

**AMENDMENT TO THE RULES COMMITTEE PRINT  
OF H.R. 1947  
OFFERED BY MR. DENHAM OF CALIFORNIA**

Strike section 12314 and insert the following new section:

**1 SEC. 12314. HEN HOUSING AND TREATMENT STANDARDS.**

2 (a) DEFINITIONS.—Section 4 of the Egg Products  
3 Inspection Act (21 U.S.C. 1033) is amended—

4 (1) by redesignating subsection (a) as sub-  
5 section (c);

6 (2) by redesignating subsections (b), (c), (d),  
7 (e), (f), and (g) as subsections (f), (g), (h), (i), (j),  
8 and (k), respectively;

9 (3) by redesignating subsections (h) and (i) as  
10 subsections (n) and (o), respectively;

11 (4) by redesignating subsections (j), (k), and (l)  
12 as subsections (r), (s), and (t), respectively;

13 (5) by redesignating subsections (m), (n), (o),  
14 (p), (q), (r), (s), (t), (u), (v), (w), (x), (y), and (z)  
15 as subsections (v), (w), (x), (y), (z), (aa), (bb), (cc),  
16 (dd), (ee), (ff), (gg), (hh), and (ii), respectively;

1           (6) by inserting before subsection (c), as redese-  
2           gnated by paragraph (1), the following new sub-  
3           sections:

4           “(a) The term ‘adequate environmental enrichments’  
5           means adequate perch space, dust bathing or scratching  
6           areas, and nest space, as defined by the Secretary of Agri-  
7           culture, based on the best available science, including the  
8           most recent studies available at the time that the Sec-  
9           retary defines the term.

10          “(b) The term ‘adequate housing-related labeling’  
11          means a conspicuous, legible marking on the front or top  
12          of a package of eggs accurately indicating the type of  
13          housing that the egg-laying hens were provided during egg  
14          production, in one of the following formats:

15                 “(1) ‘Eggs from free-range hens’ to indicate  
16                 that the egg-laying hens from which the eggs or egg  
17                 products were derived were, during egg production—

18                         “(A) not housed in caging devices; and

19                         “(B) provided with outdoor access.

20                 “(2) ‘Eggs from cage-free hens’ to indicate that  
21                 the egg-laying hens from which the eggs or egg  
22                 products were derived were, during egg production,  
23                 not housed in caging devices.

24                 “(3) ‘Eggs from enriched cages’ to indicate that  
25                 the egg-laying hens from which the eggs or egg

1 products were derived were, during egg production,  
2 housed in caging devices that—

3 “(A) contain adequate environmental en-  
4 richments; and

5 “(B) provide the hens a minimum of 116  
6 square inches of individual floor space per  
7 brown hen and 101 square inches of individual  
8 floor space per white hen.

9 “(4) ‘Eggs from caged hens’ to indicate that  
10 the egg-laying hens from which the eggs or egg  
11 products were derived were, during egg production,  
12 housed in caging devices that either—

13 “(A) do not contain adequate environ-  
14 mental enrichments; or

15 “(B) do not provide the hens a minimum  
16 of 116 square inches of individual floor space  
17 per brown hen and 101 square inches of indi-  
18 vidual floor space per white hen.”;

19 (7) by inserting after subsection (e), as redesis-  
20 gnated by paragraph (1), the following new sub-  
21 sections:

22 “(d) The term ‘brown hen’ means a brown egg-laying  
23 hen used for commercial egg production.

24 “(e) The term ‘caging device’ means any cage, enclo-  
25 sure, or other device used for the housing of egg-laying

1 hens for the production of eggs in commerce, but does not  
2 include an open barn or other fixed structure without in-  
3 ternal caging devices.”;

4 (8) by inserting after subsection (k), as redesign-  
5 nated by paragraph (2), the following new sub-  
6 sections:

7 “(l) The term ‘egg-laying hen’ means any female do-  
8 mesticated chicken, including white hens and brown hens,  
9 used for the commercial production of eggs for human  
10 consumption.

