## AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE TO H. CON. RES. \_\_\_\_

## OFFERED BY MR. ELLISON OF MINNESOTA

Strike all after the resolving clause and insert the following:

## 1 SECTION 1. CONCURRENT RESOLUTION ON THE BUDGET

- FOR FISCAL YEAR 2015.
- 3 (a) Declaration.—Congress declares that this reso-
- 4 lution is the concurrent resolution on the budget for fiscal
- 5 year 2015 and that this resolution sets forth the appro-
- 6 priate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2014 and for fiscal
- 7 years 2016 through 2024.
- 8 (b) Table of Contents.—
  - Sec. 1. Concurrent resolution on the budget for fiscal year 2015.

TITLE I—RECOMMENDED LEVELS AND AMOUNTS

Sec. 101. Recommended levels and amounts.

Sec. 102. Major functional categories.

TITLE II—ESTIMATES OF DIRECT SPENDING

Sec. 201. Direct spending.

TITLE III—MISCELLANEOUS BUDGET ENFORCEMENT

Sec. 301. Point of order against advance appropriations.

## TITLE I—RECOMMENDED 1 LEVELS AND AMOUNTS 2

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3	SEC. 101. RECOMMENDED LEVELS AND AMOUNTS.
4	The following budgetary levels are appropriate for
5	each of fiscal years 2014 through 2024:
6	(1) FEDERAL REVENUES.—For purposes of the
7	enforcement of this resolution:
8	(A) The recommended levels of Federal
9	revenues are as follows:
10	Fiscal year 2014: \$2,267,180,000,000.
11	Fiscal year 2015: \$2,831,675,000,000.
12	Fiscal year 2016: \$3,212,240,000,000.
13	Fiscal year 2017: \$3,374,939,000,000.
14	Fiscal year 2018: \$3,506,794,000,000.
15	Fiscal year 2019: \$3,641,750,000,000.
16	Fiscal year 2020: \$3,802,349,000,000.
17	Fiscal year 2021: \$3,981,657,000,000.
18	Fiscal year 2022: \$4,177,945,000,000.
19	Fiscal year 2023: \$4,381,636,000,000.
20	Fiscal year 2024: \$4,601,863,000,000
21	(B) The amounts by which the aggregate
22	levels of Federal revenues should be changed
23	are as follows:
24	Fiscal year 2014: -\$18,146,000,000.
25	Fiscal year 2015: \$297,834,000,000.

1	Fiscal year 2016: \$536,201,000,000.
2	Fiscal year 2017: \$585,516,000,000.
3	Fiscal year 2018: \$616,487,000,000.
4	Fiscal year 2019: \$627,065,000,000.
5	Fiscal year 2020: \$653,712,000,000.
6	Fiscal year 2021: \$687,006,000,000.
7	Fiscal year 2022: \$721,598,000,000.
8	Fiscal year 2023: \$755,118,000,000.
9	Fiscal year 2024: \$794,410,000,000.
10	(2) New Budget Authority.—For purposes
11	of the enforcement of this resolution, the appropriate
12	levels of total new budget authority are as follows:
13	Fiscal year 2014: \$3,247,639,000,000.
14	Fiscal year 2015: \$3,519,727,000,000.
15	Fiscal year 2016: \$3,641,609,000,000.
16	Fiscal year 2017: \$3,702,936,000,000.
17	Fiscal year 2018: \$3,807,478,000,000.
18	Fiscal year 2019: \$3,993,030,000,000.
19	Fiscal year 2020: \$4,179,140,000,000.
20	Fiscal year 2021: \$4,345,383,000,000.
21	Fiscal year 2022: \$4,582,988,000,000.
22	Fiscal year 2023: \$4,737,205,000,000.
23	Fiscal year 2024: \$4,885,880,000,000.

1	(3) Budget outlays.—For purposes of the
2	enforcement of this resolution, the appropriate levels
3	of total budget outlays are as follows:
4	Fiscal year 2014: \$3,208,699,000,000.
5	Fiscal year 2015: \$3,501,527,000,000.
6	Fiscal year 2016: \$3,620,608,000,000.
7	Fiscal year 2017: \$3,679,942,000,000.
8	Fiscal year 2018: \$3,783,105,000,000.
9	Fiscal year 2019: \$3,959,198,000,000.
10	Fiscal year 2020: \$4,128,470,000,000.
11	Fiscal year 2021: \$4,307,080,000,000.
12	Fiscal year 2022: \$4,545,882,000,000.
13	Fiscal year 2023: \$4,687,974,000,000.
14	Fiscal year 2024: \$4,823,437,000,000.
15	(4) Deficits (on-budget).—For purposes of
16	the enforcement of this resolution, the amounts of
17	the deficits (on-budget) are as follows:
18	Fiscal year 2014: -\$941,519,000,000.
19	Fiscal year 2015: -\$669,852,000,000.
20	Fiscal year 2016: -\$408,368,000,000.
21	Fiscal year 2017: -\$305,003,000,000.
22	Fiscal year 2018: -\$276,311,000,000.
23	Fiscal year 2019: -\$317,448,000,000.
24	Fiscal year 2020: -\$326,121,000,000.
25	Fiscal year 2021: -\$325,423,000,000.

