# Amendment to Rules Committee Print 118–36 Offered by Mr. Robert Garcia of California

Add at the end of title XVII the following:

#### Subtitle D—Unidentified 1 **Anomalous Phenomena Disclosure** 2 3 SEC. 1761. ESTABLISHMENT AND POWERS OF THE UNIDEN-4 TIFIED ANOMALOUS PHENOMENA RECORDS 5 **REVIEW BOARD.** 6 (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established as an independent agency a board to be known as the "Unidenti-7 8 fied Anomalous Phenomena Records Review Board". 9 (b) APPOINTMENT.— 10 (1) IN GENERAL.—The President, by and with 11 the advice and consent of the Senate, shall appoint, 12 without regard to political affiliation, 9 citizens of 13 the United States to serve as members of the Review 14 Board to ensure and facilitate the review, trans-15 mission to the Archivist, and public disclosure of 16 government records relating to unidentified anoma-17 lous phenomena.

1	(2) Period for nominations.—(A) The
2	President shall make nominations to the Review
3	Board not later than 90 calendar days after the date
4	of the enactment of this Act.
5	(B) If the Senate votes not to confirm a nomi-
6	nation to the Review Board, the President shall
7	make an additional nomination not later than 30
8	days thereafter.
9	(3) Consideration of recommendations.—
10	(A) The President shall make nominations to the
11	Review Board after considering persons rec-
12	ommended by the following:
13	(i) The majority leader of the Senate.
14	(ii) The minority leader of the Senate.
15	(iii) The Speaker of the House of Rep-
16	resentatives.
17	(iv) The minority leader of the House of
18	Representatives.
19	(v) The Secretary of Defense.
20	(vi) The National Academy of Sciences.
21	(vii) Established nonprofit research organi-
22	zations relating to unidentified anomalous phe-
23	nomena.
24	(viii) The American Historical Association.

1	(ix) Such other persons and organizations
2	as the President considers appropriate.
3	(B) If an individual or organization described in
4	subparagraph (A) does not recommend at least $2$
5	nominees meeting the qualifications stated in para-
6	graph (5) by the date that is 45 days after the date
7	of the enactment of this Act, the President shall
8	consider for nomination the persons recommended
9	by the other individuals and organizations described
10	in such subparagraph.
11	(C) The President may request an individual or
12	organization described in subparagraph (A) to sub-
13	mit additional nominations.
14	(4) QUALIFICATIONS.—Persons nominated to
15	the Review Board—
16	(A) shall be impartial citizens, none of
17	whom shall have had any previous or current
18	involvement with any legacy program or con-
19	trolling authority relating to the collection, ex-
20	ploitation, or reverse engineering of technologies
21	of unknown origin or the examination of bio-
22	logical evidence of living or deceased non-
23	human intelligence;
24	(B) shall be distinguished persons of high
25	national professional reputation in their respec-

1	tive fields who are capable of exercising the
2	independent and objective judgment necessary
3	to the fulfillment of their role in ensuring and
4	facilitating the review, transmission to the pub-
5	lic, and public disclosure of records related to
6	the government's understanding of, and activi-
7	ties associated with unidentified anomalous phe-
8	nomena, technologies of unknown origin, and
9	non-human intelligence and who possess an ap-
10	preciation of the value of such material to the
11	public, scholars, and government; and
12	(C) shall include at least—
13	(i) 1 current or former national secu-
14	rity official;
15	(ii) 1 current or former foreign service
16	official;
17	(iii) 1 scientist or engineer;
18	(iv) 1 economist;
19	(v) 1 professional historian; and
20	(vi) 1 sociologist.
21	(c) Mandatory Conflicts of Interest Re-
22	VIEW.—
23	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Director shall conduct a
24	review of each individual nominated and appointed
25	to the position of member of the Review Board to

1 ensure the member does not have any conflict of in-2 terest during the term of the service of the member. 3 (2) REPORTS.—During the course of the review 4 under paragraph (1), if the Director becomes aware 5 that the member being reviewed possesses a conflict 6 of interest to the mission of the Review Board, the 7 Director shall, not later than 30 days after the date 8 on which the Director became aware of the conflict 9 of interest submit to the Committee on Homeland 10 Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate 11 and the Committee on Oversight and Accountability 12 of the House of Representatives a report on the con-13 flict of interest. 14 (3) Security clearances.— 15  $(\mathbf{A})$ IN general.—All Review Board 16 nominees shall be granted the necessary clear-

nominees shall be granted the necessary clearances and accesses, including any and all relevant Presidential, departmental, and agency
special access programs, in an accelerated manner subject to the standard procedures for
granting such clearances.

(B) QUALIFICATION FOR NOMINEES.—All
nominees for appointment to the Review Board
under subsection (b) shall qualify for the necessary security clearances and access prior to

1	being considered for confirmation by the Com-
2	mittee on Homeland Security and Govern-
3	mental Affairs of the Senates.
4	(d) Consideration by the Senate.—Nominations
5	for appointment under subsection (b) shall be referred to
6	the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental
7	Affairs of the Senate for consideration.
8	(e) VACANCY.—A vacancy on the Review Board shall
9	be filled in the same manner as specified for original ap-
10	pointment within 30 days of the occurrence of the vacancy.
11	(f) Removal of Review Board Member.—
12	(1) IN GENERAL.—No member of the Review
13	Board shall be removed from office, other than—
14	(A) by impeachment and conviction; or
15	(B) by the action of the President for inef-
16	ficiency, neglect of duty, malfeasance in office,
17	physical disability, mental incapacity, or any
18	other condition that substantially impairs the
19	performance of the member's duties.
20	(2) NOTICE OF REMOVAL.—(A) If a member of
21	the Review Board is removed from office, and that
22	removal is by the President, not later than 10 days
23	after the removal, the President shall submit to the
24	leadership of Congress, the Committee on Homeland
25	Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate

and the Committee on Oversight and Reform of the
 House of Representatives, or to alternative commit tees of jurisdiction as determined by the Senate and
 the House of Representatives, a report specifying
 the facts found and the grounds for the removal.