11 “(m) The term ‘existing caging device’ means any  
12 caging device that was continuously in use for the produc-  
13 tion of eggs in commerce on or before December 31,  
14 2011.”;

15 (9) by inserting after subsection (o), as redesign-  
16 nated by paragraph (3), the following new sub-  
17 sections:

18 “(p) The term ‘feed-withdrawal molting’ means the  
19 practice of preventing food intake for the purpose of in-  
20 ducing egg-laying hens to molt.

21 “(q) The term ‘individual floor space’ means the  
22 amount of total floor space in a caging device available  
23 to each egg-laying hen in the device, which is calculated  
24 by measuring the total floor space of the caging device

1 and dividing by the total number of egg-laying hens in  
2 the device.”;

3 (10) by inserting after subsection (t), as reded-  
4 igned by paragraph (4), the following new sub-  
5 section:

6 “(u) The term ‘new caging device’ means any caging  
7 device that was not continuously in use for the production  
8 of eggs in commerce on or before December 31, 2011.”;  
9 and

10 (11) by inserting at the end the following new  
11 subsections:

12 “(jj) The term ‘water-withdrawal molting’ means the  
13 practice of preventing water intake for the purpose of in-  
14 ducing egg-laying hens to molt.

15 “(kk) The term ‘white hen’ means a white egg-laying  
16 hen used for commercial egg production.”.

17 (b) HOUSING AND TREATMENT OF EGG-LAYING  
18 HENS.—The Egg Products Inspection Act (21 U.S.C.  
19 1031 et seq.) is amended by inserting after section 7 (21  
20 U.S.C. 1036) the following new sections:

21 **“SEC. 7A. HOUSING AND TREATMENT OF EGG-LAYING**  
22 **HENS.**

23 “(a) ENVIRONMENTAL ENRICHMENTS.—

24 “(1) EXISTING CAGING DEVICES.—Beginning  
25 on the date that is 15 years after the date of enact-

1       ment of the Federal Agriculture Reform and Risk  
2       Management Act of 2013, all existing caging devices  
3       shall provide egg-laying hens housed therein ade-  
4       quate environmental enrichments.

5           “(2) NEW CAGING DEVICES.—Beginning on the  
6       date that is 9 years after the date of enactment of  
7       the Federal Agriculture Reform and Risk Manage-  
8       ment Act of 2013, all new caging devices shall pro-  
9       vide egg-laying hens housed therein adequate envi-  
10      ronmental enrichments.

11          “(3) CAGING DEVICES IN CALIFORNIA.—

12           “(A) NEW CAGING DEVICES.—All caging  
13      devices in California installed after the date of  
14      enactment of the Federal Agriculture Reform  
15      and Risk Management Act of 2013 shall pro-  
16      vide egg-laying hens housed therein adequate  
17      environmental enrichments beginning on the  
18      date that is 90 days after that date of enact-  
19      ment.

20           “(B) EXISTING CAGING DEVICES.—All cag-  
21      ing devices in California installed before the  
22      date of enactment of the Federal Agriculture  
23      Reform and Risk Management Act of 2013  
24      shall provide egg-laying hens housed therein

1           adequate environmental enrichments beginning  
2           on January 1, 2024.

3           “(b) FLOOR SPACE.—

4           “(1) EXISTING CAGING DEVICES.—All existing  
5           caging devices shall provide egg-laying hens housed  
6           therein—

7           “(A) beginning on the date that is 4 years  
8           after the date of enactment of the Federal Agri-  
9           culture Reform and Risk Management Act of  
10          2013 and until the date that is 15 years after  
11          such date of enactment, a minimum of 76  
12          square inches of individual floor space per  
13          brown hen and 67 square inches of individual  
14          floor space per white hen; and

15          “(B) beginning on the date that is 15  
16          years after the date of enactment of the Fed-  
17          eral Agriculture Reform and Risk Management  
18          Act of 2013, a minimum of 144 square inches  
19          of individual floor space per brown hen and 124  
20          square inches of individual floor space per white  
21          hen.