Fiscal year 2023: -\$306,338,000,000.  Fiscal year 2024: -\$221,574,000,000.  (5) DEBT SUBJECT TO LIMIT.—Pursuant to section 301(a)(5) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, the appropriate levels of the public debt are as follows:  Fiscal year 2014: \$18,065,000,000,000.  Fiscal year 2015: \$18,906,000,000,000.  Fiscal year 2016: \$19,464,000,000,000.  Fiscal year 2017: \$19,967,000,000,000.  Fiscal year 2018: \$20,459,000,000,000.  Fiscal year 2019: \$20,980,000,000,000.  Fiscal year 2020: \$21,501,000,000,000.  Fiscal year 2021: \$22,019,000,000,000.  Fiscal year 2022: \$22,553,000,000,000.  Fiscal year 2023: \$23,061,000,000,000.  Fiscal year 2024: \$23,520,000,000,000.  Fiscal year 2024: \$13,106,000,000,000.  Fiscal year 2014: \$13,106,000,000,000.  Fiscal year 2015: \$13,815,000,000,000.  Fiscal year 2016: \$14,256,000,000,000.  Fiscal year 2017: \$14,594,000,000,000.  Fiscal year 2017: \$14,594,000,000,000.	1	Fiscal year 2022: -\$367,937,000,000.
4 (5) Debt subject to limit.—Pursuant to section 301(a)(5) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, the appropriate levels of the public debt are as follows:  8 Fiscal year 2014: \$18,065,000,000,000.  9 Fiscal year 2015: \$18,906,000,000,000.  10 Fiscal year 2016: \$19,464,000,000,000.  11 Fiscal year 2017: \$19,967,000,000,000.  12 Fiscal year 2018: \$20,459,000,000,000.  13 Fiscal year 2019: \$20,980,000,000,000.  14 Fiscal year 2020: \$21,501,000,000,000.  15 Fiscal year 2021: \$22,019,000,000,000.  16 Fiscal year 2022: \$22,553,000,000,000.  17 Fiscal year 2023: \$23,061,000,000,000.  18 Fiscal year 2024: \$23,520,000,000,000.  19 (6) Debt Held by the public are as follows: Fiscal year 2014: \$13,106,000,000,000.  20 Fiscal year 2015: \$13,815,000,000,000.  21 Fiscal year 2016: \$14,256,000,000,000.  22 Fiscal year 2016: \$14,256,000,000,000.	2	Fiscal year 2023: -\$306,338,000,000.
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<ul> <li>priate levels of debt held by the public are as follows:</li> <li>Fiscal year 2014: \$13,106,000,000,000.</li> <li>Fiscal year 2015: \$13,815,000,000,000.</li> <li>Fiscal year 2016: \$14,256,000,000,000.</li> <li>Fiscal year 2017: \$14,594,000,000,000.</li> </ul>	18	Fiscal year 2024: \$23,520,000,000,000.
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<ul> <li>Fiscal year 2015: \$13,815,000,000,000.</li> <li>Fiscal year 2016: \$14,256,000,000,000.</li> <li>Fiscal year 2017: \$14,594,000,000,000.</li> </ul>	20	priate levels of debt held by the public are as follows:
23 Fiscal year 2016: \$14,256,000,000,000. 24 Fiscal year 2017: \$14,594,000,000,000.	21	Fiscal year 2014: \$13,106,000,000,000.
24 Fiscal year 2017: \$14,594,000,000,000.	22	Fiscal year 2015: \$13,815,000,000,000.
	23	Fiscal year 2016: \$14,256,000,000,000.
25 Fiscal year 2018: \$14,908,000,000,000.	24	Fiscal year 2017: \$14,594,000,000,000.
	25	Fiscal year 2018: \$14,908,000,000,000.

1	Fiscal year 2019: \$15,287,000,000,000.
2	Fiscal year 2020: \$15,701,000,000,000.
3	Fiscal year 2021: \$16,148,000,000,000.
4	Fiscal year 2022: \$16,671,000,000,000.
5	Fiscal year 2023: \$17,159,000,000,000.
6	Fiscal year 2024: \$17,607,000,000,000.
7	SEC. 102. MAJOR FUNCTIONAL CATEGORIES.
8	The Congress determines and declares that the ap-
9	propriate levels of new budget authority and outlays for
10	fiscal years 2014 through 2024 for each major functional
11	category are:
12	(1) National Defense (050):
13	Fiscal year 2014:
14	(A) New budget authority,
15	\$613,587,000,000.
16	(B) Outlays, \$611,778,000,000.
17	Fiscal year 2015:
18	(A) New budget authority,
19	\$529,658,000,000.
20	(B) Outlays, \$567,234,000,000.
21	Fiscal year 2016:
22	(A) New budget authority,
23	\$531,585,000,000.
24	(B) Outlays, \$547,345,000,000.
25	Fiscal year 2017:

(A) New budget authority,
\$544,671,000,000.
(B) Outlays, \$541,996,000,000.
Fiscal year 2018:
(A) New budget authority,
\$557,935,000,000.
(B) Outlays, \$545,358,000,000.
Fiscal year 2019:
(A) New budget authority,
\$571,220,000,000.
(B) Outlays, \$560,986,000,000.
Fiscal year 2020:
(A) New budget authority,
\$585,516,000,000.
(B) Outlays, \$573,804,000,000.
Fiscal year 2021:
(A) New budget authority,
\$599,838,000,000.
(B) Outlays, \$587,870,000,000.
Fiscal year 2022:
(A) New budget authority,
\$615,493,000,000.
(B) Outlays, \$607,783,000,000.
Fiscal year 2023:

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	\$631,503,000,000.
3	(B) Outlays, \$618,343,000,000.
4	Fiscal year 2024:
5	(A) New budget authority,
6	\$647,988,000,000.
7	(B) Outlays, \$628,997,000,000.
8	(2) International Affairs (150):
9	Fiscal year 2014:
10	(A) New budget authority,
11	\$60,107,000,000.
12	(B) Outlays, \$50,493,000,000.
13	Fiscal year 2015:
14	(A) New budget authority,
15	\$60,508,000,000.
16	(B) Outlays, \$54,815,000,000.
17	Fiscal year 2016:
18	(A) New budget authority,
19	\$66,680,000,000.
20	(B) Outlays, \$60,110,000,000.
21	Fiscal year 2017:
22	(A) New budget authority,
23	\$65,236,000,000.
24	(B) Outlays, \$62,027,000,000.
25	Fiscal year 2018:

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	\$63,838,000,000.
3	(B) Outlays, \$61,630,000,000.
4	Fiscal year 2019:
5	(A) New budget authority,
6	\$64,917,000,000.
7	(B) Outlays, \$61,946,000,000.
8	Fiscal year 2020:
9	(A) New budget authority,
10	\$66,065,000,000.
11	(B) Outlays, \$62,410,000,000.
12	Fiscal year 2021:
13	(A) New budget authority,
14	\$66,734,000,000.
15	(B) Outlays, \$62,985,000,000.
16	Fiscal year 2022:
17	(A) New budget authority,
18	\$68,857,000,000.
19	(B) Outlays, \$64,511,000,000.
20	Fiscal year 2023:
21	(A) New budget authority,
22	\$70,747,000,000.
23	(B) Outlays, \$66,177,000,000.
24	Fiscal year 2024:

1		(A)	New	budget	authority.
2			,000,000.	» eraigee	
		,	,	ф <b>С7</b> 0С0 000	000
3	(2)			\$67,968,000,	
4		General	Science,	Space, and	Technology
5	(250):				
6		Fiscal ye	ear 2014:		
7		(A)	New	budget	authority,
8		\$33,098	,000,000.		
9		(B)	Outlays,	\$30,940,000,	.000.
10		Fiscal ye	ear 2015:		
11		(A)	New	budget	authority,
12		\$37,383	,000,000.		
13		(B)	Outlays,	\$34,702,000,	000.
14		Fiscal ye	ear 2016:		
15		(A)	New	budget	authority,
16		\$40,476	,000,000.		
17		(B)	Outlays,	\$38,056,000,	.000.
18		Fiscal ye	ear 2017:		
19		(A)	New	budget	authority,
20		\$39,888	,000,000.		
21		(B)	Outlays,	\$39,209,000,	.000.
22		Fiscal ye	ear 2018:		
23		(A)	New	budget	authority,
24		\$39,336	,000,000.		
25		(B)	Outlays,	\$39,286,000,	000.

