

AMENDMENT TO RULES COMM. PRINT 119–33
OFFERED BY MR. BIGGS OF ARIZONA

In title XV, subtitle A, add at the end the following
new section:

1 **SEC. 15 ____ . SECURE AND INTEROPERABLE DEFENSE COL-**
2 **LABORATION TECHNOLOGY.**

3 (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

4 (1) CHIEF INFORMATION OFFICER.—The term
5 “Chief Information Officer” means the Chief Infor-
6 mation Officer of the Department of Defense.

7 (2) COLLABORATION TECHNOLOGY.—The term
8 “collaboration technology” means a software system
9 or application that offers one or more primary col-
10 laboration technology features.

11 (3) DEPARTMENT.—The term “Department”
12 means the Department of Defense.

13 (4) END-TO-END ENCRYPTION.—The term
14 “end-to-end encryption” means communications
15 encryption in which data is encrypted when being
16 passed through a network such that no party, other
17 than the sender and each intended recipient of the
18 communication, can access the decrypted commu-
19 nication, regardless of the transport technology used

1 and the intermediaries or intermediate steps along
2 the sending path.

3 (5) IDENTIFIED STANDARDS.—The term “iden-
4 tified standards” means the standard, or set of
5 standards, identified under subsection (b)(2).

6 (6) INTEROPERABILITY.—The term “interoper-
7 ability” has the meaning given the term in section
8 3601 of title 44, United States Code.

9 (7) OPEN STANDARD.—The term “open stand-
10 ard” means a standard, or a set of standards,
11 that—

12 (A) is available for any individual to read
13 and implement;

14 (B) does not impose any royalty or other
15 fee for use; and

16 (C) can be certified for low or no cost to
17 users of the standard or set of standards.

18 (8) PRIMARY COLLABORATION TECHNOLOGY
19 FEATURE.—The term “primary collaboration tech-
20 nology feature” means a technology feature or func-
21 tion that—

22 (A) facilitates remote work or collaboration
23 within the Department;

24 (B) facilitates the work or collaboration de-
25 scribed in subparagraph (A) by providing

1 functionality that is core or essential, rather
2 than ancillary or secondary; and

3 (C) is identified by the Chief Information
4 Officer under subsection (b)(1).

5 (9) STANDARDS-COMPATIBLE COLLABORATION
6 TECHNOLOGY.—The term “standards-compatible col-
7 laboration technology” means collaboration tech-
8 nology—

9 (A) each primary collaboration technology
10 feature of which is compatible with the identi-
11 fied standards for such a primary collaboration
12 technology feature; and

13 (B) that has demonstrated compliance
14 under subsection (d)(2).

15 (10) VOLUNTARY CONSENSUS STANDARD.—The
16 term “voluntary consensus standard” has the mean-
17 ing given such term in Circular A–119 of the Office
18 of Management and Budget entitled “Federal Par-
19 ticipation in the Development and Use of Voluntary
20 Consensus Standards and in Conformity Assessment
21 Activities”, issued in revised form on January 27,
22 2016.

23 (11) THIRD-PARTY HOSTING SERVER.—The
24 term “third-party hosting server” means any com-

1 puter or software system which is not directly oper-
2 ated and managed by the Department.

3 (b) IDENTIFYING STANDARDS FOR DEFENSE COL-
4 LABORATION TECHNOLOGY.—

5 (1) IDENTIFICATION OF FEATURES.—Not later
6 than 180 days after the date of the enactment of
7 this Act, the Chief Information Officer shall, in con-
8 sultation with such others as the Chief Information
9 Officer considers relevant, identify a list of primary
10 collaboration technology features, including—

11 (A) voice and video calling, including—

12 (i) calling between two individuals
13 within the Department (including any
14 agencies or departments within the De-
15 partment); and

16 (ii) calling between not less than three
17 individuals within the Department (includ-
18 ing any agencies or departments within the
19 Department);

20 (B) text-based messaging within the De-
21 partment (including any agencies or depart-
22 ments within the Department);

23 (C) file sharing within the Department (in-
24 cluding any agencies or departments within the
25 Department);

1 (D) live document editing within the De-
2 partment (including any agencies or depart-
3 ments within the Department);

4 (E) scheduling and calendaring within the
5 Department (including any agencies or depart-
6 ments within the Department); and

7 (F) any other technology feature or func-
8 tion that the Chief Information Officer con-
9 siders appropriate.