22          “(2) NEW CAGING DEVICES.—All new caging  
23          devices shall provide egg-laying hens housed there-  
24          in—

1           “(A) beginning on the date that is 3 years  
2           after the date of enactment of the Federal Agri-  
3           culture Reform and Risk Management Act of  
4           2013 and until the date that is 6 years after  
5           such date of enactment, a minimum of 90  
6           square inches of individual floor space per  
7           brown hen and 78 square inches of individual  
8           floor space per white hen;

9           “(B) beginning on the date that is 6 years  
10          after the date of enactment of the Federal Agri-  
11          culture Reform and Risk Management Act of  
12          2013 and until the date that is 9 years after  
13          such date of enactment, a minimum of 102  
14          square inches of individual floor space per  
15          brown hen and 90 square inches of individual  
16          floor space per white hen;

17          “(C) beginning on the date that is 9 years  
18          after the date of enactment of the Federal Agri-  
19          culture Reform and Risk Management Act of  
20          2013 and until the date that is 12 years after  
21          such date of enactment, a minimum of 116  
22          square inches of individual floor space per  
23          brown hen and 101 square inches of individual  
24          floor space per white hen;

1           “(D) beginning on the date that is 12  
2           years after the date of enactment of the Fed-  
3           eral Agriculture Reform and Risk Management  
4           Act of 2013 and until the date that is 15 years  
5           after such date of enactment, a minimum of  
6           130 square inches of individual floor space per  
7           brown hen and 113 square inches of individual  
8           floor space per white hen; and

9           “(E) beginning on the date that is 15  
10          years after the date of enactment of the Fed-  
11          eral Agriculture Reform and Risk Management  
12          Act of 2013, a minimum of 144 square inches  
13          of individual floor space per brown hen and 124  
14          square inches of individual floor space per white  
15          hen.

16          “(3) CALIFORNIA CAGING DEVICES.—

17                 “(A) EXISTING CAGING DEVICES.—All cag-  
18                 ing devices in California installed before the  
19                 date of enactment of the Federal Agriculture  
20                 Reform and Risk Management Act of 2013  
21                 shall provide egg-laying hens housed therein—

22                         “(i) beginning on January 1, 2015,  
23                         and through December 31, 2023, a min-  
24                         imum of 134 square inches of individual  
25                         floor space per brown hen and 116 square

1 inches of individual floor space per white  
2 hen; and

3 “(ii) beginning on January 1, 2024, a  
4 minimum of 144 square inches of indi-  
5 vidual floor space per brown hen and 124  
6 square inches of individual floor space per  
7 white hen.

8 “(B) NEW CAGING DEVICES.—All caging  
9 devices in California installed after the date of  
10 enactment of the Federal Agriculture Reform  
11 and Risk Management Act of 2013 shall pro-  
12 vide egg-laying hens housed therein—

13 “(i) beginning on the date that is 90  
14 days after the date of enactment of the  
15 Federal Agriculture Reform and Risk  
16 Management Act of 2013, and through  
17 December 31, 2023, a minimum of 134  
18 square inches of individual floor space per  
19 brown hen and 116 square inches of indi-  
20 vidual floor space per white hen; and

21 “(ii) beginning on January 1, 2024, a  
22 minimum of 144 square inches of indi-  
23 vidual floor space per brown hen and 124  
24 square inches of individual floor space per  
25 white hen.

1 “(c) AIR QUALITY.—

2 “(1) IN GENERAL.—Beginning on the date that  
3 is 2 years after the date of enactment of the Federal  
4 Agriculture Reform and Risk Management Act of  
5 2013, an egg handler shall provide all egg-laying  
6 hens under the ownership or control of such handler  
7 with acceptable air quality, which does not exceed  
8 more than 25 parts per million of ammonia during  
9 normal operations.