6 (B) The President shall publish in the Federal 7 Register a report submitted under subparagraph 8 (A), except that the President may, if necessary to 9 protect the rights of a person named in the report 10 or to prevent undue interference with any pending 11 prosecution, postpone or refrain from publishing any 12 or all of the report until the completion of such 13 pending cases or pursuant to privacy protection re-14 quirements in law.

15 (3) JUDICIAL REVIEW.—(A) A member of the
16 Review Board removed from office may obtain judi17 cial review of the removal in a civil action com18 menced in the United States District Court for the
19 District of Columbia.

20 (B) The member may be reinstated or granted21 other appropriate relief by order of the court.

22 (g) Compensation of Members.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—A member of the Review
Board, other than the Executive Director under section 1762(c)(1), shall be compensated at a rate

equal to the daily equivalent of the annual rate of
 basic pay prescribed for level IV of the Executive
 Schedule under section 5315 of title 5, United
 States Code, for each day (including travel time)
 during which the member is engaged in the perform ance of the duties of the Review Board.

7 (2) TRAVEL EXPENSES.—A member of the Re-8 view Board shall be allowed reasonable travel ex-9 penses, including per diem in lieu of subsistence, at 10 rates for employees of agencies under subchapter I 11 of chapter 57 of title 5, United States Code, while 12 away from the member's home or regular place of 13 business in the performance of services for the Review Board. 14

15 (h) DUTIES OF THE REVIEW BOARD.—

16 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Review Board shall con17 sider and render decisions on a determination by a
18 Government office to seek to postpone the disclosure
19 of unidentified anomalous phenomena records.

20 (2) CONSIDERATIONS AND RENDERING OF DE21 CISIONS.—In carrying out paragraph (1), the Review
22 Board shall consider and render decisions—

23 (A) whether a record constitutes a uniden-24 tified anomalous phenomena record; and

1	(B) whether a unidentified anomalous phe-
2	nomena record or particular information in a
3	record qualifies for postponement of disclosure
4	under this subtitle.
5	(i) Powers.—
6	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Review Board shall
7	have the authority to act in a manner prescribed
8	under this subtitle, including authority—
9	(A) to direct Government offices to com-
10	plete identification aids and organize unidenti-
11	fied anomalous phenomena records;
12	(B) to direct Government offices to trans-
13	mit to the Archivist unidentified anomalous
14	phenomena records as required under this sub-
15	title, including segregable portions of unidenti-
16	fied anomalous phenomena records and sub-
17	stitutes and summaries of unidentified anoma-
18	lous phenomena records that can be publicly
19	disclosed to the fullest extent;
20	(C)(i) to obtain access to unidentified
21	anomalous phenomena records that have been
22	identified and organized by a Government of-
23	fice;
24	(ii) to direct a Government office to make
25	available to the Review Board, and if necessary

1	investigate the facts surrounding, additional in-
2	formation, records, or testimony from individ-
3	uals which the Review Board has reason to be-
4	lieve are required to fulfill its functions and re-
5	sponsibilities under this subtitle; and
6	(iii) request the Attorney General to sub-
7	poena private persons to compel testimony,
8	records, and other information relevant to its
9	responsibilities under this subtitle;
10	(D) require any Government office to ac-
11	count in writing for the destruction of any
12	records relating to unidentified anomalous phe-
13	nomena, technologies of unknown origin, or
14	non-human intelligence;
15	(E) receive information from the public re-
16	garding the identification and public disclosure
17	of unidentified anomalous phenomena records;
18	(F) hold hearings, administer oaths, and
19	subpoena witnesses and documents;
20	(G) use the Federal Acquisition Service in
21	the same manner and under the same condi-
22	tions as other Executive agencies; and
23	(H) use the United States mails in the
24	same manner and under the same conditions as
25	other Executive agencies.

(2) ENFORCEMENT OF SUBPOENA.—A sub poena issued under paragraph (1)(C)(iii) may be en forced by any appropriate Federal court acting pur suant to a lawful request of the Review Board.

5 (j) WITNESS IMMUNITY.—The Review Board shall be considered to be an agency of the United States for pur-6 7 poses of section 6001 of title 18, United States Code. Wit-8 nesses, close observers, and whistleblowers providing infor-9 mation directly to the Review Board shall also be afforded 10 the protections provided to such persons specified under 11 section 1673(b) of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (50 U.S.C. 12 13 3373b(b)).

14 (k) Oversight.—

15 (1) SENATE.—Unless otherwise determined by 16 the Senate, the Committee on Homeland Security 17 and Governmental Affairs of the Senate shall have 18 continuing legislative oversight jurisdiction in the 19 Senate with respect to the official conduct of the Re-20 view Board and the disposition of postponed records 21 after termination of the Review Board, and shall 22 have access to any records held or created by the 23 Review Board.

24 (2) HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.—Unless
25 otherwise determined appropriate by the House of

1	Representatives, the Committee on Oversight and
2	Accountability of the House of Representatives shall
3	have continuing legislative oversight jurisdiction in
4	the House of Representatives with respect to the of-
5	ficial conduct of the Review Board and the disposi-
6	tion of postponed records after termination of the
7	Review Board, and shall have access to any records
8	held or created by the Review Board.
9	(3) DUTY TO COOPERATE.—The Review Board
10	shall have the duty to cooperate with the exercise of
11	oversight jurisdiction described in this subsection.
12	(4) Security clearances.—The chairmen
13	and Ranking Members of the Committee on Home-
14	land Security and Governmental Affairs of the Sen-
15	ate and the Committee on Oversight and Account-
16	ability of the House of Representatives, and staff of
17	such committees designated by such Chairmen and
18	Ranking Members, shall be granted all security
19	clearances and access held by the review Board, in-
20	cluding to relevant Presidential and departmental or
21	agency special access and compartmented access
22	programs.
23	(1) SUPPORT SERVICES.—The Administrator of the
24	General Services Administration shall provide administra-

25 tive services for the Review Board on a reimbursable basis.

(m) INTERPRETIVE REGULATIONS.—The Review
 Board may issue interpretive regulations.

- 3 (n) TERMINATION AND WINDING DOWN.—
- 4 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Review Board and the
  5 terms of its members shall terminate not later than
  6 September 30, 2030, unless extended by Congress.