10 (2) IDENTIFICATION OF STANDARDS.—Not
11 later than two years after the date of the enactment
12 of this Act, the Chief Information Officer shall iden-
13 tify a standard, or set of standards, for collaboration
14 technology used by the Department that—

15 (A) for each primary collaboration tech-
16 nology feature, specifies interoperability proto-
17 cols, and any other protocol, format, require-
18 ment, or guidance required to create interoper-
19 able implementations of that feature, includ-
20 ing—

21 (i) protocols for applications to specify
22 and standardize security, including systems
23 for—

1 (I) identifying and authenticating
2 the individuals who are party to a
3 communication or collaboration task;

4 (II) controlling the attendance
5 and security settings of voice and
6 video calls; and

7 (III) controlling access and edit-
8 ing rights for shared documents; and

9 (ii) protocols for any ancillary feature
10 the Chief Information Officer identifies to
11 support the core primary collaboration
12 technology feature, including participation
13 features available within video meetings;

14 (B) to the extent possible, is based on open
15 standards;

16 (C) to the extent possible, is based on
17 standards planned, developed, established, or
18 coordinated using procedures consistent with
19 those for voluntary consensus standards;

20 (D) subject to paragraph (3), uses end-to-
21 end encryption technology;

22 (E) incorporates protocols, guidance, and
23 requirements based on best practices for the cy-
24 bersecurity of collaboration technology and col-
25 laboration technology features;

1 (F) to the extent practicable, integrates cy-
2 bersecurity technology designed to protect com-
3 munications from surveillance by foreign adver-
4 saries, including technology to protect commu-
5 nications metadata from traffic analysis, with
6 requirements developed in consultation with
7 such others as the Chief Information Officer
8 considers relevant;

9 (G) to the extent practicable, is usable by,
10 or offers options for, users with internet con-
11 nections that have low-bandwidth or high-la-
12 tency;

13 (H) subject to paragraph (5), with respect
14 to the use of primary collaboration technology
15 features, adds requirements to the identified
16 standards that enables compliance with record
17 retention and disclosure obligations, and permit
18 internal lawful access for law enforcement pur-
19 poses; and

20 (I) to the extent practicable, is compatible
21 with all relevant information management rules,
22 regulations, and policies, without the need for
23 waivers or exceptions to such requirements.

24 (3) END-TO-END ENCRYPTION REQUIRE-
25 MENTS.—

1 (A) IN GENERAL.—The end-to-end
2 encryption technology selected as part of the
3 identified standards under paragraph (2), to
4 the extent practicable, shall ensure that collabo-
5 ration and communications content data cannot
6 be compromised if a third-party hosting server
7 is compromised.

8 (B) END-TO-END ENCRYPTION NOT AVAIL-
9 ABLE.—Subject to subparagraph (C), if the
10 Chief Information Officer has identified an an-
11 cillary feature or function for a primary collabo-
12 ration technology feature and is unable to iden-
13 tify a standard, or set of standards, that uses
14 end-to-end encryption and that is compatible
15 with such ancillary feature or function, the
16 Chief Information Officer may identify a stand-
17 ard or set of standards that does not utilize
18 end-to-end encryption that may be used to sup-
19 port the ancillary feature or function.

20 (C) END-TO-END ENCRYPTION BY DE-
21 FAULT.—

22 (i) IN GENERAL.—Subject to clause
23 (ii), the Chief Information Officer shall en-
24 sure that, with respect to the use of stand-
25 ards-compatible collaboration technology

1 that offers an ancillary technology feature
2 or function described in subparagraph
3 (B)—

4 (I) the ancillary feature or func-
5 tion is disabled by default; and

6 (II) the primary collaboration
7 technology feature uses end-to-end
8 encryption.

