AMENDMENT TO RULES COMMITTEE PRINT 117– 31

OFFERED BY MR. DUNN OF FLORIDA

Add at the end of subtitle A of title IV of division C the following new section:

1	SEC. 20405. SECURING IDENTIFIABLE, SENSITIVE INFORMA-
2	TION.
3	(a) Consideration of National Security
4	Risks.—
5	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Health and
6	Human Services (referred to in this section as the
7	"Secretary"), in consultation with the Director of
8	National Intelligence, the Secretary of State, the
9	Secretary of Defense, and other national security ex-
10	perts, as appropriate, shall ensure that biomedical
11	research described in paragraph (2) is conducted in
12	a manner that appropriately considers national secu-
13	rity risks, including national security implications re-
14	lated to potential misuse of such data.
15	(2) BIOMEDICAL RESEARCH DESCRIBED.—For
16	purposes of paragraph (1), biomedical research is
17	described in this paragraph if it—

1	(A) is conducted or supported, directly or
2	indirectly, including through subgrants, by the
3	National Institutes of Health or other relevant
4	agencies and offices within the Department of
5	Health and Human Services; and
6	(B) involves the sequencing of human
7	genomic information, and collection, analysis, or
8	storage of identifiable, sensitive information, as
9	defined in section 301(d)(4) of the Public
10	Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 241(d)(4)).
11	(b) RISK Framework.—Not later than 2 years after
12	the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall en-
13	sure that the National Institutes of Health and other rel-
14	evant agencies and offices within the Department of
15	Health and Human Services, working with the heads of
16	agencies and national security experts, including the Of-
17	fice of the National Security within the Department of
18	Health and Human Services—
19	(1) develop a comprehensive framework for as-
20	sessing and managing national security risks re-
21	ferred to in subsection (a) that includes—
22	(A) criteria for how and when to conduct
23	risk assessments for projects that may have na-
24	tional security implications:

1	(B) security controls and training for re-
2	searchers or entities, including peer reviewers,
3	that manage or have access to such data; and
4	(C) methods to incorporate risk-reduction
5	in the process for funding such projects that
6	may have national security implications;
7	(2) not later than 1 year after the risk frame-
8	work is developed under paragraph (1), develop and
9	implement controls to—
10	(A) ensure that researchers or entities that
11	manage or have access to such data have com-
12	plied with the requirements of paragraph (1)
13	and ongoing requirements with such paragraph;
14	and
15	(B) ensure that data access committees re-
16	viewing data access requests for projects that
17	may have national security risks, as appro-
18	priate, include members with expertise in cur-
19	rent and emerging national security threats, in
20	order to make appropriate decisions related to
21	access to such identifiable, sensitive informa-
22	tion; and
23	(3) not later than 2 years after the risk frame-
24	work is developed under paragraph (1), update data
25	access and sharing policies related to human

- 1 genomic data, as appropriate, based on current and
- 2 emerging national security threats.
- 3 (c) Congressional Briefing.—Not later than 2
- 4 years after the date of enactment of this Act, the Sec-
- 5 retary shall provide a briefing to the Committee on
- 6 Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions and the Select
- 7 Committee on Intelligence of the Senate and the Com-
- 8 mittee on Energy and Commerce and the Permanent Se-
- 9 lect Committee on Intelligence of the House of Represent-
- 10 atives on the activities required under subsections (a) and
- 11 (b).