7 (2) REPORTS.—Upon its termination, the Re8 view Board shall submit to the President and Con9 gress reports, including a complete and accurate ac10 counting of expenditures during its existence and
11 shall complete all other reporting requirements
12 under this subtitle.

13 (3) TRANSFER OF RECORDS.—Upon termi14 nation and winding down, the Review Board shall
15 transfer all of its records to the Archivist for inclu16 sion in the Collection, and no record of the Review
17 Board shall be destroyed.

18 SEC. 1762. UNIDENTIFIED ANOMALOUS PHENOMENA

19

### **RECORDS REVIEW BOARD PERSONNEL.**

20 (a) EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR.—

(1) APPOINTMENT.—Not later than 45 days
after the date of the enactment of this Act, the
President shall appoint 1 citizen of the United
States, without regard to political affiliation, to the
position of Executive Director of the Review Board.

1	This position counts as 1 of the 9 Review Board
2	members under section $1761(b)(1)$ .
3	(2) QUALIFICATIONS.—The person appointed as
4	Executive Director shall be a private citizen of integ-
5	rity and impartiality who—
6	(A) is a distinguished professional; and
7	(B) is not a present employee of the Fed-
8	eral Government; and
9	(C) has had no previous or current involve-
10	ment with any legacy program or controlling
11	authority relating to the collection, exploitation,
12	or reverse engineering of technologies of un-
13	known origin or the examination of biological
14	evidence of living or deceased non-human intel-
15	ligence.
16	(3) Consultation with director of the
17	OFFICE OF GOVERNMENTAL ETHICS.—In their con-
18	sideration of persons to be appointed as staff of the
19	Review Board under paragraph (1), the review
20	Board shall consult with the Director—
21	(A) to determine criteria for possible con-
22	flicts of interest of staff of the Review Board,
23	consistent with ethics laws, statutes, and regu-
24	lations for employees of the executive branch of
25	the Federal Government; and

1	(B) ensure that no person selected for such
2	positions of staff of the Review Board possesses
3	a conflict on interest in accordance with the cri-
4	teria determined pursuant to clause (i).
5	(4) Security clearances.—(A) A candidate
6	for Executive Director shall be granted all the nec-
7	essary security clearances and accesses, including to
8	relevant Presidential and department or agency spe-
9	cial access and compartmented access programs in
10	an accelerated manner subject to the standard pro-
11	cedures for granting such clearances.
12	(B) A candidate shall qualify for the necessary
13	security clearances and accesses prior to being ap-
14	pointed by the President.
15	(5) FUNCTIONS.—The Executive Director
16	shall—
17	(A) serve as principal liaison to the Execu-
18	tive Office of the President and Congress;
19	(B) serve as Chairperson of the Review
20	Board;
21	(C) be responsible for the administration
22	and coordination of the Review Board's review
23	of records;

(D) be responsible for the administration
 of all official activities conducted by the Review
 Board;

4 (E) exercise tie-breaking Review Board au5 thority to decide or determine whether any
6 record should be disclosed to the public or post7 poned for disclosure; and

8 (F) retain right-of-appeal directly to the 9 President for decisions pertaining to executive 10 branch unidentified anomalous phenomena 11 records for which the Executive Director and 12 Review Board members may disagree.

(6) REMOVAL.—The Executive Director shall
not be removed for reasons other for cause on the
grounds of inefficiency, neglect of duty, malfeasance
in office, physical disability, mental incapacity, or
any other condition that substantially impairs the
performance of the responsibilities of the Executive
Director or the staff of the Review Board.

20 (b) Staff.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Review Board, without
regard to the civil service laws, may appoint and terminate additional personnel as are necessary to enable the Review Board and its Executive Director to
perform the duties of the Review Board.

1 (2) QUALIFICATIONS.—Except as provided in 2 subparagraph (B), a person appointed to the staff of 3 the Review Board shall be a citizen of integrity and 4 impartiality who has had no previous or current in-5 volvement with any legacy program or controlling 6 authority relating to the collection, exploitation, or reverse engineering of technologies of unknown ori-7 8 gin or the examination of biological evidence of liv-9 ing or deceased non-human intelligence.

10 (3) SECURITY CLEARANCES.—(A) A candidate
11 for staff shall be granted the necessary security
12 clearances (including all necessary special access
13 program clearances) in an accelerated manner sub14 ject to the standard procedures for granting such
15 clearances.

16 (B)(i) The Review Board may offer conditional 17 employment to a candidate for a staff position pend-18 ing the completion of security clearance background 19 investigations. During the pendency of such inves-20 tigations, the Review Board shall ensure that any 21 such employee does not have access to, or responsi-22 bility involving, classified or otherwise restricted un-23 identified anomalous phenomena record materials.

(ii) If a person hired on a conditional basisunder clause (i) is denied or otherwise does not qual-

ify for all security clearances necessary to carry out
 the responsibilities of the position for which condi tional employment has been offered, the Review
 Board shall immediately terminate the person's em ployment.

6 (4) SUPPORT FROM NATIONAL DECLASSIFICA-7 TION CENTER.—The Archivist shall assign one rep-8 resentative in full-time equivalent status from the 9 National Declassification Center to advise and sup-10 port the Review Board disclosure postponement re-11 view process in a non-voting staff capacity.

12 (c) COMPENSATION.—Subject to such rules as may 13 be adopted by the Review Board, without regard to the 14 provisions of title 5, United States Code, governing ap-15 pointments in the competitive service and without regard 16 to the provisions of chapter 51 and subchapter III of chap-17 ter 53 of that title relating to classification and General 18 Schedule pay rates—

(1) the Executive Director shall be compensated
at a rate not to exceed the rate of basic pay for level
II of the Executive Schedule and shall serve the entire tenure as one full-time equivalent; and

(2) the Executive Director shall appoint and fix
compensation of such other personnel as may be
necessary to carry out this subtitle.

1 (d) ADVISORY COMMITTEES.—

2 (1) AUTHORITY.—The Review Board may cre3 ate advisory committees to assist in fulfilling the re4 sponsibilities of the Review Board under this sub5 title.