10 “(2) TEMPORARY EXCESS AMMONIA LEVELS AL-  
11 LOWED.—Notwithstanding paragraph (1), an egg  
12 handler may provide egg-laying hens under the own-  
13 ership or control of such handler with air quality  
14 containing more than 25 parts per million of ammo-  
15 nia for temporary periods as necessary because of  
16 extraordinary weather circumstances or other un-  
17 usual circumstances.

18 “(d) FORCED MOLTING.—Beginning on the date that  
19 is 2 years after the date of enactment of the Federal Agri-  
20 culture Reform and Risk Management Act of 2013, no  
21 egg handler may subject any egg-laying hen under the  
22 ownership or control of such handler to feed-withdrawal  
23 or water-withdrawal molting.

24 “(e) EUTHANASIA.—Beginning on the date that is 2  
25 years after the date of enactment of the Federal Agri-

1 culture Reform and Risk Management Act of 2013, an  
2 egg handler shall provide, when necessary, all egg-laying  
3 hens under the ownership or control of such handler with  
4 euthanasia that is humane and uses a method deemed ‘Ac-  
5 ceptable’ by the American Veterinary Medical Association.

6 “(f) PROHIBITION ON NEW UNENRICHABLE  
7 CAGES.—No person shall build, construct, implement, or  
8 place into operation any new caging device for the produc-  
9 tion of eggs to be sold in commerce unless the device—

10 “(1) provides the egg-laying hens to be con-  
11 tained therein a minimum of 76 square inches of in-  
12 dividual floor space per brown hen or 67 square  
13 inches of individual floor space per white hen; and

14 “(2) is capable of being adapted to accommo-  
15 date adequate environmental enrichments.

16 “(g) EXEMPTIONS.—

17 “(1) RECENTLY-INSTALLED EXISTING CAGING  
18 DEVICES.—The requirements under subsections  
19 (a)(1) and (b)(1)(B) shall not apply to any existing  
20 caging device that was first placed into operation be-  
21 tween January 1, 2008, and December 31, 2011.  
22 This exemption shall expire on December 31, 2029,  
23 at which time the requirements contained in sub-  
24 sections (a)(1) and (b)(1)(B) shall apply to all exist-  
25 ing caging devices.

1           “(2) HENS ALREADY IN PRODUCTION.—The re-  
2           quirements under subsections (a)(1), (a)(2),  
3           (b)(1)(B), and (b)(2) shall not apply to any caging  
4           device containing egg-laying hens who are already in  
5           egg production on the date that such requirement  
6           takes effect. This exemption shall expire on the date  
7           that such egg-laying hens are removed from egg pro-  
8           duction.

9           “(3) SMALL PRODUCERS.—This section shall  
10          not apply to an egg handler who buys, sells, handles,  
11          or processes eggs or egg products solely from 1 flock  
12          of not more than 3,000 egg-laying hens.

13          “(4) EDUCATIONAL AND RESEARCH INSTITU-  
14          TIONS.—The provisions of this section related to  
15          housing, treatment, or housing-related labeling shall  
16          not apply to egg production at an accredited edu-  
17          cational or research institution, or to the purchase,  
18          sale, handling, or processing of eggs or egg products  
19          in connection with such production.

20          “(5) INDIVIDUAL ENCLOSURES.—The environ-  
21          mental enrichment requirements under subsection  
22          (a) shall not apply to any caging device that con-  
23          tains only 1 egg-laying hen.

24          “(6) OTHER LIVESTOCK OR POULTRY PRODUC-  
25          TION.—This section shall apply only to commercial

1 egg production. This section shall not apply to the  
2 production of pork, beef, turkey, dairy, broiler chick-  
3 en, veal, or other livestock or poultry.