9 (ii) EXCEPTION.—Clause (i) shall not
10 apply to the use of a primary collaboration
11 technology feature with an ancillary fea-
12 ture or function described in subparagraph
13 (B) if—

14 (I) the Chief Information Officer
15 has enabled the use of the ancillary
16 feature or function within the Depart-
17 ment;

18 (II) each user of the ancillary
19 feature or function has been notified
20 of the additional cybersecurity and
21 surveillance risks accompanying the
22 use of the ancillary feature or func-
23 tion;

24 (III) each user of the ancillary
25 feature or function has explicitly

1 opted into the use of the ancillary fea-
2 ture or function; and

3 (IV) the primary collaboration
4 technology feature offers a means for
5 the Chief Information Officer to col-
6 lect aggregate statistics about the use
7 of the options that are not end-to-end
8 encrypted.

9 (D) ENCRYPTION STATUS TRANS-
10 PARENCY.—To the extent practicable, the Chief
11 Information Officer shall identify protocols,
12 guidance, or requirements to ensure that stand-
13 ards-compatible collaboration technology pro-
14 vides users the ability to easily see the
15 encryption status of any collaboration feature in
16 use.

17 (4) CONSIDERATIONS.—In identifying the iden-
18 tified standards, the Chief Information Officer shall
19 consider secure, standards-based technologies adopt-
20 ed by a component or element of the Department,
21 allies of the United States, State and local govern-
22 ments, and the private sector.

23 (5) COMPLIANCE WITH RECORD-KEEPING RE-
24 QUIREMENTS.—The Chief Information Officer shall
25 ensure, to the greatest extent practicable, that the

1 requirements added to the identified standards to
2 achieve compliance with record retention and disclo-
3 sure obligations, and to permit internal lawful access
4 for law enforcement purposes—

5 (A) preserve the security benefits of end-
6 to-end encryption, including that only specifi-
7 cally authorized personnel of the Department
8 can access retained records of collaboration;

9 (B) avoid storing information, like
10 plaintext messages or decryption keys, that
11 would compromise the security of communica-
12 tions content data if a third-party hosting serv-
13 er were compromised;

14 (C) minimize other cybersecurity risks; and

15 (D) require that all users party to a com-
16 munication be notified that the communications
17 content data is being saved for archival pur-
18 poses.

19 (6) WAIVER TO EXTEND DEADLINE FOR STAND-
20 ARDS IDENTIFICATION.—

21 (A) IN GENERAL.—If the Chief Informa-
22 tion Officer determines that it is infeasible to
23 identify a standard for a particular primary col-
24 laboration technology feature not later than two
25 years after the date of enactment of this Act,

1 the Chief Information Officer may issue a waiver
2 er to extend the deadline for the identification
3 of such standard for the particular primary col-
4 laboration technology feature.

5 (B) WAIVER REQUIREMENTS.—A waiver
6 described in subparagraph (A) shall include—

7 (i) the particular primary collabora-
8 tion technology feature for which the waiver
9 is issued; and

10 (ii) an explanation of the reason for
11 which it is currently infeasible to identify
12 a standard meeting the requirements under
13 paragraph (2).

14 (C) WAIVER DURATION.—A waiver issued
15 by the Chief Information Officer under sub-
16 paragraph (A) shall be valid for one year.

17 (D) WAIVER RE-ISSUANCE.—The Chief In-
18 formation Officer may re-issue a waiver under
19 paragraph (1) for a primary collaboration tech-
20 nology feature not more than ten times.

21 (e) REQUIREMENT TO USE IDENTIFIED STAND-
22 ARDS.—

23 (1) IN GENERAL.—On and after the date that
24 is four years after the date on which the Chief Infor-
25 mation Officer identifies the identified standards,

1 the head of a component or element of the Depart-
2 ment may only procure collaboration technology if
3 the collaboration technology is standards-compatible
4 collaboration technology.