1	Fiscal year 2019:
2	(A) New budget authority,
3	\$40,035,000,000.
4	(B) Outlays, \$39,606,000,000.
5	Fiscal year 2020:
6	(A) New budget authority,
7	\$40,772,000,000.
8	(B) Outlays, \$40,200,000,000.
9	Fiscal year 2021:
10	(A) New budget authority,
11	\$41,514,000,000.
12	(B) Outlays, \$40,767,000,000.
13	Fiscal year 2022:
14	(A) New budget authority,
15	\$42,624,000,000.
16	(B) Outlays, \$41,674,000,000.
17	Fiscal year 2023:
18	(A) New budget authority,
19	\$43,749,000,000.
20	(B) Outlays, \$42,726,000,000.
21	Fiscal year 2024:
22	(A) New budget authority,
23	\$44,914,000,000.
24	(B) Outlays, \$43,844,000,000.
25	(4) Energy (270):

1	Fiscal year	2014:		
2	(A)	New	budget	authority,
3	\$16,109,000	),000.		
4	(B) Ou	tlays, \$1	3,037,000,0	00.
5	Fiscal year	2015:		
6	(A)	New	budget	authority,
7	\$22,548,000	),000.		
8	(B) Ou	tlays, \$1	8,159,000,0	00.
9	Fiscal year	2016:		
10	(A)	New	budget	authority,
11	\$26,624,000	),000.		
12	(B) Ou	tlays, \$2	1,660,000,0	00.
13	Fiscal year	2017:		
14	(A)	New	budget	authority,
15	\$22,500,000	),000.		
16	(B) Ou	tlays, \$20	0,988,000,0	00.
17	Fiscal year	2018:		
18	(A)	New	budget	authority,
19	\$19,807,000	),000.		
20	(B) Ou	tlays, \$1	9,731,000,0	00.
21	Fiscal year	2019:		
22	(A)	New	budget	authority,
23	\$19,893,000	),000.		
24	(B) Ou	tlays, \$1	9,438,000,0	00.
25	Fiscal year	2020:		

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	\$19,994,000,000.
3	(B) Outlays, \$19,484,000,000.
4	Fiscal year 2021:
5	(A) New budget authority,
6	\$20,111,000,000.
7	(B) Outlays, \$19,597,000,000.
8	Fiscal year 2022:
9	(A) New budget authority,
10	\$20,911,000,000.
11	(B) Outlays, \$20,097,000,000.
12	Fiscal year 2023:
13	(A) New budget authority,
14	\$21,831,000,000.
15	(B) Outlays, \$20,886,000,000.
16	Fiscal year 2024:
17	(A) New budget authority,
18	\$23,091,000,000.
19	(B) Outlays, \$21,773,000,000.
20	(5) Natural Resources and Environment (300):
21	Fiscal year 2014:
22	(A) New budget authority,
23	\$39,106,000,000.
24	(B) Outlays, \$43,209,000,000.
25	Fiscal year 2015:

1	(A) New	budget authority,
2	\$45,088,000,000.	
3	(B) Outlays,	\$46,190,000,000.
4	Fiscal year 2016:	
5	(A) New	budget authority,
6	\$48,317,000,000.	
7	(B) Outlays,	\$48,928,000,000.
8	Fiscal year 2017:	
9	(A) New	budget authority,
10	\$48,577,000,000.	
11	(B) Outlays,	\$49,147,000,000.
12	Fiscal year 2018:	
13	(A) New	budget authority,
14	\$49,247,000,000.	
15	(B) Outlays,	\$49,695,000,000.
16	Fiscal year 2019:	
17	(A) New	budget authority,
18	\$50,492,000,000.	
19	(B) Outlays,	\$50,342,000,000.
20	Fiscal year 2020:	
21	(A) New	budget authority,
22	\$52,108,000,000.	
23	(B) Outlays,	\$51,635,000,000.
24	Fiscal year 2021:	

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	$\$52,\!553,\!000,\!000.$
3	(B) Outlays, \$52,274,000,000.
4	Fiscal year 2022:
5	(A) New budget authority,
6	\$54,222,000,000.
7	(B) Outlays, \$53,583,000,000.
8	Fiscal year 2023:
9	(A) New budget authority,
10	\$55,858,000,000.
11	(B) Outlays, \$55,217,000,000.
12	Fiscal year 2024:
13	(A) New budget authority,
14	\$57,664,000,000.
15	(B) Outlays, \$56,347,000,000.
16	(6) Agriculture (350):
17	Fiscal year 2014:
18	(A) New budget authority,
19	\$21,350,000,000.
20	(B) Outlays, \$20,773,000,000.
21	Fiscal year 2015:
22	(A) New budget authority,
23	\$19,017,000,000.
24	(B) Outlays, \$19,270,000,000.
25	Fiscal year 2016:

(A) NT 1 1 1 . 4
(A) New budget authority,
\$21,950,000,000.
(B) Outlays, \$21,496,000,000.
Fiscal year 2017:
(A) New budget authority,
\$20,389,000,000.
(B) Outlays, \$19,718,000,000.
Fiscal year 2018:
(A) New budget authority,
\$20,113,000,000.
(B) Outlays, \$19,415,000,000.
Fiscal year 2019:
(A) New budget authority,
\$20,261,000,000.
(B) Outlays, \$19,583,000,000.
Fiscal year 2020:
(A) New budget authority,
\$20,529,000,000.
(B) Outlays, \$19,981,000,000.
Fiscal year 2021:
(A) New budget authority,
\$20,899,000,000.
(B) Outlays, \$20,364,000,000.
Fiscal year 2022:

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	\$21,166,000,000.
3	(B) Outlays, \$20,648,000,000.
4	Fiscal year 2023:
5	(A) New budget authority,
6	\$21,544,000,000.
7	(B) Outlays, \$21,025,000,000.
8	Fiscal year 2024:
9	(A) New budget authority,
10	\$21,932,000,000.
11	(B) Outlays, \$21,418,000,000.
12	(7) Commerce and Housing Credit (370):
13	Fiscal year 2014:
14	(A) New budget authority,-
15	\$78,271,000,000.
16	(B) Outlays, -\$90,740,000,000.
17	Fiscal year 2015:
18	(A) New budget authority,
19	\$19,572,000,000.
20	(B) Outlays, \$5,323,000,000.
21	Fiscal year 2016:
22	(A) New budget authority,
23	\$23,392,000,000.
24	(B) Outlays, \$7,166,000,000.
25	Fiscal year 2017:

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	\$19,977,000,000.
3	(B) Outlays, \$4,125,000,000.
4	Fiscal year 2018:
5	(A) New budget authority,
6	\$19,247,000,000.
7	(B) Outlays, \$2,793,000,000.
8	Fiscal year 2019:
9	(A) New budget authority,
10	\$18,883,000,000.
11	(B) Outlays, -\$2,792,000,000.
12	Fiscal year 2020:
13	(A) New budget authority,
14	\$21,215,000,000.
15	(B) Outlays, -\$1,117,000,000.
16	Fiscal year 2021:
17	(A) New budget authority,
18	\$20,525,000,000.
19	(B) Outlays, \$3,281,000,000.
20	Fiscal year 2022:
21	(A) New budget authority,
22	\$21,984,000,000.
23	(B) Outlays, \$3,089,000,000.
24	Fiscal year 2023:

	10
1	(A) New budget authority,
2	\$22,519,000,000.
3	(B) Outlays, \$2,432,000,000.
4	Fiscal year 2024:
5	(A) New budget authority,
6	\$23,352,000,000.
7	(B) Outlays, \$2,069,000,000.
8	(8) Transportation (400):
9	Fiscal year 2014:
10	(A) New budget authority,
11	\$160,476,000,000.
12	(B) Outlays, \$167,686,000,000.
13	Fiscal year 2015:
14	(A) New budget authority,
15	\$201,774,000,000.
16	(B) Outlays, \$208,281,000,000.
17	Fiscal year 2016:
18	(A) New budget authority,
19	\$172,720,000,000.
20	(B) Outlays, \$179,129,000,000.
21	Fiscal year 2017:
22	(A) New budget authority,
23	\$173,700,000,000.
24	(B) Outlays, \$179,443,000,000.
25	Fiscal year 2018:

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	\$164,705,000,000.
3	(B) Outlays, \$169,945,000,000.
4	Fiscal year 2019:
5	(A) New budget authority,
6	\$160,697,000,000.
7	(B) Outlays, \$166,142,000,000.
8	Fiscal year 2020:
9	(A) New budget authority,
10	\$151,764,000,000.
11	(B) Outlays, \$157,221,000,000.
12	Fiscal year 2021:
13	(A) New budget authority,
14	\$154,327,000,000.
15	(B) Outlays, \$160,238,000,000.
16	Fiscal year 2022:
17	(A) New budget authority,
18	\$156,968,000,000.
19	(B) Outlays, \$163,623,000,000.
20	Fiscal year 2023:
21	(A) New budget authority,
22	\$159,648,000,000.
23	(B) Outlays, \$167,073,000,000.
24	Fiscal year 2024:

1		(A)	New	budget	authority,	
2	\$162,424,000,000.					
3		(B) Outlays, \$170,501,000,000.				
4	(9)	Community	and	Regional	Development	
5	(450):					
6		Fiscal year	2014:			
7		(A)	New	budget	authority,	
8		\$20,813,000	,000.			
9		(B) Ou	tlays, s	\$25,424,000	0,000.	
10		Fiscal year	2015:			
11		(A)	New	budget	authority,	
12	\$25,850,000,000.					
13		(B) Ou	(B) Outlays, \$28,910,000,000.			
14		Fiscal year 2	2016:			
15		(A)	New	budget	authority,	
16		\$29,178,000	,000.			
17		(B) Ou	tlays, §	\$30,400,000	0,000.	
18		Fiscal year	2017:			
19		(A)	New	budget	authority,	
20		\$28,026,000	,000.			
21		(B) Ou	tlays, §	\$29,876,000	0,000.	
22		Fiscal year	2018:			
23		(A)	New	budget	authority,	
24		\$27,005,000	,000.			
25		(B) Ou	tlays, s	\$28,952,000	0,000.	

1	Fiscal ye	ear 2019:		
2	(A)	New	budget	authority,
3	\$27,079,	,000,000.		
4	(B)	Outlays, \$2	28,189,000,0	00.
5	Fiscal ye	ear 2020:		
6	(A)	New	budget	authority,
7	\$27,062,	,000,000.		
8	(B)	Outlays, \$2	27,496,000,0	00.
9	Fiscal ye	ear 2021:		
10	(A)	New	budget	authority,
11	\$27,287,	,000,000.		
12	(B)	Outlays, \$2	26,342,000,0	00.
13	Fiscal ye	ear 2022:		
14	(A)	New	budget	authority,
15	\$27,955,	,000,000.		
16	(B)	Outlays, \$2	25,319,000,0	00.
17	Fiscal ye	ear 2023:		
18	(A)	New	budget	authority,
19	\$28,692,	,000,000.		
20	(B)	Outlays, \$2	25,781,000,0	00.
21	Fiscal ye	ear 2024:		
22	(A)	New	budget	authority,
23	\$29,495,	,000,000.		
24	(B)	Outlays, \$2	26,623,000,0	00.