6 (2) FACA.—Any advisory committee created by
7 the Review Board shall be subject to chapter 10 of
8 title 5, United States Code.

9 (e) SECURITY CLEARANCE REQUIRED.—An indi-10 vidual employed in any position by the Review Board (in-11 cluding an individual appointed as Executive Director) 12 shall be required to qualify for any necessary security 13 clearance prior to taking office in that position, but may 14 be employed conditionally in accordance with subsection 15 (b)(3)(B) before qualifying for that clearance.

 16
 SEC. 1763. REVIEW OF RECORDS BY THE UNIDENTIFIED

 17
 ANOMALOUS PHENOMENA RECORDS REVIEW

 18
 BOARD.

(a) CUSTODY OF RECORDS REVIEWED BY REVIEW
BOARD.—Pending the outcome of a review of activity by
the Review Board, a Government office shall retain custody of its unidentified anomalous phenomena records for
purposes of preservation, security, and efficiency, unless—

(1) the Review Board requires the physical
 transfer of records for reasons of conducting an
 independent and impartial review; or
 (2) such transfer is necessary for an adminis-

5 trative hearing or other official Review Board func-6 tion.

7 (b) STARTUP REQUIREMENTS.—The Review Board8 shall—

9 (1) not later than 90 days after the date of its
10 appointment, publish a schedule in the Federal Reg11 ister for review of all unidentified anomalous phe12 nomena records;

(2) not later than 180 days after the date of
the enactment of this Act, begin its review of unidentified anomalous phenomena records under this
subtitle; and

17 (3) periodically thereafter as warranted, but not
18 less frequently than semiannually, publish a revised
19 schedule in the Federal Register addressing the re20 view and inclusion of any unidentified anomalous
21 phenomena records subsequently discovered.

22 (c) DETERMINATIONS OF THE REVIEW BOARD.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Review Board shall direct that all unidentified anomalous phenomena
records be transmitted to the Archivist and disclosed

1	to the public in the Collection in the absence of clear
2	and convincing evidence that—
3	(A) a Government record is not an uniden-
4	tified anomalous phenomena record; or
5	(B) a Government record, or particular in-
6	formation within an unidentified anomalous
7	phenomena record, qualifies for postponement
8	of public disclosure under this subtitle.
9	(2) Requirements.—In approving postpone-
10	ment of public disclosure of a unidentified anoma-
11	lous phenomena record, the Review Board shall seek
12	to—
13	(A) provide for the disclosure of segregable
14	parts, substitutes, or summaries of such a
15	record; and
16	(B) determine, in consultation with the
17	originating body and consistent with the stand-
18	ards for postponement under this subtitle,
19	which of the following alternative forms of dis-
20	closure shall be made by the originating body:
21	(i) Any reasonably segregable par-
22	ticular information in a unidentified anom-
23	alous phenomena record.
24	(ii) A substitute record for that infor-
25	mation which is postponed.

(iii) A summary of a unidentified
 anomalous phenomena record.

3 (3)CONTROLLED DISCLOSURE CAMPAIGN 4 PLAN.—With respect to unidentified anomalous phe-5 nomena records, particular information in unidenti-6 fied anomalous phenomena records, recovered tech-7 nologies of unknown origin, and biological evidence 8 for non-human intelligence the public disclosure of 9 which is postponed pursuant to section 1843 of sub-10 title C of title XVIII of the National Defense Au-11 thorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024, or for which 12 only substitutions or summaries have been disclosed 13 to the public, the Review Board shall create and 14 transmit to the President and to the Archivist a 15 Controlled Disclosure Campaign Plan, with classified 16 appendix, containing—

17 (A) a description of actions by the Review 18 Board, the originating body, the President, or 19 any Government office (including a justification 20 of any such action to postpone disclosure of any 21 record or part of any record) and of any official 22 proceedings conducted by the Review Board 23 with regard to specific unidentified anomalous 24 phenomena records; and

1 (B) a benchmark-driven plan, based upon 2 a review of the proceedings and in conformity with the decisions reflected therein, recom-3 4 mending precise requirements for periodic re-5 view, downgrading, and declassification as well 6 as the exact time or specified occurrence fol-7 lowing which each postponed item may be ap-8 propriately disclosed to the public under this 9 subtitle.

10 (4) NOTICE FOLLOWING REVIEW AND DETER-11 MINATION.—(A) Following its review and a deter-12 mination that a unidentified anomalous phenomena record shall be publicly disclosed in the Collection or 13 14 postponed for disclosure and held in the protected 15 Collection, the Review Board shall notify the head of 16 the originating body of the determination of the Re-17 view Board and publish a copy of the determination 18 in the Federal Register within 14 days after the de-19 termination is made.

(B) Contemporaneous notice shall be made to
the President for Review Board determinations regarding unidentified anomalous phenomena records
of the executive branch of the Federal Government,
and to the oversight committees designated in this
subtitle in the case of records of the legislative

branch of the Federal Government. Such notice shall
contain a written unclassified justification for public
disclosure or postponement of disclosure, including
an explanation of the application of any standards
contained in section 1843 of subtitle C of title XVIII
of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal
Year 2024.

8 (d) PRESIDENTIAL AUTHORITY OVER REVIEW9 BOARD DETERMINATION.—

10 (1) Public disclosure or postponement 11 OF DISCLOSURE.—After the Review Board has made 12 a formal determination concerning the public disclo-13 sure or postponement of disclosure of an unidenti-14 fied anomalous phenomena record of the executive 15 branch of the Federal Government or information within such a record, or of any information con-16 17 tained in a unidentified anomalous phenomena 18 record, obtained or developed solely within the executive branch of the Federal Government, the Presi-19 20 dent shall—

(A) have the sole and nondelegable authority to require the disclosure or postponement of
such record or information under the standards
set forth in section 1843 of subtitle C of title

2

25

XVIII of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024; and

3 (B) provide the Review Board with both an 4 unclassified and classified written certification 5 specifying the President's decision within 30 6 days after the Review Board's determination 7 and notice to the executive branch agency as re-8 quired under this subtitle, stating the justifica-9 tion for the President's decision, including the 10 applicable grounds for postponement under sec-11 tion 1843 of subtitle C of title XVIII of the Na-12 tional Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal 13 Year 2024, accompanied by a copy of the iden-14 tification aid required under section 1842 of 15 subtitle C of title XVIII of the National De-16 fense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024