5 (2) EXCEPTION FOR PARTICULAR COLLABORA-
6 TION SYSTEMS.—The following collaboration systems
7 shall not be subject to the requirements under para-
8 graph (1):

9 (A) Email.

10 (B) Voice services, as defined in section
11 227(e) of the Communications Act of 1934 (47
12 U.S.C. 227(e)).

13 (C) National security systems, as defined
14 in section 11103(a) of title 40, United States
15 Code.

16 (3) EXCEPTION FOR POST-PURCHASE CONFIGU-
17 RATION.—If a software product or a device with a
18 software operating system has built-in primary col-
19 laboration technology features that are not compat-
20 ible with the identified standards, and the Chief In-
21 formation Officer cannot procure the product or de-
22 vice with those primary collaboration technology fea-
23 tures disabled before purchase, the Chief Informa-
24 tion Officer may comply with this subsection by dis-
25 abling the primary collaboration technology features

1 that are not compatible with the identified standards
2 before provisioning the software product or device to
3 an employee of the Department.

4 (4) CERTIFICATION FOR WAIVER.—

5 (A) CERTIFICATION.—The Chief Informa-
6 tion Officer may issue a certification for waiver
7 of the prohibition under paragraph (1) with re-
8 spect to a particular collaboration technology.

9 (B) REQUIREMENT.—A certification under
10 subparagraph (A) shall cite not less than one
11 specific reason, which shall not be a generalized
12 national security claim, for which the Depart-
13 ment is unable to procure standards-compatible
14 collaboration technology that meets the needs of
15 the Department.

16 (C) SUBMISSION.—The Chief Information
17 Officer shall submit to the congressional de-
18 fense committees a copy of each certification
19 issued under subparagraph (A).

20 (D) PUBLISHING.—

21 (i) ACCESSIBLE POSTING.—The Chief
22 Information Officer shall publish a copy of
23 each certification issued under subpara-
24 graph (A) on the website of the Depart-
25 ment.

1 (ii) NATIONAL SECURITY.—The Sec-
2 retary of Defense may waive the require-
3 ment of subclause (i) on a case-by-case
4 basis if the Secretary certifies, in writing,
5 to the congressional defense committees
6 that publicly posting the waiver described
7 in subparagraph (A) would harm the na-
8 tional security of the United States.

9 (E) DURATION; RENEWAL.—A certification
10 with respect to a particular collaboration tech-
11 nology under this paragraph shall result in a
12 waiver of the prohibition for that particular col-
13 laboration technology under paragraph (1)(B)
14 that—

15 (i) shall be valid for a four-year pe-
16 riod; and

17 (ii) may be renewed by the Chief In-
18 formation Officer, after conducting a new
19 assessment of available standards-collabo-
20 ration technology.

21 (d) ATTESTATION OF COMPLIANCE AND INTEROPER-
22 ABILITY TEST RESULTS.—

23 (1) INTEROPERABILITY TEST.—Not later than
24 one year after the date on which the Chief Informa-
25 tion Officer identifies the identified standards, the

1 Chief Information Officer shall identify third-party
2 online interoperability test suites, including not less
3 than one free test suite, or develop a free online
4 interoperability test suite if no suitable third-party
5 test suite can be identified, which shall—

6 (A) enable any entity to test whether an
7 implementation of a primary collaboration tech-
8 nology feature has interoperability with the
9 identified standards; and

10 (B) offer an externally-shareable version of
11 the interoperability test results that can be pro-
12 vided as part of a demonstration of compliance
13 under paragraph (2).