4 **“SEC. 7B. PHASE-IN CONVERSION REQUIREMENTS.**

5 “(a) NATIONAL CONVERSION REQUIREMENTS.—

6 “(1) FIRST CONVERSION PHASE.—Beginning on  
7 the date that is 6 years after the date of enactment  
8 of the Federal Agriculture Reform and Risk Man-  
9 agement Act of 2013, at least 25 percent of the egg-  
10 laying hens in commercial egg production shall be  
11 housed either in new caging devices or in existing  
12 caging devices that provide the hens contained there-  
13 in with a minimum of 102 square inches of indi-  
14 vidual floor space per brown hen and 90 square  
15 inches of individual floor space per white hen.

16 “(2) SECOND CONVERSION PHASE.—Beginning  
17 on the date that is 12 years after the date of enact-  
18 ment of the Federal Agriculture Reform and Risk  
19 Management Act of 2013, at least 55 percent of the  
20 egg-laying hens in commercial egg production shall  
21 be housed either in new caging devices or in existing  
22 caging devices that provide the hens contained there-  
23 in with a minimum of 130 square inches of indi-  
24 vidual floor space per brown hen and 113 square  
25 inches of individual floor space per white hen.

1           “(3) FINAL CONVERSION PHASE.—Beginning  
2           on December 31, 2029, all egg-laying hens confined  
3           in caging devices shall be provided adequate environ-  
4           mental enrichments and a minimum of 144 square  
5           inches of individual floor space per brown hen and  
6           124 square inches of individual floor space per white  
7           hen.

8           “(b) CALIFORNIA CONVERSION REQUIREMENTS.—

9           “(1) FIRST CONVERSION PHASE.—Beginning on  
10          the date that is 2 years and 180 days after the date  
11          of enactment of the Federal Agriculture Reform and  
12          Risk Management Act of 2013, at least 25 percent  
13          of the egg-laying hens in commercial egg production  
14          in California shall be provided adequate environ-  
15          mental enrichments and a minimum of 134 square  
16          inches of individual floor space per brown hen and  
17          116 square inches of individual floor space per white  
18          hen.

19          “(2) SECOND CONVERSION PHASE.—Beginning  
20          on the date that is 5 years after the date of enact-  
21          ment of the Federal Agriculture Reform and Risk  
22          Management Act of 2013, at least 50 percent of the  
23          egg-laying hens in commercial egg production in  
24          California shall be provided adequate environmental  
25          enrichments and a minimum of 134 square inches of

1 individual floor space per brown hen and 116 square  
2 inches of individual floor space per white hen.

3 “(3) THIRD CONVERSION PHASE.—Beginning  
4 on the date that is 7 years and 180 days after the  
5 date of enactment of the Federal Agriculture Re-  
6 form and Risk Management Act of 2013, at least 75  
7 percent of the egg-laying hens in commercial egg  
8 production in California shall be provided adequate  
9 environmental enrichments and a minimum of 134  
10 square inches of individual floor space per brown  
11 hen and 116 square inches of individual floor space  
12 per white hen.

13 “(4) FINAL CONVERSION PHASE.—Beginning  
14 on the date that is 10 years after the date of enact-  
15 ment of the Federal Agriculture Reform and Risk  
16 Management Act of 2013, all egg-laying hens in  
17 commercial egg production in California shall be  
18 provided adequate environmental enrichments and a  
19 minimum of 144 square inches of individual floor  
20 space per brown hen and 124 square inches of indi-  
21 vidual floor space per white hens.

22 “(c) COMPLIANCE.—

23 “(1) IN GENERAL.—At the end of the 6-year  
24 period that begins on the date of enactment of the  
25 Federal Agriculture Reform and Risk Management

1 Act of 2013, the Secretary shall determine, after  
2 having reviewed and analyzed the results of an inde-  
3 pendent, national survey of caging devices, wheth-  
4 er—

5 “(A) the requirements of subsection (a)(1)  
6 have been met; and

7 “(B) the requirements of subsection (b)(2)  
8 have been met.

