AMENDMENT TO H.R. 2, AS REPORTED
OFFERED BY MR. FASO OF NEW YORK

Page 572, after line 23, add the following:

SEC. 9122. PREVENTING THE ARRIVAL IN THE UNITED STATES OF FOREST PESTS THROUGH RESTRICTIONS ON THE IMPORTATION OF CERTAIN PLANTS FOR PLANTING.

(a) CRITERIA FOR ADDING PLANTS TO NOT AUTHORIZED PENDING PEST RISK ANALYSIS LIST.—Section 412(a) of the Plant Protection Act (7 U.S.C. 7711(a)) is amended—

(1) by striking “The Secretary” and inserting the following:

“(1) REGULATION OF MOVEMENT.—The Secretary”; and

(2) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(2) CRITERIA FOR ADDING PLANTS TO NOT AUTHORIZED PENDING PEST RISK ANALYSIS LIST.— In determining whether to add a genus of a plant for planting to the not authorized pending pest risk analysis list, the Secretary shall consider the environmental impact on natural, managed, and urban
ecosystems in the United States of a pest that may be carried on a plant for planting.’’.

(b) **Reporting Requirement.**—Section 412(e) of the Plant Protection Act (7 U.S.C. 7712(e)) is amended to read as follows:

‘‘(e) **Report on Interception of Forest Pests.**—Not later than March 1, 2021, the Secretary shall submit to Congress a report—

‘‘(1) evaluating the effectiveness of the Federal Government in intercepting pests in international shipping and on plants for planting;

‘‘(2) describing the geographic sources of intercepted pests and the commodities or plant species most often associated with infested shipments;

‘‘(3) quantifying the detection of forest pests in the national surveillance networks, including the Cooperative Agricultural Pest Survey and the Early Detection and Rapid Response network of the Forest Service;

‘‘(4) describing new outbreaks of forest pests in the United States and the spread of existing infestations;

‘‘(5) describing how the numbers of such interceptions, detections, and outbreaks described in a
preceding paragraph have changed since January 1, 2018;

“(6) containing proposed additional actions to further reduce the rate of arrival for forest pests across the borders of the United States; and

“(7) identifying current challenges with intercepting, detecting, and addressing outbreaks of tree and wood pests, as well as challenges in achieving compliance with this Act and recommendations with respect to such challenges.”.

(c) Declaration of Extraordinary Emergency and Resulting Authorities.—Section 415(a) of the Plant Protection Act (7 U.S.C. 7715(a)) is amended—

(1) by striking “and” at the end of paragraph (3);

(2) by striking the period at the end of paragraph (4) and inserting “; and”; and

(3) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(5) use available funds for all activities necessary for pest eradication, including pest identification, development of a pest-specific management plan, and implementation of that plan.”.

(d) Forest Service and Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service Cooperation in Re-
RESPONSE TO FOREST PLANT PESTS.—Section 431(a) of the Plant Protection Act (7 U.S.C. 7751(a)) is amended—

(1) by striking “(a) IN GENERAL.—” and inserting the following:

“(a) COOPERATION AUTHORITY.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—”; and

(2) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(2) IMPROVED COOPERATION WITH FOREST SERVICE AGAINST FOREST PLANT PESTS.—The Secretary shall ensure that appropriate coordination and collaboration is occurring between the Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service and the Forest Service with respect to—

“(A) periodically identifying and prioritizing critical detection, surveillance, and eradication needs for tree and wood pests; and

“(B) identifying the actions each agency will take within their respective missions with respect to addressing identified priorities.”.

(e) EFFECTIVE DATE AND IMPLEMENTATION.—

(1) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall take effect 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.
(2) **IMPLEMENTATION.**—The Secretary shall issue or revise such regulations as may be necessary to implement the amendments made by this section.