14 (2) DEMONSTRATION OF COMPLIANCE.—In
15 order to demonstrate that a collaboration technology
16 is a standards-compatible collaboration technology,
17 the provider of the collaboration technology shall
18 provide to the Chief Information Officer—

19 (A) an attestation that includes an affir-
20 mation that—

21 (i) each primary collaboration tech-
22 nology feature of the collaboration tech-
23 nology, by default—

24 (I) uses the relevant standard or
25 standards from the identified stand-

1 ards for the primary collaboration
2 technology feature to interoperate
3 with other instances of standards-
4 compatible collaboration technology;
5 and

6 (II) follows all guidance and re-
7 quirements from the identified stand-
8 ards that is applicable to the primary
9 collaboration technology feature; and

10 (ii) the collaboration technology en-
11 ables the Chief Information Officer to dis-
12 able the ability of users to use modes of
13 the collaboration technology that are not
14 compatible with the identified standards;
15 and

16 (B) interoperability test results described
17 in paragraph (1)(B) that demonstrate inter-
18 operability with the identified standards for
19 each primary collaboration technology feature
20 the collaboration technology offers.

21 (3) PUBLICATION OF STANDARDS-COMPATIBLE
22 COLLABORATION TECHNOLOGY VENDORS.—Upon a
23 review of the materials submitted under paragraph
24 (2), the Chief Information Officer shall publish on
25 the website of the Department a list of each collabo-

1 ration technology that the Chief Information Officer
2 has determined to be a standards-compatible collabora-
3 tion technology.

4 (4) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this
5 subsection shall be construed to require a collabora-
6 tion technology vendor to directly test the interoper-
7 ability of a primary collaboration technology feature
8 with the product of another collaboration technology
9 vendor.

10 (e) CYBERSECURITY REVIEWS OF COLLABORATION
11 TECHNOLOGY PRODUCTS.—

12 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than four years
13 after the date on which the Chief Information Offi-
14 cer identifies the identified standards, the Chief In-
15 formation Officer shall conduct security reviews of
16 collaboration technology products used within the
17 Department, to identify any cybersecurity vulner-
18 ability or threat relating to those collaboration tech-
19 nology products.

20 (2) SELECTION AND PRIORITIZATION.—With
21 respect to collaboration technology products selected
22 for security reviews under paragraph (1), the Chief
23 Information Officer shall determine the number of
24 products, the specific products, and the prioritization

1 of products for security review, considering factors
2 including—

3 (A) the total number of users across the
4 Department using a collaboration technology
5 product; and

6 (B) an estimation of the likelihood of a col-
7 laboration technology product being targeted
8 for hacking.

9 (3) REPORT.—Not later than 30 days after the
10 date on which the Chief Information Officer con-
11 ducts security reviews under paragraph (1), the
12 Chief Information Officer shall submit to the con-
13 gressional defense committees a report on the results
14 of the security reviews.

15 (f) UPDATES TO IDENTIFIED STANDARDS.—

16 (1) SOLICITATION OF FEEDBACK.—The Chief
17 Information Officer shall regularly solicit feedback
18 from within the Department to identify areas of im-
19 provement of the identified standards, desired col-
20 laboration technology features, and barriers to the
21 adoption of standards-compatible collaboration tech-
22 nology.

23 (2) UPDATES AUTHORIZED.—The Chief Infor-
24 mation Officer may update the identified standards
25 based on feedback received under paragraph (1),

1 evolutions in collaboration technology feature offer-
2 ings, cybersecurity best practices, or any other factor
3 the Chief Information Officer determines.

4 (g) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this sec-
5 tion shall be construed—

6 (1) to limit the ability of the Department to
7 communicate with other entities using standards-
8 compatible collaboration technology;

9 (2) to limit the ability of other entities to use
10 the identified standards or standards-compatible col-
11 laboration technology;

12 (3) to limit the ability of the Department to
13 apply, implement, and enforce other information
14 management policies, regulations, and requirements
15 with respect to standards-compatible collaboration
16 technology;

17 (4) to affect any of the authorities of the Direc-
18 tor of National Intelligence or the Office of the Di-
19 rector of National Intelligence; or

20 (5) to affect information technology-related pro-
21 curement for the intelligence community (as defined
22 in section 3 of the National Security Act of 1947
23 (50 U.S.C. 3003)).