17 (2) PERIODIC REVIEW.—(A) Any unidentified 18 anomalous phenomena record postponed by the 19 President shall henceforth be subject to the require-20 ments of periodic review, downgrading, declassifica-21 tion, and public disclosure in accordance with the 22 recommended timeline and associated requirements 23 specified in the Controlled Disclosure Campaign 24 Plan unless these conflict with the standards set 25 forth in section 1843 of subtitle C of title XVIII of

1	the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal
2	Year 2024.
3	(B) This paragraph supersedes all prior declas-
4	sification review standards that may previously have
5	been deemed applicable to unidentified anomalous
6	phenomena records.
7	(3) Record of presidential postpone-
8	MENT.—The Review Board shall, upon its receipt—
9	(A) publish in the Federal Register a copy
10	of any unclassified written certification, state-
11	ment, and other materials transmitted by or on
12	behalf of the President with regard to postpone-
13	ment of unidentified anomalous phenomena
14	records; and
15	(B) revise or amend recommendations in
16	the Controlled Disclosure Campaign Plan ac-
17	cordingly.
18	(e) NOTICE TO PUBLIC.—Every 30 calendar days, be-
19	ginning on the date that is 60 calendar days after the date
20	on which the Review Board first approves the postpone-
21	ment of disclosure of a unidentified anomalous phenomena
22	record, the Review Board shall publish in the Federal Reg-
23	ister a notice that summarizes the postponements ap-
24	proved by the Review Board or initiated by the President,
25	the Senate, or the House of Representatives, including a

description of the subject, originating agency, length or
 other physical description, and each ground for postpone ment that is relied upon to the maximum extent classifica tion restrictions permitting.

5 (f) Reports by the Review Board.—

6 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Review Board shall re-7 port its activities to the leadership of Congress, the 8 Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental 9 Affairs of the Senate, the Committee on Oversight 10 and Reform of the House of Representatives, the 11 President, the Archivist, and the head of any Gov-12 ernment office whose records have been the subject 13 of Review Board activity.

14 (2) FIRST REPORT.—The first report shall be
15 issued on the date that is 1 year after the date of
16 enactment of this Act, and subsequent reports every
17 1 year thereafter until termination of the Review
18 Board.

19 (3) CONTENTS.—A report under paragraph (1)20 shall include the following information:

21 (A) A financial report of the expenses for
22 all official activities and requirements of the
23 Review Board and its personnel.

1	(B) The progress made on review, trans-
2	mission to the Archivist, and public disclosure
3	of unidentified anomalous phenomena records.
4	(C) The estimated time and volume of un-
5	identified anomalous phenomena records in-
6	volved in the completion of the Review Board's
7	performance under this subtitle.
8	(D) Any special problems, including re-
9	quests and the level of cooperation of Govern-
10	ment offices, with regard to the ability of the
11	Review Board to operate as required by this
12	subtitle.
13	(E) A record of review activities, including
14	a record of postponement decisions by the Re-
15	view Board or other related actions authorized
16	by this subtitle, and a record of the volume of
17	records reviewed and postponed.
18	(F) Suggestions and requests to Congress
19	for additional legislative authority needs.
20	(4) COPIES AND BRIEFS.—Coincident with the
21	reporting requirements in paragraph (2), or more
22	frequently as warranted by new information, the Re-
23	view Board shall provide copies to, and fully brief,
24	at a minimum the President, the Archivist, leader-
25	ship of Congress, and the Chairs and Chairmen, as

1	the case may be, and Ranking Members and Vice
2	Chairmen, as the case may be, of such other com-
3	mittees as leadership of Congress determines appro-
4	priate on the Controlled Disclosure Campaign Plan,
5	classified appendix, and postponed disclosures, spe-
6	cifically addressing—
7	(A) recommendations for periodic review,
8	downgrading, and declassification as well as the
9	exact time or specified occurrence following
10	which specific unidentified anomalous phe-
11	nomena records and material may be appro-
12	priately disclosed;
13	(B) the rationale behind each postpone-
14	ment determination and the recommended
15	means to achieve disclosure of each postponed
16	item;
17	(C) any other findings that the Review
18	Board chooses to offer; and
19	(D) an addendum containing copies of re-
20	ports of postponed records to the Archivist re-
21	quired under subsection $(c)(3)$ made since the
22	date of the preceding report under this sub-
23	section.
24	(5) NOTICE.—At least 90 calendar days before
25	completing its work, the Review Board shall provide

written notice to the President and Congress of its
 intention to terminate its operations at a specified
 date.

4 (6) BRIEFING THE ALL-DOMAIN ANOMALY RES-5 OLUTION OFFICE.—Coincident with the provision in 6 paragraph (5), if not accomplished earlier under 7 paragraph (4), the Review Board shall brief the All-8 domain Anomaly Resolution Office established pur-9 suant to section 1683 of the National Defense Au-10 thorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (50 U.S.C. 11 3373), or its successor, as subsequently designated 12 by Act of Congress, on the Controlled Disclosure 13 Campaign Plan, classified appendix, and postponed 14 disclosures.

#### 15 SEC. 1764. DISCLOSURE OF RECOVERED TECHNOLOGIES

16

## OF UNKNOWN ORIGIN AND BIOLOGICAL EVI-

#### 17 DENCE OF NON-HUMAN INTELLIGENCE.

(a) EXERCISE OF EMINENT DOMAIN.—The Federal
Government shall exercise eminent domain over any and
all recovered technologies of unknown origin and biological
evidence of non-human intelligence that may be controlled
by private persons or entities in the interests of the public
good.

(b) AVAILABILITY TO REVIEW BOARD.—Any and allsuch material, should it exist, shall be made available to

1 the Review Board for personal examination and subse-2 quent disclosure determination at a location suitable to the 3 controlling authority of said material and in a timely man-4 ner conducive to the objectives of the Review Board in ac-5 cordance with the requirements of this subtitle.