1	(10) Education, Training, Employment, and				
2	Social Services (500):				
3	Fiscal year 2014:				
4	(A) New budget authority,				
5	\$261,153,000,000.				
6	(B) Outlays, \$258,064,000,000.				
7	Fiscal year 2015:				
8	(A) New budget authority,				
9	\$230,723,000,000.				
10	(B) Outlays, \$230,478,000,000.				
11	Fiscal year 2016:				
12	(A) New budget authority,				
13	\$160,800,000,000.				
14	(B) Outlays, \$159,280,000,000.				
15	Fiscal year 2017:				
16	(A) New budget authority,				
17	\$135,667,000,000.				
18	(B) Outlays, \$132,191,000,000.				
19	Fiscal year 2018:				
20	(A) New budget authority,				
21	\$131,300,000,000.				
22	(B) Outlays, \$131,549,000,000.				
23	Fiscal year 2019:				
24	(A) New budget authority,				
25	\$127,945,000,000.				

1	(B) Outlays, \$127,648,000,000.
2	Fiscal year 2020:
3	(A) New budget authority,
4	\$129,527,000,000.
5	(B) Outlays, \$129,101,000,000.
6	Fiscal year 2021:
7	(A) New budget authority,
8	\$130,966,000,000.
9	(B) Outlays, \$130,596,000,000.
10	Fiscal year 2022:
11	(A) New budget authority,
12	\$133,923,000,000.
13	(B) Outlays, \$132,653,000,000.
14	Fiscal year 2023:
15	(A) New budget authority,
16	\$136,966,000,000.
17	(B) Outlays, \$135,505,000,000.
18	Fiscal year 2024:
19	(A) New budget authority,
20	\$140,110,000,000.
21	(B) Outlays, \$138,546,000,000.
22	(11) Health (550):
23	Fiscal year 2014:
24	(A) New budget authority,
25	\$424,420,000,000.

1	(B) Outlays, \$419,542,000,000.					
2	Fiscal year 2015:					
3	(A)	New	budget	authority,		
4	\$513,727,0	000,000.				
5	(B) O	(B) Outlays, \$504,096,000,000.				
6	Fiscal year	r 2016:				
7	(A)	New	budget	authority,		
8	\$579,270,0	000,000.				
9	(B) O	utlays, \$5	78,234,000,	000.		
10	Fiscal year	c 2017:				
11	(A)	New	budget	authority,		
12	\$632,324,0	\$632,324,000,000.				
13	(B) O	(B) Outlays, \$630,006,000,000.				
14	Fiscal year	c 2018:				
15	(A)	New	budget	authority,		
16	\$653,338,0	000,000.				
17	(B) O	(B) Outlays, \$654,868,000,000.				
18	Fiscal year	c 2019:				
19	(A)	New	budget	authority,		
20	\$688,193,0	000,000.				
21	(B) O	outlays, \$6	88,436,000,	000.		
22	Fiscal year	c 2020:				
23	(A)	New	budget	authority,		
24	\$734,634,0	000,000.				
25	(B) O	outlays, \$7	724,190,000,	000.		

1	Fiscal year 2021:		
2	(A) New budget authority,		
3	\$765,783,000,000.		
4	(B) Outlays, \$764,877,000,000.		
5	Fiscal year 2022:		
6	(A) New budget authority,		
7	\$807,941,000,000.		
8	(B) Outlays, \$806,128,000,000.		
9	Fiscal year 2023:		
10	(A) New budget authority,		
11	\$850,655,000,000.		
12	(B) Outlays, \$848,896,000,000.		
13	Fiscal year 2024:		
14	(A) New budget authority,		
15	\$897,725,000,000.		
16	(B) Outlays, \$896,110,000,000.		
17	(12) Medicare (570):		
18	Fiscal year 2014:		
19	(A) New budget authority,		
20	\$525,635,000,000.		
21	(B) Outlays, \$525,132,000,000.		
22	Fiscal year 2015:		
23	(A) New budget authority,		
24	\$537,777,000,000.		
25	(B) Outlays, \$537,667,000,000.		

1	Fiscal year 2016:				
2	(A)	New	budget authority		
3	\$578,698,000,000.				
4	(B) Outlays, \$578,619,000,000.				
5	Fiscal year 2017:				
6	(A)	New	budget authority,		
7	\$584,606,000,000.				
8	(B) C	Outlays, \$5	584,530,000,	000.	
9	Fiscal year	r 2018:			
10	(A)	New	budget	authority,	
11	\$607,547,000,000.				
12	(B) Outlays, \$607,461,000,000.				
13	Fiscal year	r 2019:			
14	(A)	New	budget	authority,	
15	\$668,007,	000,000.			
16	(B) C	Outlays, \$6	667,913,000,	000.	
17	Fiscal year	r 2020:			
18	(A)	New	budget	authority,	
19	\$713,427,000,000.				
20	(B) C	Outlays, \$7	713,329,000,	000.	
21	Fiscal year 2021:				
22	(A)	New	budget	authority,	
23	\$761,672,000,000.				
24	(B) Outlays, \$761,573,000,000.				
25	Fiscal year	r 2022:			

1	(A) New budget authority,		
2	\$844,700,000,000.		
3	(B) Outlays, \$844,593,000,000.		
4	Fiscal year 2023:		
5	(A) New budget authority,		
6	\$870,769,000,000.		
7	(B) Outlays, \$870,659,000,000.		
8	Fiscal year 2024:		
9	(A) New budget authority,		
10	\$894,893,000,000.		
11	(B) Outlays, \$894,776,000,000.		
12	(13) Income Security (600):		
13	Fiscal year 2014:		
14	(A) New budget authority,		
15	\$609,097,000,000.		
16	(B) Outlays, \$601,095,000,000.		
17	Fiscal year 2015:		
18	(A) New budget authority,		
19	\$679,289,000,000.		
20	(B) Outlays, \$667,543,000,000.		
21	Fiscal year 2016:		
22	(A) New budget authority,		
23	\$698,462,000,000.		
24	(B) Outlays, \$691,417,000,000.		
25	Fiscal year 2017:		

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	\$650,569,000,000.
3	(B) Outlays, \$645,904,000,000.
4	Fiscal year 2018:
5	(A) New budget authority,
6	\$636,789,000,000.
7	(B) Outlays, \$630,050,000,000.
8	Fiscal year 2019:
9	(A) New budget authority,
10	\$643,578,000,000.
11	(B) Outlays, \$639,657,000,000.
12	Fiscal year 2020:
13	(A) New budget authority,
14	\$660,956,000,000.
15	(B) Outlays, \$656,666,000,000.
16	Fiscal year 2021:
17	(A) New budget authority,
18	\$679,518,000,000.
19	(B) Outlays, \$674,485,000,000.
20	Fiscal year 2022:
21	(A) New budget authority,
22	\$704,717,000,000.
23	(B) Outlays, \$703,166,000,000.
24	Fiscal year 2023:

1	(A) New budget authority,		
2	\$721,635,000,000.		
3	(B) Outlays, \$714,933,000,000.		
4	Fiscal year 2024:		
5	(A) New budget authority,		
6	\$737,608,000,000.		
7	(B) Outlays, \$725,532,000,000.		
8	(14) Social Security (650):		
9	Fiscal year 2014:		
10	(A) New budget authority,		
11	\$28,711,000,000.		
12	(B) Outlays, \$28,821,000,000.		
13	Fiscal year 2015:		
14	(A) New budget authority,		
15	\$31,442,000,000.		
16	(B) Outlays, \$31,517,000,000.		
17	Fiscal year 2016:		
18	(A) New budget authority,		
19	\$34,245,000,000.		
20	(B) Outlays, \$34,283,000,000.		
21	Fiscal year 2017:		
22	(A) New budget authority,		
23	\$37,133,000,000.		
24	(B) Outlays, \$37,133,000,000.		
25	Fiscal year 2018:		

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	\$40,138,000,000.
3	(B) Outlays, \$40,138,000,000.
4	Fiscal year 2019:
5	(A) New budget authority,
6	\$43,383,000,000.
7	(B) Outlays, \$43,383,000,000.
8	Fiscal year 2020:
9	(A) New budget authority,
10	\$46,747,000,000.
11	(B) Outlays, \$46,747,000,000.
12	Fiscal year 2021:
13	(A) New budget authority,
14	\$50,255,000,000.
15	(B) Outlays, \$50,255,000,000.
16	Fiscal year 2022:
17	(A) New budget authority,
18	\$53,941,000,000.
19	(B) Outlays, \$53,941,000,000.
20	Fiscal year 2023:
21	(A) New budget authority,
22	\$57,800,000,000.
23	(B) Outlays, \$57,800,000,000.
24	Fiscal year 2024:

1	(A) New budget authority,		
2	\$58,441,000,000.		
3	(B) Outlays, \$58,441,000,000.		
4	(15) Veterans Benefits and Services (700):		
5	Fiscal year 2014:		
6	(A) New budget authority,		
7	\$155,374,000,000.		
8	(B) Outlays, \$150,436,000,000.		
9	Fiscal year 2015:		
10	(A) New budget authority,		
11	\$167,617,000,000.		
12	(B) Outlays, \$163,117,000,000.		
13	Fiscal year 2016:		
14	(A) New budget authority,		
15	\$184,961,000,000.		
16	(B) Outlays, \$180,688,000,000.		
17	Fiscal year 2017:		
18	(A) New budget authority,		
19	\$181,358,000,000.		
20	(B) Outlays, \$180,318,000,000.		
21	Fiscal year 2018:		
22	(A) New budget authority,		
23	\$177,388,000,000.		
24	(B) Outlays, \$177,547,000,000.		
25	Fiscal year 2019:		

1	(A) New budget authority,		
2	\$189,305,000,000.		
3	(B) Outlays, \$188,757,000,000.		
4	Fiscal year 2020:		
5	(A) New budget authority,		
6	\$194,269,000,000.		
7	(B) Outlays, \$193,441,000,000.		
8	Fiscal year 2021:		
9	(A) New budget authority,		
10	\$198,571,000,000.		
11	(B) Outlays, \$197,596,000,000.		
12	Fiscal year 2022:		
13	(A) New budget authority,		
14	\$211,365,000,000.		
15	(B) Outlays, \$209,954,000,000.		
16	Fiscal year 2023:		
17	(A) New budget authority,		
18	\$208,844,000,000.		
19	(B) Outlays, \$207,308,000,000.		
20	Fiscal year 2024:		
21	(A) New budget authority,		
22	\$206,401,000,000.		
23	(B) Outlays, \$204,744,000,000.		
24	(16) Administration of Justice (750):		
25	Fiscal year 2014:		

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	\$56,658,000,000.
3	(B) Outlays, \$57,538,000,000.
4	Fiscal year 2015:
5	(A) New budget authority,
6	\$74,842,000,000.
7	(B) Outlays, \$60,500,000,000.
8	Fiscal year 2016:
9	(A) New budget authority,
10	\$69,293,000,000.
11	(B) Outlays, \$67,982,000,000.
12	Fiscal year 2017:
13	(A) New budget authority,
14	\$67,795,000,000.
15	(B) Outlays, \$72,488,000,000.
16	Fiscal year 2018:
17	(A) New budget authority,
18	\$68,094,000,000.
19	(B) Outlays, \$73,113,000,000.
20	Fiscal year 2019:
21	(A) New budget authority,
22	\$69,843,000,000.
23	(B) Outlays, \$70,709,000,000.
24	Fiscal year 2020:

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	\$71,773,000,000.
3	(B) Outlays, \$71,377,000,000.
4	Fiscal year 2021:
5	(A) New budget authority,
6	\$73,923,000,000.
7	(B) Outlays, \$73,343,000,000.
8	Fiscal year 2022:
9	(A) New budget authority,
10	\$77,002,000,000.
11	(B) Outlays, \$76,168,000,000.
12	Fiscal year 2023:
13	(A) New budget authority,
14	\$79,450,000,000.
15	(B) Outlays, \$78,532,000,000.
16	Fiscal year 2024:
17	(A) New budget authority,
18	\$85,522,000,000.
19	(B) Outlays, \$84,553,000,000.
20	(17) General Government (800):
21	Fiscal year 2014:
22	(A) New budget authority,
23	\$24,250,000,000.
24	(B) Outlays, \$24,405,000,000.
25	Fiscal year 2015:

1	(A) New budş	get authority,
2	\$25,042,000,000.	
3	(B) Outlays, \$24,955	,000,000.
4	Fiscal year 2016:	
5	(A) New budg	get authority,
6	\$25,605,000,000.	
7	(B) Outlays, \$25,162	,000,000.
8	Fiscal year 2017:	
9	(A) New budg	get authority,
10	\$26,202,000,000.	
11	(B) Outlays, \$25,925	,000,000.
12	Fiscal year 2018:	
13	3 (A) New budg	get authority,
14	\$27,013,000,000.	
15	(B) Outlays, \$26,736	,000,000.
16	Fiscal year 2019:	
17	7 (A) New budg	get authority,
18	\$27,870,000,000.	
19	(B) Outlays, \$27,426	,000,000.
20	Fiscal year 2020:	
21	(A) New budg	get authority,
22	\$28,705,000,000.	
23	(B) Outlays, \$28,228	,000,000.
24	Fiscal year 2021:	

