Public Law 116–145)
13	and including section 1263 of the Global Magnitsky
14	Human Rights Accountability Act (subtitle F of title
15	XII of the National Defense Authorization Act for
16	Fiscal Year 2017; 22 U.S.C. 2656 note).
17	SEC SENSE OF CONGRESS CONCERNING ATROCITY
18	CRIMES IN THE XINJIANG UYGHUR AUTONO-
19	MOUS REGION.
20	It is the sense of Congress that—
21	(1) the atrocities perpetrated by the Govern-
22	ment of the People's Republic of China against
23	Uyghurs, Kazakhs, Kyrgyz, and other predominately
24	Muslim ethnic minorities in the Xinjiang Uvghur

1 Autonomous Region are horrific and ongoing and 2 constitute genocide and crimes against humanity; 3 (2)all governments, including the United 4 States, and international organizations, such as the 5 United Nations and the Office of the Secretary-Gen-6 eral, should call the atrocities perpetuated by the 7 Government of the People's Republic of China, in-8 cluding the mass arbitrary detention of ethnic mi-9 norities; forced sterilizations and forced abortions 10 and other sexual violence; and forced labor, as geno-11 cide and crimes against humanity; 12 (3) the United States, in coordination with allies and partners, should strongly condemn the in-13 14 timidation and threats targeting Uyghur 15 Kazakh women who provide public evidence of sexual violence and forced sterilizations and forced abor-16 17 tions in mass internment camps and the journalist 18 who report these stories; 19 (4) member states of the United Nations should 20 consider all Uyghurs and other ethnic minorities de-21 tained and imprisoned through the justice system in 22 the Xinjiang Uyghur Autonomous Region as arbi-23 trarily detained due to the severe restrictions on in-24 formation regarding the cases and because research 25 by human rights organizations indicate that long

1	prison sentences were given to individuals for prac-
2	ticing their religion or engaging in other internation-
3	ally-recognized human rights;
4	(5) member states of the United Nations should
5	condemn the atrocities committed by the Govern-
6	ment of the People's Republic China, including
7	forced sterilizations and other state-sanctioned vio-
8	lence against women, and take steps to prevent fur-
9	ther crimes against humanity and genocide in the
10	Xinjiang Uyghur Autonomous Region including by
11	demanding that the Government of the People's Re-
12	public of China—
13	(A) immediately adhere to its commitments
14	under the Convention on the Prevention and
15	Punishment of the Crime of Genocide;
16	(B) end all forced sterilization, forced
17	abortions, and other state-sanctioned violence
18	against women;
19	(C) release all individuals from internment
20	camps, and all others who are unjustly or arbi-
21	trarily detained, including those engaged in
22	forced labor programs or separated from their
23	families in state-run boarding schools;
24	(D) end harassment and restrictions on
25	foreign journalists while they are traveling in

1	the Xinjiang Uyghur Autonomous Region and
2	immediately end any threats and intimidation
3	directed at journalists for reporting about con-
4	ditions there; and
5	(E) guarantee the right to the freedom of
6	religion, including by rebuilding mosques and
7	restoring holy sites and cemeteries;
8	(6) member states of the United Nations should
9	take action to collect and preserve evidence of geno-
10	cide and crimes against humanity and establish ap-
11	propriate special mechanisms and tribunals to hold
12	accountable officials responsible for genocide and
13	crimes against humanity, including through the es-
14	tablishment of an international Commission on In-
15	quiry on Atrocity Crimes in the Xinjiang Uyghur
16	Autonomous Region; and
17	(7) the Department of State should be com-
18	mended for raising the issue of atrocity crimes and
19	its public determination that the Government of the
20	People's Republic of China is responsible for an on-
21	going genocide and for crimes against humanity in
22	the Xinjiang Uyghur Autonomous Region.
23	SEC STRATEGY TO ADDRESS GENOCIDE IN THE
24	XINJIANG UYGHUR AUTONOMOUS REGION.
25	(a) FINDING.—Congress finds that—

1	(1) the determination of the Secretary of State
2	that the Government of the People's Republic of
3	China is responsible for perpetrating both genocide
4	and crimes against humanity targeting Uyghurs and
5	other predominately Muslim ethnic minority groups
6	in Xinjiang Uyghurs Autonomous Region is an issue
7	on which there is widespread bipartisan support in
8	Congress; and
9	(2) the atrocities being committed in China are
10	both horrific and ongoing.
11	(b) Strategy Required.—Not later than 60 days
12	after the date of the enactment of this Act, the President
13	shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees
14	a report that includes a strategy specifically describing—
15	(1) the steps already taken to tangibly address
16	atrocity crimes occurring in the Xinjiang Uyghur
17	Autonomous Region, especially during the period fol-
18	lowing the January 19, 2021, determination that
19	genocide and crimes against humanity were occur-
20	ring in the Xinjiang Uyghur Autonomous Region;
21	and
22	(2) a strategy for ending the atrocity crimes oc-
23	curring in the Xinjiang Uyghur Autonomous Region,
24	including by—