6 (c) ACTIONS OF REVIEW BOARD.—In carrying out
7 subsection (b), the Review Board shall consider and render
8 decisions—

9 (1) whether the material examined constitutes
10 technologies of unknown origin or biological evidence
11 of non-human intelligence beyond a reasonable
12 doubt;

(2) whether recovered technologies of unknown
origin, biological evidence of non-human intelligence,
or a particular subset of material qualifies for postponement of disclosure under this subtitle; and

17 (3) what changes, if any, to the current disposi18 tion of said material should the Federal Government
19 make to facilitate full disclosure.

(d) REVIEW BOARD ACCESS TO TESTIMONY AND
WITNESSES.—The Review Board shall have access to all
testimony from unidentified anomalous phenomena witnesses, close observers and legacy program personnel and
whistleblowers within the Federal Government's possession as of and after the date of the enactment of this Act

in furtherance of Review Board disclosure determination
 responsibilities in section 1761(h) and subsection (c) of
 this section.

4 (e) Solicitation of Additional Witnesses.— 5 The Review Board shall solicit additional unidentified anomalous phenomena witness and whistleblower testi-6 7 mony and afford protections under section 1673(b) of the 8 James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for 9 Fiscal Year 2023 (50 U.S.C. 3373b(b)) if deemed bene-10 ficial in fulfilling Review Board responsibilities under this 11 subtitle.

### 12 SEC. 1765. DISCLOSURE OF OTHER MATERIALS AND ADDI-13 TIONAL STUDY.

14 (a) MATERIALS UNDER SEAL OF COURT.—

(1) INFORMATION HELD UNDER SEAL OF A
COURT.—The Review Board may request the Attorney General to petition any court in the United
States or abroad to release any information relevant
to unidentified anomalous phenomena, technologies
of unknown origin, or non-human intelligence that is
held under seal of the court.

(2) INFORMATION HELD UNDER INJUNCTION
OF SECRETARY OF GRAND JURY.—(A) The Review
Board may request the Attorney General to petition
any court in the United States to release any infor-

mation relevant to unidentified anomalous phe nomena, technologies of unknown origin, or non human intelligence that is held under the injunction
 of secrecy of a grand jury.

5 (B) A request for disclosure of unidentified 6 anomalous phenomena, technologies of unknown ori-7 gin, and non-human intelligence materials under this 8 subtitle shall be deemed to constitute a showing of 9 particularized need under rule 6 of the Federal 10 Rules of Criminal Procedure.

(b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of the
Congress that—

(1) the Attorney General should assist the Review Board in good faith to unseal any records that
the Review Board determines to be relevant and held
under seal by a court or under the injunction of secrecy of a grand jury;

(2) the Secretary of State should contact any
foreign government that may hold material relevant
to unidentified anomalous phenomena, technologies
of unknown origin, or non-human intelligence and
seek disclosure of such material; and

(3) all heads of Executive agencies should cooperate in full with the Review Board to seek the
disclosure of all material relevant to unidentified

1 anomalous phenomena, technologies of unknown ori-2 gin, and non-human intelligence consistent with the 3 public interest.

#### 4 SEC. 1766. DISCLOSURE OF OTHER MATERIALS AND ADDI-5

TIONAL STUDY.

#### 6 (a) MATERIALS UNDER SEAL OF COURT.—

7 (1) INFORMATION HELD UNDER SEAL OF A 8 COURT.—The Review Board may request the Attor-9 ney General to petition any court in the United 10 States or abroad to release any information relevant 11 to unidentified anomalous phenomena, technologies 12 of unknown origin, or non-human intelligence that is 13 held under seal of the court.

14 (2) INFORMATION HELD UNDER INJUNCTION 15 OF SECRETARY OF GRAND JURY.—(A) The Review 16 Board may request the Attorney General to petition 17 any court in the United States to release any infor-18 mation relevant to unidentified anomalous phe-19 nomena, technologies of unknown origin, or non-20 human intelligence that is held under the injunction 21 of secrecy of a grand jury.

22 (B) A request for disclosure of unidentified 23 anomalous phenomena, technologies of unknown ori-24 gin, and non-human intelligence materials under this 25 subtitle shall be deemed to constitute a showing of

particularized need under rule 6 of the Federal
 Rules of Criminal Procedure.

- 3 (b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of the4 Congress that—
- 5 (1) the Attorney General should assist the Re6 view Board in good faith to unseal any records that
  7 the Review Board determines to be relevant and held
  8 under seal by a court or under the injunction of se9 crecy of a grand jury;
- 10 (2) the Secretary of State should contact any
  11 foreign government that may hold material relevant
  12 to unidentified anomalous phenomena, technologies
  13 of unknown origin, or non-human intelligence and
  14 seek disclosure of such material; and
- (3) all heads of Executive agencies should cooperate in full with the Review Board to seek the
  disclosure of all material relevant to unidentified
  anomalous phenomena, technologies of unknown origin, and non-human intelligence consistent with the
  public interest.

#### 21 SEC. 1767. RULES OF CONSTRUCTION.

(a) PRECEDENCE OVER OTHER LAW.—When this
subtitle requires transmission of a record to the Archivist
or public disclosure, it shall take precedence over any
other provision of law (except section 6103 of the Internal

Revenue Code of 1986 specifying confidentiality and dis closure of tax returns and tax return information), judicial
 decision construing such provision of law, or common law
 doctrine that would otherwise prohibit such transmission
 or disclosure, with the exception of deeds governing access
 to or transfer or release of gifts and donations of records
 to the United States Government.

8 (b) FREEDOM OF INFORMATION ACT.—Nothing in 9 this subtitle shall be construed to eliminate or limit any 10 right to file requests with any executive agency or seek 11 judicial review of the decisions pursuant to section 552 12 of title 5, United States Code.

(c) JUDICIAL REVIEW.—Nothing in this subtitle shall
be construed to preclude judicial review, under chapter 7
of title 5, United States Code, of final actions taken or
required to be taken under this subtitle.

(d) EXISTING AUTHORITY.—Nothing in this subtitle
revokes or limits the existing authority of the President,
any executive agency, the Senate, or the House of Representatives, or any other entity of the Federal Government to publicly disclose records in its possession.