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	\$29,620,000,000.
3	(B) Outlays, \$29,150,000,000.
4	Fiscal year 2022:
5	(A) New budget authority,
6	\$30,545,000,000.
7	(B) Outlays, \$30,078,000,000.
8	Fiscal year 2023:
9	(A) New budget authority,
10	\$31,416,000,000.
11	(B) Outlays, \$31,002,000,000.
12	Fiscal year 2024:
13	(A) New budget authority,
14	\$32,356,000,000.
15	(B) Outlays, \$31,886,000,000.
16	(18) Net Interest (900):
17	Fiscal year 2014:
18	(A) New budget authority,
19	\$337,021,000,000.
20	(B) Outlays, \$337,021,000,000.
21	Fiscal year 2015:
22	(A) New budget authority,
23	\$372,402,000,000.
24	(B) Outlays, \$372,402,000,000.
25	Fiscal year 2016:

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	\$431,031,000,000.
3	(B) Outlays, \$431,031,000,000.
4	Fiscal year 2017:
5	(A) New budget authority,
6	\$506,850,000,000.
7	(B) Outlays, \$506,850,000,000.
8	Fiscal year 2018:
9	(A) New budget authority,
10	\$587,294,000,000.
11	(B) Outlays, \$587,294,000,000.
12	Fiscal year 2019:
13	(A) New budget authority,
14	\$651,403,000,000.
15	(B) Outlays, \$651,403,000,000.
16	Fiscal year 2020:
17	(A) New budget authority,
18	\$704,759,000,000.
19	(B) Outlays, \$704,759,000,000.
20	Fiscal year 2021:
21	(A) New budget authority,
22	\$745,853,000,000.
23	(B) Outlays, \$745,853,000,000.
24	Fiscal year 2022:

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	\$785,189,000,000.
3	(B) Outlays, \$785,189,000,000.
4	Fiscal year 2023:
5	(A) New budget authority,
6	\$822,741,000,000.
7	(B) Outlays, \$822,741,000,000.
8	Fiscal year 2024:
9	(A) New budget authority,
10	\$854,052,000,000.
11	(B) Outlays, \$854,052,000,000.
12	(19) Allowances (920):
13	Fiscal year 2014:
14	(A) New budget authority,
15	\$11,300,000,000.
16	(B) Outlays, \$6,400,000,000.
17	Fiscal year 2015:
18	(A) New budget authority,
19	\$4,000,000,000.
20	(B) Outlays, \$4,900,000,000.
21	Fiscal year 2016:
22	(A) New budget authority,
23	\$1,700,000,000.
24	(B) Outlays, \$3,000,000,000.
25	Fiscal year 2017:

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	\$1,100,000,000.
3	(B) Outlays, \$1,700,000,000.
4	Fiscal year 2018:
5	(A) New budget authority,
6	\$1,300,000,000.
7	(B) Outlays, \$1,500,000,000.
8	Fiscal year 2019:
9	(A) New budget authority,
10	\$400,000,000.
11	(B) Outlays, \$800,000,000.
12	Fiscal year 2020:
13	(A) New budget authority,
14	\$1,200,000,000.
15	(B) Outlays, \$1,400,000,000.
16	Fiscal year 2021:
17	(A) New budget authority,
18	\$1,000,000,000.
19	(B) Outlays, \$1,200,000,000.
20	Fiscal year 2022:
21	(A) New budget authority,
22	\$1,700,000,000.
23	(B) Outlays, \$1,900,000,000.
24	Fiscal year 2023:

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	\$2,200,000,000.
3	(B) Outlays, \$2,300,000,000.
4	Fiscal year 2024:
5	(A) New budget authority,
6	\$2,299,000,000.
7	(B) Outlays, \$2,355,000,000.
8	(20) Undistributed Offsetting Receipts (950):
9	Fiscal year 2014:
10	(A) New budget authority,
11	-\$72,355,000,000.
12	(B) Outlays, -\$72,355,000,000.
13	Fiscal year 2015:
14	(A) New budget authority,
15	-\$78,532,000,000.
16	(B) Outlays, -\$78,532,000,000.
17	Fiscal year 2016:
18	(A) New budget authority,
19	-\$83,378,000,000.
20	(B) Outlays, -\$83,378,000,000.
21	Fiscal year 2017:
22	(A) New budget authority,
23	-\$83,632,000,000.
24	(B) Outlays, -\$83,632,000,000.
25	Fiscal year 2018:

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	-\$83,956,000,000.
3	(B) Outlays, -\$83,956,000,000.
4	Fiscal year 2019:
5	(A) New budget authority,
6	-\$90,374,000,000.
7	(B) Outlays, -\$90,374,000,000.
8	Fiscal year 2020:
9	(A) New budget authority,
10	-\$91,882,000,000.
11	(B) Outlays, -\$91,882,000,000.
12	Fiscal year 2021:
13	(A) New budget authority,
14	-\$95,566,000,000.
15	(B) Outlays, -\$95,566,000,000.
16	Fiscal year 2022:
17	(A) New budget authority,
18	-\$98,215,000,000.
19	(B) Outlays, -\$98,215,000,000.
20	Fiscal year 2023:
21	(A) New budget authority,
22	-\$101,362,000,000.
23	(B) Outlays, -\$101,362,000,000.
24	Fiscal year 2024:

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	-\$107,098,000,000.
3	(B) Outlays, -\$107,098,000,000.
4	TITLE II—ESTIMATES OF DIRECT
5	SPENDING
6	SEC. 201. DIRECT SPENDING.
7	(a) Means-tested Direct Spending.—
8	(1) For means-tested direct spending, the aver-
9	age rate of growth in the total level of outlays dur-
10	ing the 10-year period preceding fiscal year 2015 is
11	6.8 percent.
12	(2) For means-tested direct spending, the esti-
13	mated average rate of growth in the total level of
14	outlays during the 11-year period beginning with fis-
15	cal year 2014 is 5.8 percent under current law.
16	(3) The following reforms are proposed in this
17	concurrent resolution for means-tested direct spend-
18	ing:
19	(A) The American Recovery and Reinvest-
20	ment Act expanded a number of tax credits tar-
21	geted at working families to boost relief during
22	hard economic times. The Better Off Budget
23	retains the improvements made to the Earned
24	Income Tax Credit (qualifying children and
25	phase-out range), Child and Dependent Care