9 “(2) NATIONAL CONVERSION REQUIREMENTS  
10 NOT MET.—If the Secretary finds that the require-  
11 ments of subsection (a)(1) have not been met, begin-  
12 ning on January 1, 2020, the floor space require-  
13 ments (regardless of the date on which such require-  
14 ments expire) related to new caging devices under  
15 subsection (b)(2)(B) of section 7A shall apply to ex-  
16 isting caging devices placed into operation prior to  
17 January 1, 1995.

18 “(3) CALIFORNIA CONVERSION REQUIREMENTS  
19 NOT MET.—If the Secretary finds that the require-  
20 ments of subsection (b)(2) have not been met, begin-  
21 ning on the date that is 1 year after the date on  
22 which the Secretary makes such finding, the floor  
23 space and enrichments requirements (regardless of  
24 the date on which such requirements become effec-  
25 tive) under subsection (a)(3)(A) and subsection

1 (b)(3)(B)(ii) of section 7A shall apply to all caging  
2 devices in California.

3 “(4) REPORT.—On the date that is 12 years  
4 after the date of enactment of the Federal Agri-  
5 culture Reform and Risk Management Act of 2013,  
6 and on or after December 31, 2029, the Secretary  
7 shall submit to the Committee on Agriculture of the  
8 House of Representatives and the Committee on Ag-  
9 riculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate a  
10 report on the compliance with subsections (a) and  
11 (b).

12 “(5) RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER ENFORCEMENT  
13 PROVISION.—Notwithstanding section 12, the rem-  
14 edies provided in this subsection shall be the exclu-  
15 sive remedies for violations of this section.”.

16 (c) INSPECTIONS.—Section 5 of the Egg Products In-  
17 spection Act (21 U.S.C. 1034) is amended—

18 (1) in subsection (d), in the first sentence, by  
19 inserting “(other than requirements with respect to  
20 housing, treatment, and housing-related labeling)”  
21 after “as he deems appropriate to assure compliance  
22 with such requirements”; and

23 (2) in subsection (e)—

24 (A) in paragraph (1)—

1 (i) in subparagraph (A), by striking  
2 “and”;

3 (ii) by redesignating subparagraph  
4 (B) as subparagraph (C);

5 (iii) by inserting after subparagraph  
6 (A) the following new subparagraph:

7 “(B) are derived from egg-laying hens  
8 housed and treated in compliance with section  
9 7A; and”; and

10 (iv) in subparagraph (C), as redesign-  
11 nated by clause (ii), by inserting “adequate  
12 housing-related labeling and” after “con-  
13 tain”;

14 (B) in paragraph (2), by striking “In the  
15 case of a shell egg packer” and inserting “In  
16 the case of an egg handler with a flock of more  
17 than 3,000 egg-laying hens or a shell egg pack-  
18 er”;

19 (C) in paragraph (3), by inserting “(other  
20 than requirements with respect to housing,  
21 treatment, and housing-related labeling)” after  
22 “to ensure compliance with the requirements of  
23 paragraph (1)”; and

24 (D) in paragraph (4), by striking “with a  
25 flock of not more than 3,000 layers.” and in-

1           serting “who buys, sells, handles, or processes  
2           eggs or egg products solely from 1 flock of not  
3           more than 3,000 egg-laying hens.”.

4           (d) LABELING.—Section 7(a) of the Egg Products  
5 Inspection Act of 1970 (21 U.S.C. 1036(a)) is amended  
6 by inserting “adequate housing-related labeling,” after  
7 “plant where the products were processed,”.

8           (e) LIMITATION ON EXEMPTIONS BY SECRETARY.—  
9 Section 15(a) of the Egg Products Inspection Act of 1970  
10 (21 U.S.C. 1044(a)) is amended in the matter preceding  
11 paragraph (1), by inserting “(not including subsection (c)  
12 of section 8)” after “exempt from specific provisions”.