(e) RULES OF THE SENATE AND HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.—To the extent that any provision of this
subtitle establishes a procedure to be followed in the Sen-
ate or the House of Representatives, such provision is
 adopted—

3 (1) as an exercise of the rulemaking power of
4 the Senate and House of Representatives, respec5 tively, and is deemed to be part of the rules of each
6 House, respectively, but applicable only with respect
7 to the procedure to be followed in that House, and
8 it supersedes other rules only to the extent that it
9 is inconsistent with such rules; and

10 (2) with full recognition of the constitutional 11 right of either House to change the rules (so far as 12 they relate to the procedure of that House) at any 13 time, in the same manner, and to the same extent 14 as in the case of any other rule of that House.

## 15 SEC. 1768. TERMINATION OF EFFECT OF TITLE.

16 PROVISIONS PERTAINING (a) TO THEREVIEW BOARD.—The provisions of this subtitle that pertain to 17 the appointment and operation of the Review Board shall 18 19 cease to be effective when the Review Board and the terms 20 of its members have terminated pursuant to section 21 1761(n).

(b) OTHER PROVISIONS.—(1) The remaining provisions of this subtitle shall continue in effect until such
time as the Archivist certifies to the President and Congress that all unidentified anomalous phenomena records

have been made available to the public in accordance with
 this subtitle.

3 (2) In facilitation of the provision in paragraph (1), 4 the All-domain Anomaly Resolution Office established pursuant to section 1683 of the National Defense Authoriza-5 tion Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (50 U.S.C. 3373), or its 6 7 successor as subsequently designated by Act of Congress, 8 shall develop standardized unidentified anomalous phe-9 nomena declassification guidance applicable to any and all 10 unidentified anomalous phenomena records generated by originating bodies subsequent to termination of the Review 11 Board consistent with the requirements and intent of the 12 Controlled Disclosure Campaign Plan with respect to un-13 identified anomalous phenomena records originated prior 14 15 to Review Board termination.

## 16 SEC. 1769. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

17 (a) IN GENERAL.—There is authorized to be appro18 priated to carry out the provisions of this subtitle
19 \$20,000,000 for fiscal year 2025.

(b) INTERIM FUNDING.—Until such time as funds
are appropriated pursuant to subsection (a), the President
may use such sums as are available for discretionary use
to carry out this subtitle.

## 1 SEC. 1769A. SEVERABILITY.

2 If any provision of this subtitle or the application 3 thereof to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the 4 remainder of this subtitle and the application of that pro-5 vision to other persons not similarly situated or to other 6 circumstances shall not be affected by the invalidation.

## 7 SEC. 1769B. DEFINITIONS.

8 In this subtitle:

9 (1) ARCHIVIST.—The term "Archivist" means
10 the Archivist of the United States.

(2) CLOSE OBSERVER.—The term "close observer" means anyone who has come into close proximity to unidentified anomalous phenomena or nonhuman intelligence.

COLLECTION.—The 15 (3)term "Collection" 16 Unidentified Anomalous means the Phenomena 17 Records Collection established under section 1841 of 18 subtitle C of title XVIII of the National Defense Au-19 thorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024.

20 (4) CONTROLLED DISCLOSURE CAMPAIGN
21 PLAN.—The term "Controlled Disclosure Campaign
22 Plan" means the Controlled Disclosure Campaign
23 Plan required by section 1765(c)(3).

24 (5) CONTROLLING AUTHORITY.—The term
25 "controlling authority" means any Federal, State, or
26 local government department, office, agency, com-

1 mittee, commission, commercial company, academic 2 institution, or private sector entity in physical pos-3 session of technologies of unknown origin or biologi-4 cal evidence of non-human intelligence. (6) DIRECTOR.—The term "Director" means 5 6 the Director of the Office of Government Ethics. 7 (7) EXECUTIVE AGENCY.—The term "Executive agency" means an Executive agency, as defined in 8 9 subsection 552(f) of title 5, United States Code. (8) GOVERNMENT OFFICE.—The term "Govern-10 11 ment office" means any department, office, agency, 12 committee, or commission of the Federal Govern-13 ment and any independent office or agency without 14 exception that has possession or control, including 15 via contract or other agreement, of unidentified 16 anomalous phenomena records. 17 (9) IDENTIFICATION AID.—The term "identi-18 fication aid" means the written description prepared 19 for each record, as required in section 1841 of sub-20 title C of title XVIII of the National Defense Au-21 thorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024. 22 (10) LEADERSHIP OF CONGRESS.—The term 23 "leadership of Congress" means— 24 (A) the majority leader of the Senate; 25 (B) the minority leader of the Senate;

(C) the Speaker of the House of Rep resentatives; and

3 (D) the minority leader of the House of4 Representatives.

5 (11) LEGACY PROGRAM.—The term "legacy 6 program" means all Federal, State, and local gov-7 ernment, commercial industry, academic, and private 8 sector endeavors to collect, exploit, or reverse engi-9 neer technologies of unknown origin or examine bio-10 logical evidence of living or deceased non-human in-11 telligence that pre-dates the date of the enactment 12 of this Act.

(12) NATIONAL ARCHIVES.—The term "National Archives" means the National Archives and
Records Administration and all components thereof,
including presidential archival depositories established under section 2112 of title 44, United States
Code.

(13) NON-HUMAN INTELLIGENCE.—The term
"non-human intelligence" means any sentient intelligent non-human lifeform regardless of nature or ultimate origin that may be presumed responsible for
unidentified anomalous phenomena or of which the
Federal Government has become aware.

1 (14) ORIGINATING BODY.—The term "origi-2 nating body" means the Executive agency, Federal 3 Government commission, committee of Congress, or 4 other Governmental entity that created a record or 5 particular information within a record.

6 (15) PROSAIC ATTRIBUTION.—The term "pro-7 saic attribution" means having a human (either for-8 eign or domestic) origin and operating according to 9 current, proven, and generally understood scientific 10 and engineering principles and established laws-of-11 nature and not attributable to non-human intel-12 ligence.