1	Credit, and the American Opportunity Tax
2	Credit. These credits fuel demand for American
3	businesses by putting money in the hands of
4	families. The Better Off Budget also adopts the
5	EITC improvements proposed in President
6	Obama's Fiscal Year 2015 Budget Request,
7	which would double the maximum credit and in-
8	crease the income level at which the credit is
9	fully phased out. The proposal would also make
10	the credit available to young adult workers and
11	raise the upper age to 67, which harmonizes it
12	with recent increases in the Social Security full
13	retirement age. With this reform, the Better
14	Off Budget would help reduce poverty for child-
15	less households and provide substantial relief to
16	approximately 13.5 million low-income workers.
17	(B) As a part of its response to the recent
18	financial crisis, Congress wisely enacted tax
19	provisions in the American Recovery and Rein-
20	vestment Act and subsequent job creation legis-
21	lative packages that provided direct assistance
22	to working individuals. The expiration of both
23	the Making Work Pay tax credit and the tem-
24	porary cut to the payroll tax have slowed our
25	country's economic recovery and taken money

1 out of the pockets of hard-working Americans. 2 The Better Off Budget implements a new Hard Work Tax Credit to reward Americans for their 3 4 hard work. This policy would provide a refund-5 able tax credit for 2014 and 2015 for up to 6 \$600 for working individuals earning less than 7 \$95,000 and up to \$1,200 for households earn-8 ing less than \$190,000. The credit would be 9 continued in 2016 with the maximum amount 10 of \$300 for individuals and \$600 for house-11 holds. Through the enactment of the Hard 12 Work Tax Credit, the Better Off Budget would 13 immediately increase the disposable income of 14 low and middle income families. 15 (C) The unemployment rate is still far 16 higher than it was when President George W. 17 Bush signed the emergency benefits program 18 into law. Cutting unemployment benefits has 19 damaged our economic recovery. The Better Off 20 Budget extends Emergency Unemployment 21 Compensation to allows those who have lost a 22 job through no fault of their own to claim up 23 to 99 weeks of unemployment benefits in high-

unemployment states for up to two years. Ac-

cording to the Economic Policy Institute, this

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1	would boost real GDP growth by 0.4 percentage
2	points and increase employment by 539,000
3	jobs in 2014.
4	(D) The American Recovery and Reinvest-
5	ment Act temporarily increased benefit levels
6	for beneficiaries of the Supplemental Nutrition
7	Assistance Program. The Better Off Budget
8	would reverse recent SNAP cuts adopted in the
9	Agricultural Act of 2014 and return benefits to
10	ARRA levels. These reforms will help combat
11	hunger and boost economic growth.
12	(b) Nonmeans-tested Direct Spending.—
13	(1) For non means-tested direct spending, the
14	average rate of growth in the total level of outlays
15	during the 10-year period preceding fiscal year 2015
16	is 5.7 percent.
17	(2) For non means-tested direct spending, the
18	estimated average rate of growth in the total level of
19	outlays during the 11-year period beginning with fis-
20	cal year 2014 is 5.0 percent under current law.
21	(3) The following reforms are proposed in this
22	concurrent resolution for non means-tested direct
23	spending:
24	(A) Medicare is a cornerstone of the Amer-
25	ican health care system for more than 45 mil-

1	lion American seniors. It is an exemplary pro-
2	gram that provides the most efficient care to a
3	segment of the population that costs more to
4	treat. The Better Off Budget protects bene-
5	ficiaries and makes the system even more effi-
6	cient. It amends Part D of Medicare to allow
7	the Secretary of Health and Human Services to
8	negotiate prescription drug prices with pharma-
9	ceutical manufacturers, as the Department of
10	Veterans Affairs currently does, which will save
11	Medicare \$157 billion over 10 years and will re-
12	duce costs for seniors. The budget adopts poli-
13	cies to prohibit "pay for delay" agreements that
14	reduce competition and modifies periods of ex-
15	clusivity to increase availability of needed thera-
16	pies. The budget also accelerates the use of
17	bundling payments as an alternative to fee-for-
18	service payments. It builds on Affordable Care
19	Act efficiencies in administration of information
20	and payments. Using standardized electronic
21	systems of administration information such as
22	claims, billing payments and eligibility creates a
23	more efficient and less fragmented health care
24	system.

1	(B) The Better Off Budget recognizes that
2	the economic security of veterans, retirees, and
3	the disabled has eroded during the recent eco-
4	nomic recession. The Better Off Budget would
5	reverse this trend by expanding benefits for
6	these Americans by adopting the Experimental
7	Price Index for the Elderly (CPI-E) to calculate
8	cost-of-living adjustments for federal retirement
9	programs other than Social Security. Affected
10	programs include civil service retirement, mili-
11	tary retirement, Supplemental Security Income,
12	veteran's pensions and compensations. CPI-E is
13	the most sensible and accurate measure of the
14	real costs that seniors face in retirement. Other
15	measures do not adequately take into account
16	rising expenditures in retirement, such as
17	health care costs, and amount to cutting bene-
18	fits for those on fixed incomes.
19	TITLE III—MISCELLANEOUS
20	BUDGET ENFORCEMENT
21	SEC. 301. POINT OF ORDER AGAINST ADVANCE APPROPRIA
22	TIONS.
23	(a) In General.—In the House, except as provided
24	in subsection (b), any bill, joint resolution, amendment,
25	or conference report making a general appropriation or

- 1 continuing appropriation may not provide for advance ap-
- 2 propriations.
- 3 (b) Exceptions.—Advance appropriations may be
- 4 provided for all programs administered by the Department
- 5 of Veterans Affairs.
- 6 (c) Definition.—In this section, the term "advance
- 7 appropriation" means any new discretionary budget au-
- 8 thority provided in a bill or joint resolution making gen-
- 9 eral appropriations or any new discretionary budget au-
- 10 thority provided in a bill or joint resolution making con-
- 11 tinuing appropriations for fiscal year 2015 that first be-
- 12 comes available for any fiscal year after 2015.

Amend the title so as to read: "Concurrent resolution setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2015 and including the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2014 and fiscal years 2016 through 2024.".