1	(A) holding accountable persons or entities
2	responsible for committing such atrocity crimes
3	by addressing, through existing or new export
4	controls or import restrictions, the issues of
5	mass biometric surveillance and forced labor
6	programs in China;
7	(B) gaining access for United Nations,
8	United States, and other diplomats and foreign
9	journalists to the Xinjiang Uyghur Autonomous
10	Region; and
11	(C) protecting Uyghurs, Kazakhs, Kyrgyz,
12	and other ethnic minorities affected by the
13	atrocities committed by the Government of the
14	People's Republic of China.
15	(e) FORM AND PUBLICATION.—The report required
16	under subsection (b) shall be submitted in unclassified
17	form and shall be made publicly available, but may include
18	a classified annex.
19	(d) Appropriate Congressional Committees.—
20	In this section, the term "appropriate congressional com-
21	mittees" means—
22	(1) The Committee on Foreign Affairs, the
23	Committee on Armed Services, and the Committee
24	on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.

1	(2) The Committee on Foreign Relations, the
2	Committee on Armed Services, and the Committee
3	on Appropriations of the Senate.
4	SEC PROTECTION OF UYGHURS, KAZAKHS, AND
5	OTHER ETHNIC MINORITIES IN THE
6	XINJIANG UYGHUR AUTONOMOUS REGION.
7	The Secretary of State shall provide all appropriate
8	assistance to women who belong to the Uyghur, Kazakh,
9	Kyrgyz, or other ethnic minority and who experienced sex-
10	ual violence, torture, forced sterilizations and forced abor-
11	tions in the People's Republic of China in order for them
12	to receive needed medical care and psychological support.
13	All existing authorities shall be used to allow such women
14	to at least temporarily enter the United States.
15	SEC SANCTIONS WITH RESPECT TO INDIVIDUALS
16	COMMITTING RESPONSIBLE FOR OR
17	COMPLICIT IN FORCED STERILIZATIONS,
18	FORCED ABORTIONS, OR OTHER SEXUAL VIO-
19	LENCE.
20	(a) STATEMENT OF POLICY.—It is the policy of the
21	United States to consider any foreign person or entity re-
22	sponsible for, complicit in, or having directly or indirectly
23	engaged in forced sterilizations, forced abortions, or other
	8 8
24	sexual violence targeting any individual in the Xinjiang

violations of internationally recognized human rights for purposes of imposing the sanctions detailed in the Global Magnitsky Human Rights Accountability Act (subtitle F 3 4 of title XII of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2017; 22 U.S.C. 2656 note). 6 (b) Denial of Entry for Foreign Nationals ENGAGED IN ESTABLISHMENT OR ENFORCEMENT OF 8 Forced Abortion or Sterilization Policy.—Section 801 of the Admiral James W. Nance and Meg Donovan 10 Foreign Relations Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 2000 11 and 2001 (Public Law 106–113; 8 U.S.C. 1182e) is 12 amended— 13 (1) in subsection (b), by striking "minister." 14 and inserting minister, unless— 15 "(1) the Secretary of State makes a public determination that the forced sterilizations, forced 16 17 abortions, or other coercive population control poli-18 cies were being committed or enforced with the in-19 tent to destroy, in whole or in part, a national, eth-20 nic, racial or religious group and therefore constitute 21 genocide or crimes against humanity; or 22 "(2) the Secretary of State finds that such co-23 ercive population control policies were targeting 24 Uyghurs, Kazakhs, Tibetan or other ethnic minori-25 ties or individuals peacefully expressing internation-

1	ally-recognized human rights in the People's Repub-
2	lic of China.";
3	(2) in subsection (c), by striking "national in-
4	terest" and inserting "national security interest";
5	and
6	(3) by adding at the end the following new sub-
7	sections:
8	"(d) Notice.—The Secretary of State shall make a
9	public announcement each time sanctions are imposed
10	under this section as a result of a determination or finding
11	described in subsection $(b)(1)$ or $(b)(2)$, respectively.
12	"(e) Information Requested by Congress.—The
13	Secretary of State shall, upon request of a Member of
14	Congress—
15	"(1) provide information about the use of the
16	sanctions described in this section, including the
17	number of times imposed, disaggregated by country
18	and by year; or
19	"(2) provide a classified briefing that includes
20	information about the individuals or entities sanc-
21	tioned pursuant to this section and any other Act
22	authorizing sanctions with respect to the conduct of
23	such individuals or entities.".