13 (16) PUBLIC INTEREST.—The term "public in-14 terest" means the compelling interest in the prompt 15 public disclosure of unidentified anomalous phe-16 nomena records for historical and Governmental 17 purposes and for the purpose of fully informing the 18 people of the United States about the history of the 19 Federal Government's knowledge and involvement 20 surrounding unidentified anomalous phenomena.

(17) RECORD.—The term "record" includes a
book, paper, report, memorandum, directive, email,
text, or other form of communication, or map, photograph, sound or video recording, machine-readable
material, computerized, digitized, or electronic infor-

1 mation, including intelligence, surveillance, recon-2 naissance, and target acquisition sensor data, re-3 gardless of the medium on which it is stored, or 4 other documentary material, regardless of its phys-5 ical form or characteristics.

6 (18) REVIEW BOARD.—The term "Review
7 Board" means the Unidentified Anomalous Phe8 nomena Records Review Board established by sec9 tion 1761.

10 (19) TECHNOLOGIES OF UNKNOWN ORIGIN. 11 The term "technologies of unknown origin" means 12 any materials or meta-materials, ejecta, crash de-13 bris, mechanisms, machinery, equipment, assemblies 14 or sub-assemblies, engineering models or processes, 15 damaged or intact aerospace vehicles, and damaged or intact ocean-surface and undersea craft associ-16 17 ated with unidentified anomalous phenomena or in-18 corporating science and technology that lacks prosaic 19 attribution or known means of human manufacture.

20(20)TEMPORARILYNON-ATTRIBUTEDOB-21JECTS.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—The term "temporarily
non-attributed objects" means the class of objects that temporarily resist prosaic attribution
by the initial observer as a result of environ-

mental or system limitations associated with the
observation process that nevertheless ultimately
have an accepted human origin or known phys-
ical cause. Although some unidentified anoma-
lous phenomena may at first be interpreted as
temporarily non-attributed objects, they are not
temporarily non-attributed objects, and the two
categories are mutually exclusive.
(B) INCLUSION.—The term "temporarily
non-attributed objects" includes—
(i) natural celestial, meteorological,
and undersea weather phenomena;
(ii) mundane human-made airborne
objects, clutter, and marine debris;
(iii) Federal, State, and local govern-
ment, commercial industry, academic, and
private sector aerospace platforms;
(iv) Federal, State, and local govern-
ment, commercial industry, academic, and
private sector ocean-surface and undersea
vehicles; and
(v) known foreign systems.
(21) THIRD AGENCY.—The term "third agen-
cy" means a Government agency that originated a

1	unidentified anomalous phenomena record that is in
2	the possession of another Government agency.
3	(22) UNIDENTIFIED ANOMALOUS PHE-
4	NOMENA.—
5	(A) IN GENERAL.—The term "unidentified
6	anomalous phenomena'' means any object oper-
7	ating or judged capable of operating in outer-
8	space, the atmosphere, ocean surfaces, or un-
9	dersea lacking prosaic attribution due to per-
10	formance characteristics and properties not pre-
11	viously known to be achievable based upon com-
12	monly accepted physical principles. Unidentified
13	anomalous phenomena are differentiated from
14	both attributed and temporarily non-attributed
15	objects by one or more of the following
16	observables:
17	(i) Instantaneous acceleration absent
18	apparent inertia.
19	(ii) Hypersonic velocity absent a ther-
20	mal signature and sonic shockwave.
21	(iii) Transmedium (such as space-to-
22	ground and air-to-undersea) travel.
23	(iv) Positive lift contrary to known
24	aerodynamic principles.
25	(v) Multispectral signature control.

1	(vi) Physical or invasive biological ef-
2	fects to close observers and the environ-
3	ment.
4	(B) INCLUSIONS.—The term "unidentified
5	anomalous phenomena" includes what were pre-
6	viously described as—
7	(i) flying discs;
8	(ii) flying saucers;
9	(iii) unidentified aerial phenomena;
10	(iv) unidentified flying objects
11	(UFOs); and
12	(v) unidentified submerged objects
13	(USOs).
14	(23) Unidentified anomalous phenomena
15	RECORD.—The term "unidentified anomalous phe-
16	nomena record" means a record that is related to
17	unidentified anomalous phenomena, technologies of
18	unknown origin, or non-human intelligence (and all
19	equivalent subjects by any other name with the spe-
20	cific and sole exclusion of temporarily non-attributed
21	objects) that was created or made available for use
22	by, obtained by, or otherwise came into the posses-
23	sion of—
24	(A) the Executive Office of the President;

1	(B) the Department of Defense and its
2	progenitors, the Department of War and the
3	Department of the Navy;
4	(C) the Department of the Army;
5	(D) the Department of the Navy;
6	(E) the Department of the Air Force, spe-
7	cifically the Air Force Office of Special Inves-
8	tigations;
9	(F) the Department of Energy and its pro-
10	genitors, the Manhattan Project, the Atomic
11	Energy Commission, and the Energy Research
12	and Development Administration;
13	(G) the Office of the Director of National
14	Intelligence;
15	(H) the Central Intelligence Agency and
16	its progenitor, the Office of Strategic Services;
17	(I) the National Reconnaissance Office;
18	(J) the Defense Intelligence Agency;
19	(K) the National Security Agency;
20	(L) the National Geospatial-Intelligence
21	Agency;
22	(M) the National Aeronautics and Space
23	Administration:
24	(N) the Federal Bureau of Investigation;
25	(O) the Federal Aviation Administration;

1	(P) the National Oceanic and Atmospheric
2	Administration;
3	(Q) the Library of Congress;
4	(R) the National Archives and Records Ad-
5	ministration;
6	(S) any Presidential library;
7	(T) any Executive agency;
8	(U) any independent office or agency;
9	(V) any other department, office, agency,
10	committee, or commission of the Federal Gov-
11	ernment;
12	(W) any State or local government depart-
13	ment, office, agency, committee, or commission
14	that provided support or assistance or per-
15	formed work, in connection with a Federal in-
16	quiry into unidentified anomalous phenomena,
17	technologies of unknown origin, or non-human
18	intelligence; and
19	(X) any private sector person or entity for-
20	merly or currently under contract or some other
21	agreement with the Federal Government.

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