13           (f) IMPORTS.—Section 17(a)(2) of the Egg Products  
14 Inspection Act of 1970 (21 U.S.C. 1046(a)(2)) is amended  
15 by striking “subdivision thereof and are labeled and pack-  
16 aged” and inserting “subdivision thereof; and no eggs or  
17 egg products capable of use as human food shall be im-  
18 ported into the United States unless they are produced,  
19 labeled, and packaged”.

20           (g) ENFORCEMENT OF HEN HOUSING AND TREAT-  
21 MENT STANDARDS.—Section 8 of the Egg Products In-  
22 spection Act (21 U.S.C. 1037) is amended—

23           (1) by redesignating subsections (c), (d), (e),  
24           and (f) as subsections (d), (e), (f), and (g), respec-  
25           tively;

1           (2) by inserting after subsection (b) the fol-  
2           lowing new subsection:

3           “(c)(1) No person shall buy, sell, or transport, or  
4           offer to buy or sell, or offer or receive for transportation,  
5           in any business or commerce any eggs or egg products  
6           derived from egg-laying hens housed or treated in violation  
7           of any provision of section 7A.

8           “(2) No person shall buy, sell, or transport, or offer  
9           to buy or sell, or offer or receive for transportation, in  
10          any business or commerce any eggs or egg products de-  
11          rived from egg-laying hens unless the container or pack-  
12          age, including any immediate container, of the eggs or egg  
13          products, beginning on the date that is 1 year after the  
14          date of enactment of the Federal Agriculture Reform and  
15          Risk Management Act of 2013, contains adequate hous-  
16          ing-related labeling.

17          “(3) No person shall buy, sell, or transport, or offer  
18          to buy or sell, or offer or receive for transportation, in  
19          any business or commerce, in California, any eggs or egg  
20          products derived from egg-laying hens unless the egg-lay-  
21          ing hens are provided floor space and enrichments equiva-  
22          lent to that required under subsections (a)(3) and (b)(3)  
23          of section 7A of this Act regardless of where the eggs are  
24          produced.”; and

1           (3) in subsection (e) (as redesignated by para-  
2           graph (1)), by inserting “7A,” after “section”.

3           (h) STATE AND LOCAL AUTHORITY.—Section 23 of  
4 the Egg Products Inspection Act (21 U.S.C. 1052) is  
5 amended—

6           (1) by redesignating subsections (c) and (d) as  
7           subsections (d) and (e), respectively;

8           (2) by inserting after subsection (b) the fol-  
9           lowing new subsection:

10          “(c) PROHIBITION AGAINST ADDITIONAL OR DIF-  
11 FERENT REQUIREMENTS THAN FEDERAL REQUIRE-  
12 MENTS RELATED TO MINIMUM SPACE ALLOTMENTS FOR  
13 HOUSING EGG-LAYING HENS IN COMMERCIAL EGG PRO-  
14 Duction.—Requirements within the scope of this Act  
15 with respect to minimum floor space allotments or enrich-  
16 ments for egg-laying hens housed in commercial egg pro-  
17 duction which are in addition to or different than those  
18 made under this Act may not be imposed by any State  
19 or local jurisdiction. Otherwise the provisions of this Act  
20 shall not invalidate any law or other provisions of any  
21 State or other jurisdiction in the absence of a conflict with  
22 this Act.”; and

23           (3) by inserting after subsection (e) (as redesign-  
24           ated by paragraph (1)) the following new sub-  
25           section:

1       “(f) ROLE OF CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF FOOD  
2 AND AGRICULTURE.—With respect to eggs produced,  
3 shipped, handled, transported, or received in California be-  
4 fore the date that is 15 years after the date of enactment  
5 of the Federal Agriculture Reform and Risk Management  
6 Act of 2013, the Secretary shall delegate to the California  
7 Department of Food and Agriculture the authority to en-  
8 force sections 7A(a)(3), 7A(b)(3), 8(c)(3), and 11.”.

